

# Supplementary Materials

**Table S1.** Specific radiation damage to the disulfide bridges of different proteins as well as the area of solvent exposure for each cysteine. The absorbed dose is given in MGy. In red color is underlined those disulfide bonds that were reduced by radiation damage experiments.

Disulfide Bond	Residue	Solvent Accessibility (Å <sup>2</sup> )	Absorbed Dose in MGy
<b>Lisozyme</b>			
Cys6-Cys127	Cys6	43	
	Cys127	21	
Cys30-Cys115	Cys30	0	1 MGy
	Cys115	0	PDB 4h8x, 4h8y, 4h8z, 4h90, 4h91, 4h92,
Cys64-Cys80	Cys64	0	4h93, 4h94, 4h9a, 4h9b, 4h9c, 4h9e, 4h9f,
	Cys80	1	4h9h, 4h9i
Cys76-Cys94	Cys76	20	
	Cys94	2	
<b>TcAChE</b>			
Cys67-Cys94	Cys67	11.2	
	Cys94	3.5	
Cys254-Cys265	Cys254	18.8	6 MGy
	Cys265	20.4	PDB 1qid, 1qie, 1qif, 1qig, 1qih, 1qii, 1qij,
Cys402-Cys521	Cys402	2.1	1qik, 1qim
	Cys521	11.9	
<b>Elastase</b>			
Cys58-Cys42	Cys58	4.2	
	Cys42	1.3	
Cys182-Cys168	Cys182	3.2	13 MGy
	Cys168	0	PDB 3mnb, 3mnc, 3mns, 3mnx, 3mo3,
Cys220-Cys191	Cys220	1.8	3mo6, 3mo9, 3moc, 3mty, 3odf, 3mu0,
	Cys191	5.4	3mu1, 3mu4, 3odd, 3mu5, 3mu8
Cys136-Cys201	Cys136	0.1	
	Cys201	0	
<b>Trypsin</b>			
Cys157-Cys22	Cys157	2.3	
	Cys22	21.5	
Cys58-Cys42	Cys58	3.1	
	Cys42	4.0	
Cys232-Cys128	Cys232	24.7	
	Cys128	68.6	7 MGy
Cys201-Cys136	Cys201	2.2	PDB 1hj8, 1hj9
	Cys136	1.2	
Cys168-Cys182	Cys168	0	
	Cys182	0	
Cys191-Cys220	Cys191	2.4	
	Cys220	11.4	
<b>Thioredoxin LvTrx</b>			
Cys73-Cys73'	Cys73	23.3	
	Cys73'	36.5	
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	0	0.67 MGy
	ACys35	0.2	PDB 4aj7, 4aj8, 3zzx, 4aj6
BCys32-BCys35	BCys32	0	
	BCys35	4.2	

**Table S2.** Comparison of solvent accessibility by the catalytic disulfide and Trx interface in different species depending on the arrangement in the crystal lattice (dimer and monomer).

<b>Disulfide Bond</b>	<b>Residue</b>	<b>Solvent Accessibility (Å<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Absorbed Dose in MGy</b>
<b>Thioredoxin LvTrx Dimer</b>			
Cys73-Cys73'	Cys73	23.3	
	Cys73'	36.5	0.013 MGy
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	0	PDB 3zzx
	ACys35	0.2	Catalytic site
BCys32-BCys35	BCys32	0	Partially reduced
	BCys35	4.2	
<b>Thioredoxin LvTrx Dimer</b>			
Cys73-Cys73'	Cys73	27.5	
	Cys73'	32.1	0.51 MGy
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	0	PDB 4aj6
	ACys35	5.4	Catalytic site reduced
BCys32-BCys35	BCys32	0	
	BCys35	4.7	
<b>Thioredoxin LvTrx Dimer</b>			
Cys73-Cys73'	Cys73	20.7	
	Cys73'	38.8	0.67 MGy
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	0	PDB 4aj7
	ACys35	4.4	Catalytic site oxidized
BCys32-BCys35	BCys32	0	
	BCys35	3.7	
<b>Thioredoxin LvTrx Dimer</b>			
Cys73-Cys73'	Cys73	27.7	
	Cys73'	28.3	0.019 MGy
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	0	PDB 4aj8
	ACys35	0	Catalytic site
BCys32-BCys35	BCys32	0	Partially reduced
	BCys35	0	
<b>Human Thioredoxin Monomer</b>			
Cys73	Cys73	62.2	Unkown
	ACys32	14.5	1ert
ACys32-ACys35	ACys35	6.9	Catalytic site reduced
<b>Human Thioredoxin Monomer</b>			
Cys73	Cys73	65.6	Unkown
	ACys32	6.3	1eru
ACys32-ACys35	ACys35	1.9	Catalytic site Oxidized
<b>E. coli Thioredoxin Monomer</b>			
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	5.2	Unkown
	ACys35	3.3	2trx
<b>D. melanogaster Thioredoxin Monomer</b>			
ACys32-ACys35	ACys32	6.9	Unkown
	ACys35	2.8	1xw9 Catalytic site Oxidized

**Figure S1.** Sequential deterioration of the catalytic and the interface disulfide bond at continue X-ray exposure. In the top panel are shown the first images of videos to correspond to crystal *LvTrx-1x* and *LvTrx-3x*. The videos can be visualized in an external file. In the below panel, the summary of the catalytic and interface disulfide bonds changes are shown during exposure to X-ray. Colors from white to deep red illustrate the dose received during the data collection. The black arrows indicate the dose in which these disulfide bonds are broken.

