

Supplementary Materials

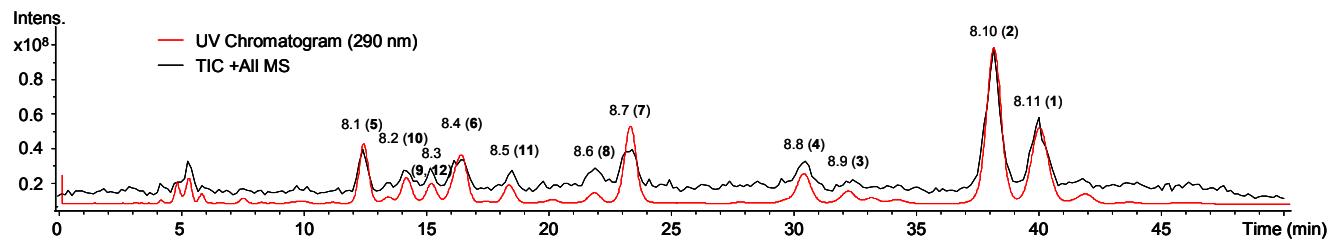


Figure S1. HPLC-UV (290 nm) (red) and total ion current (TIC) from HPLC-ESI⁺-MS (black) chromatograms for fraction 8 of *M. neurophylla* DCM bark extract.

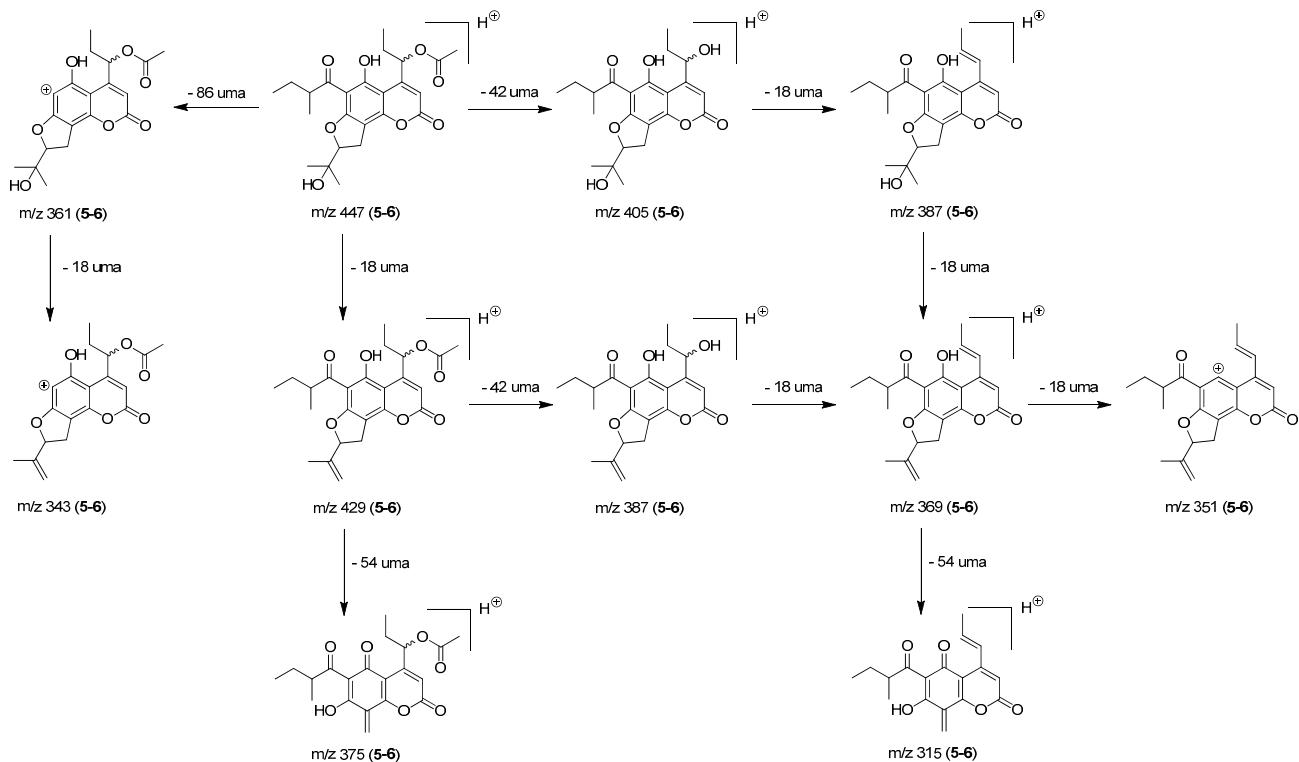


Figure S2. Hypothetical fragmentation pathways for mammea cycloF coumarins 5–6.

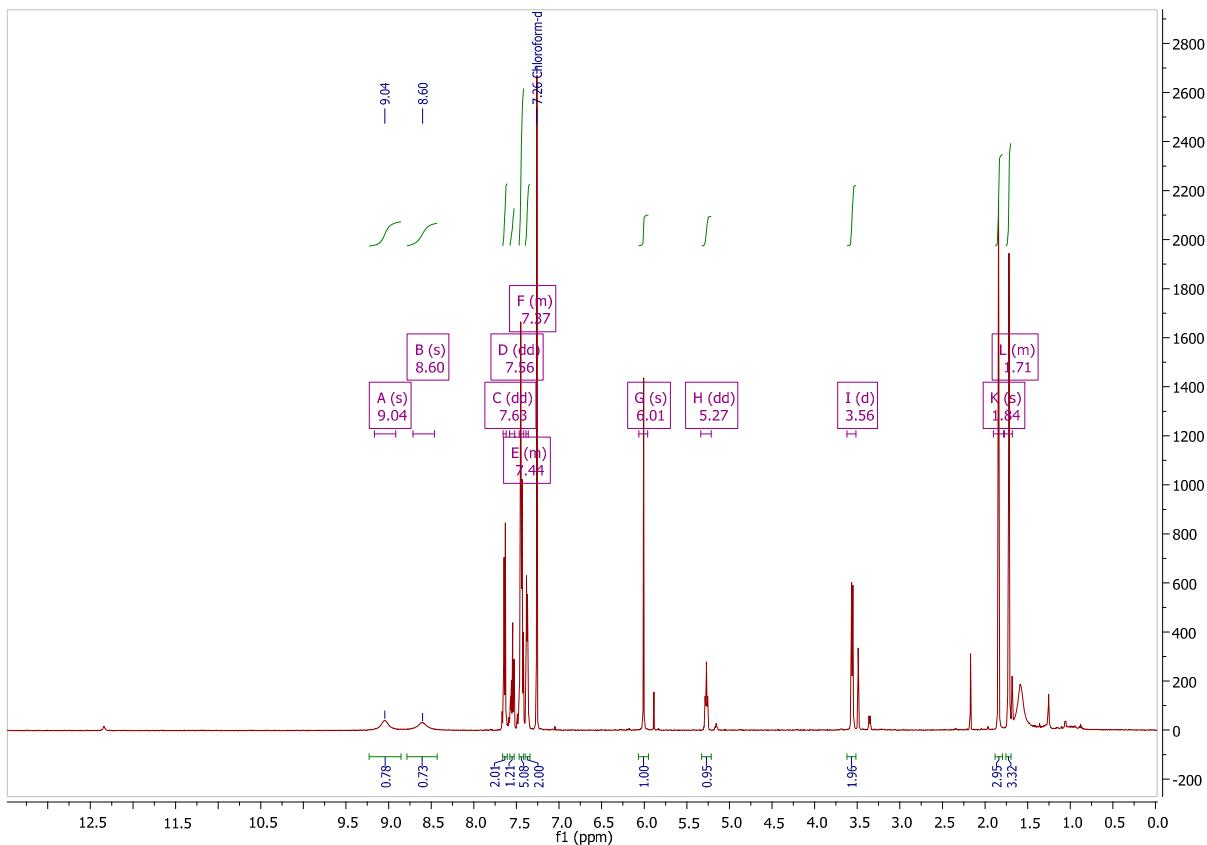


Figure S3. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of pedilanthocoumarin B (7).

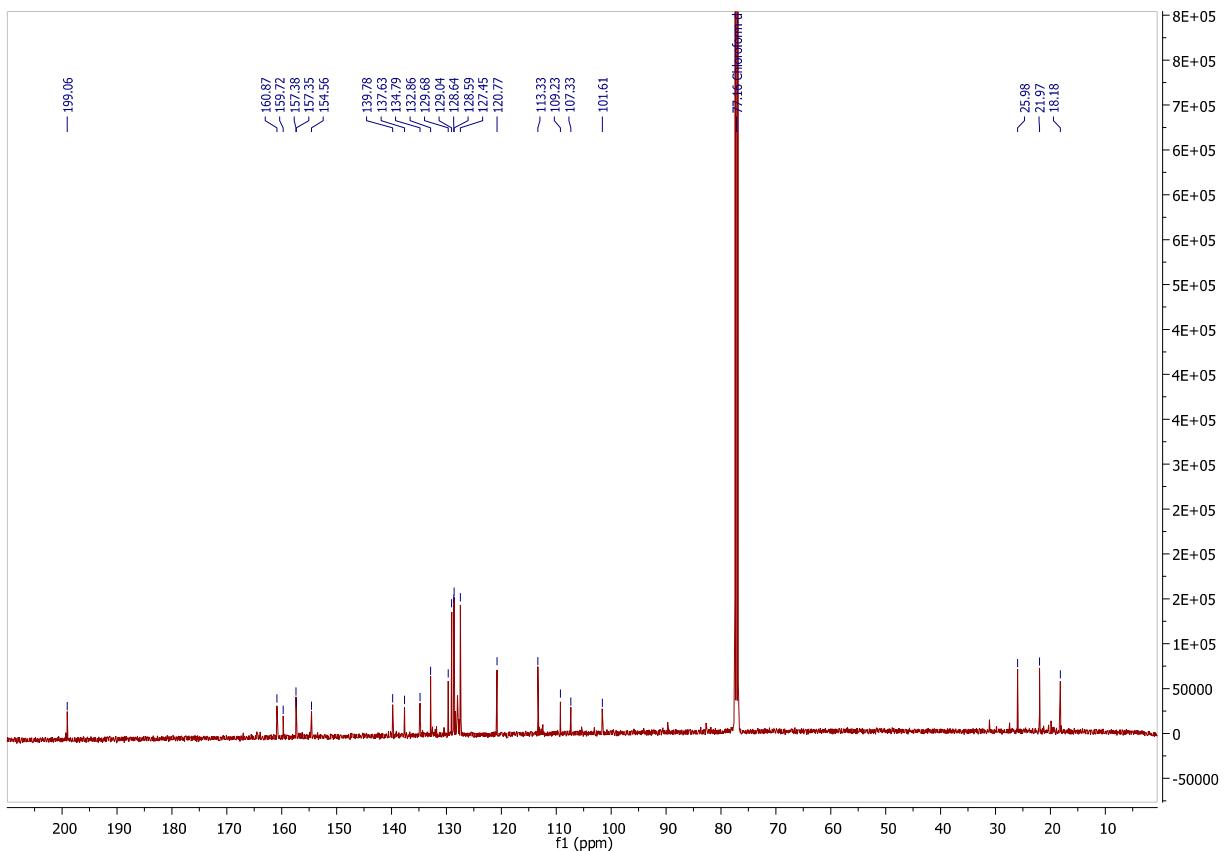


Figure S4. ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of pedilanthocoumarin B (7).

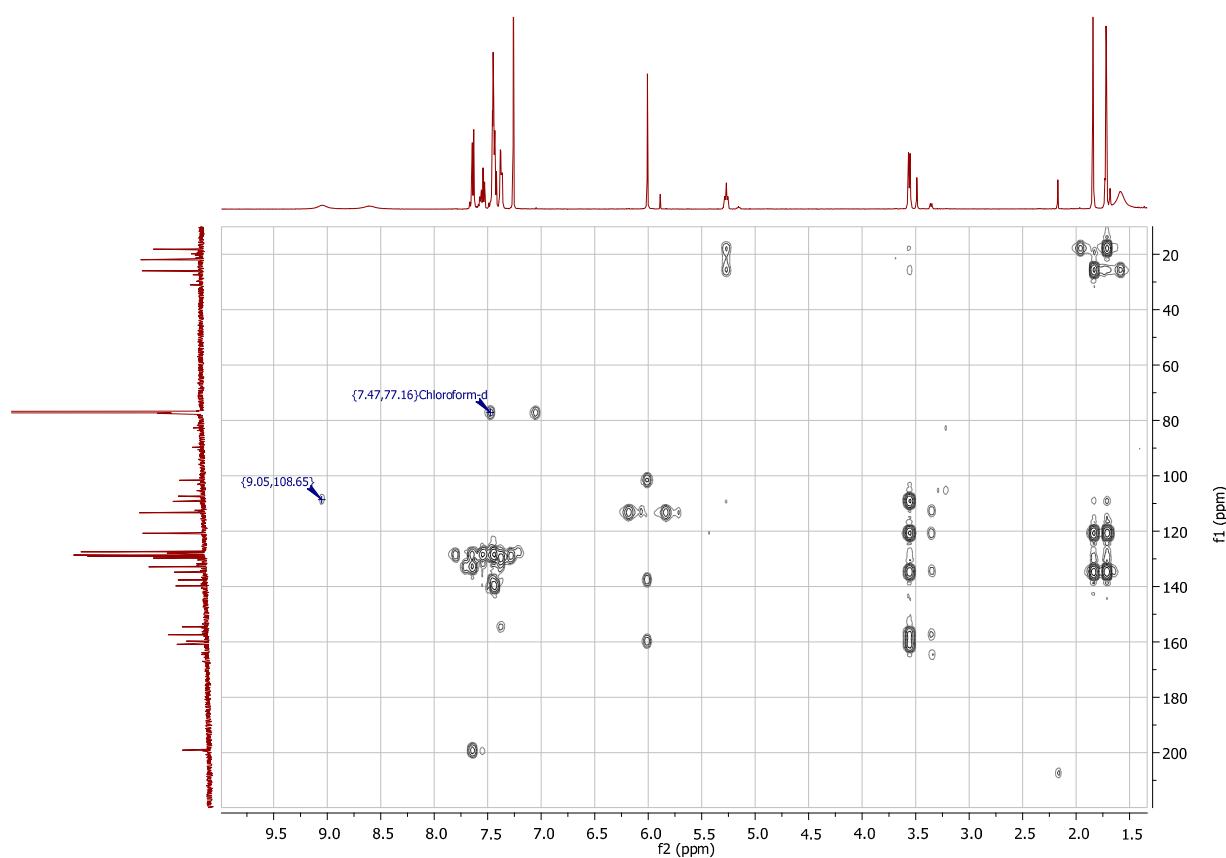


Figure S5. HMBC spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl_3) of pedilanthocoumarin B (**7**).

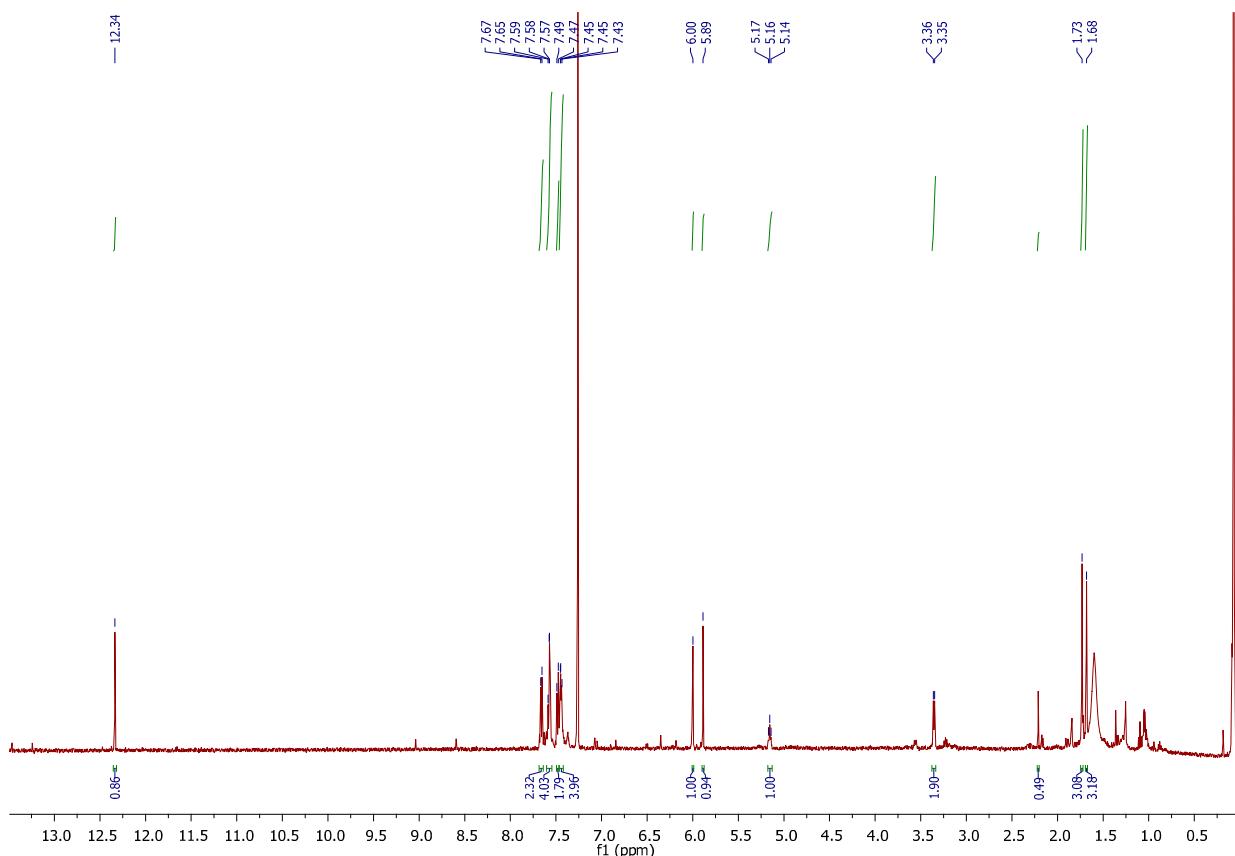


Figure S6. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of isopedilanthocoumarin B (**8**).

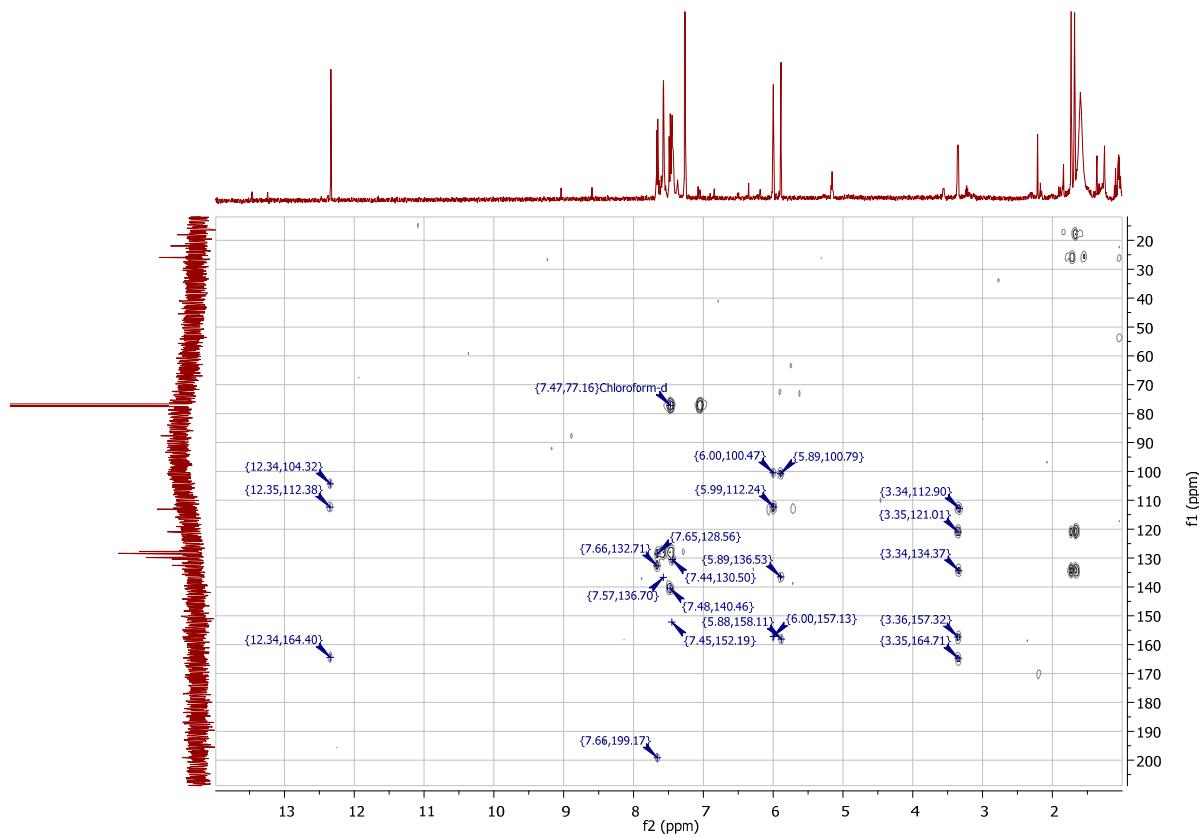


Figure S7. HMBC (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of isopedilanthocoumarin B (**8**).

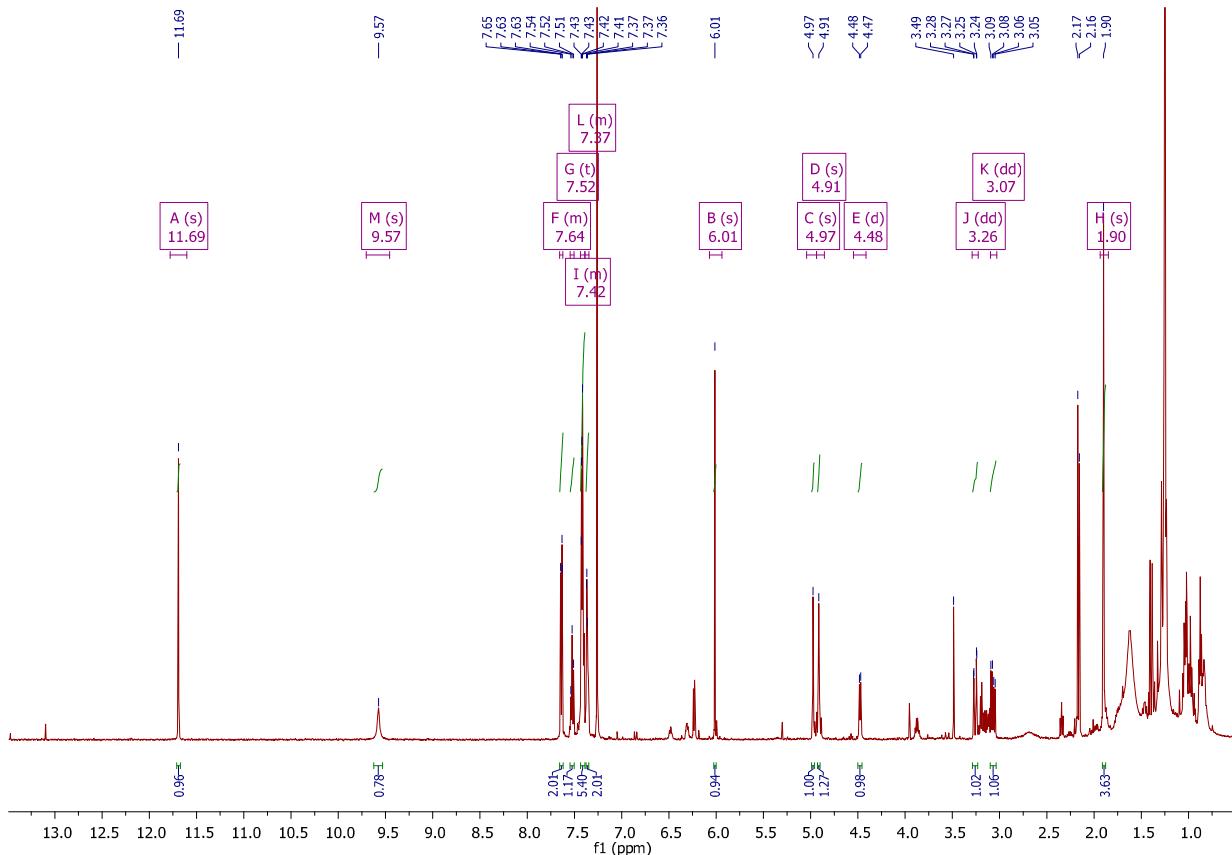


Figure S8. ^1H -NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of neurophyllol C (**9**).

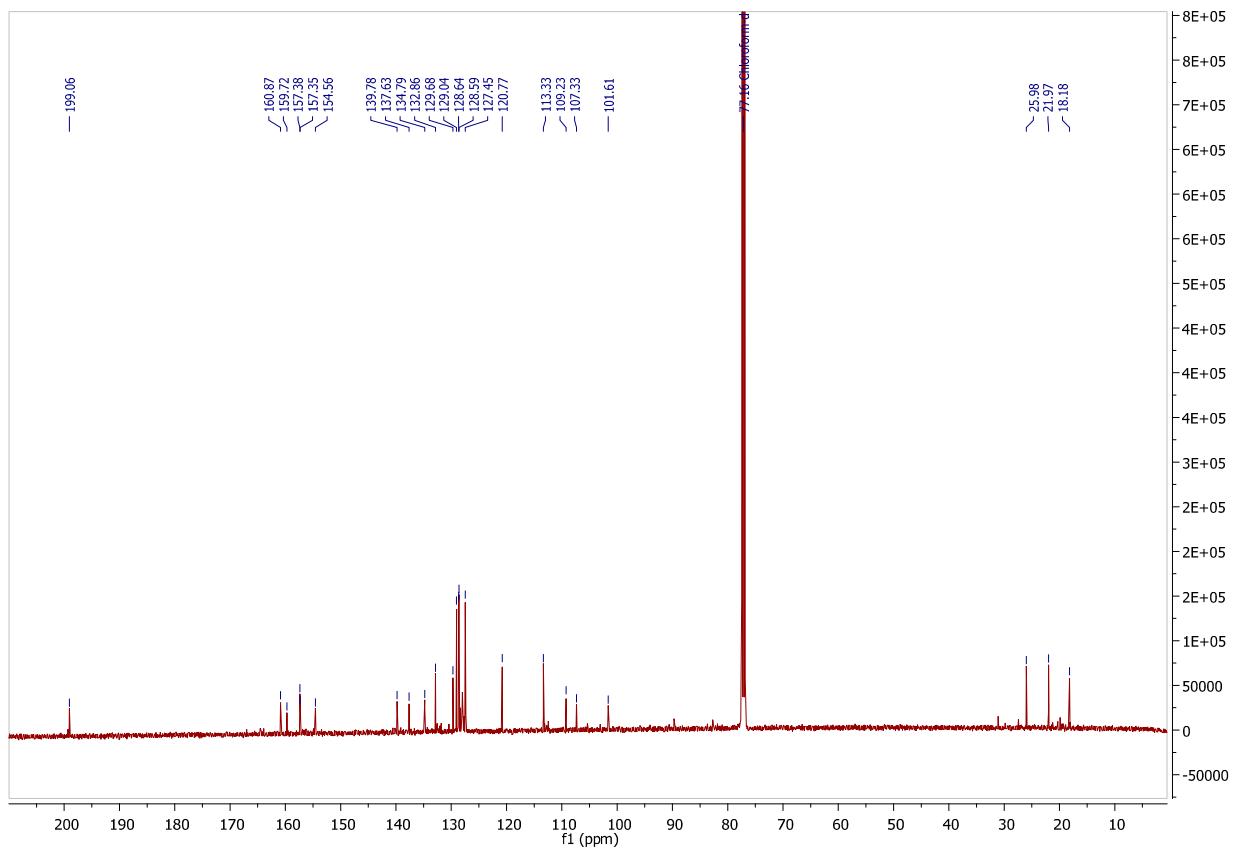


Figure S9. ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of neurophyllol C (9).

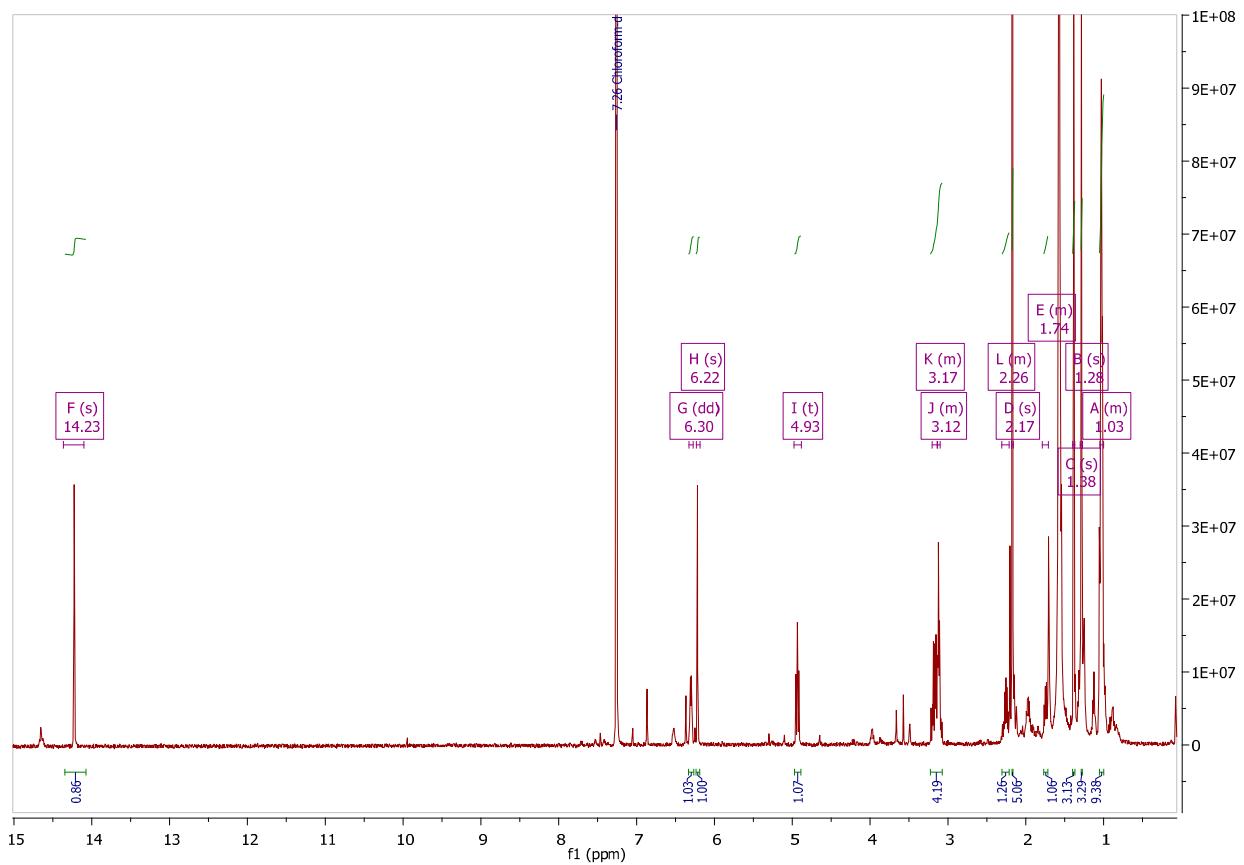


Figure S10. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of ochrocarpin H (10).

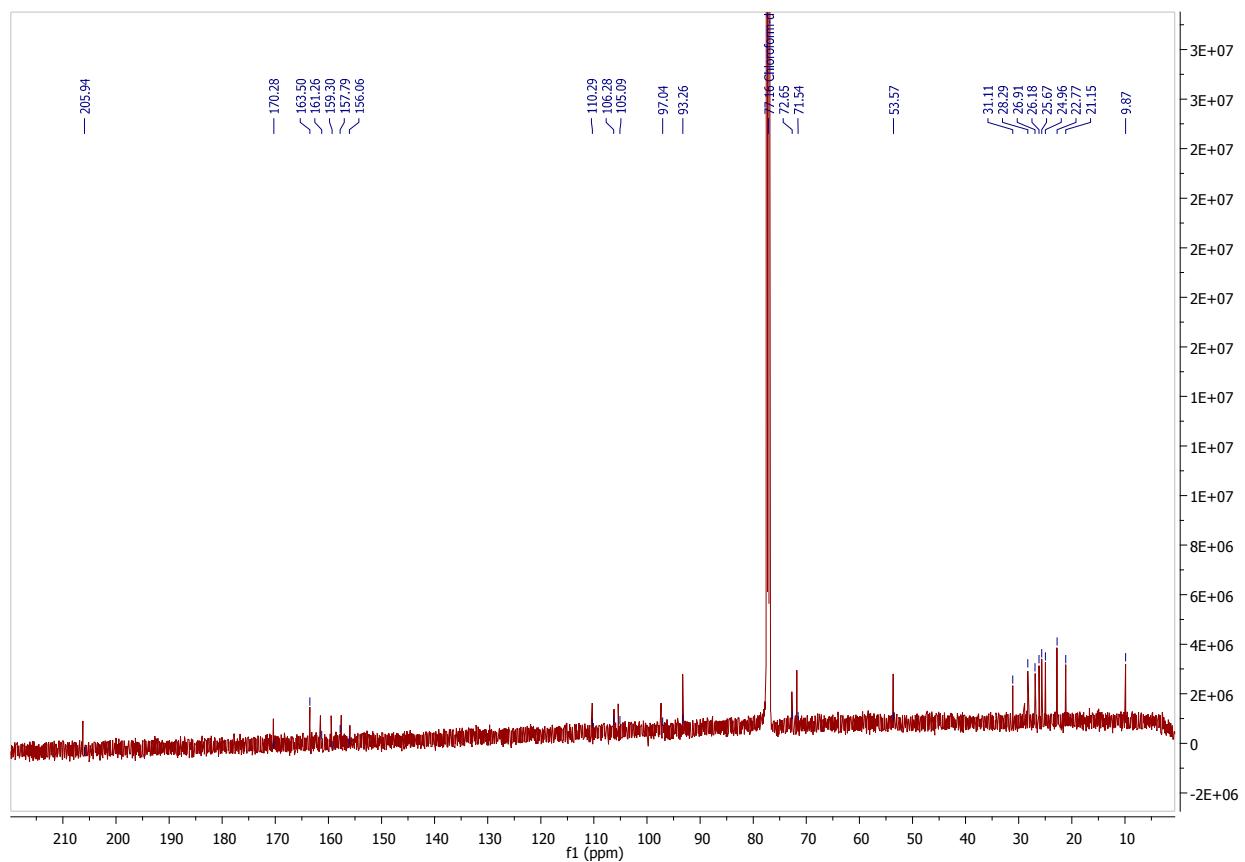


Figure S11. ¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of ochrocarpin H (**10**).

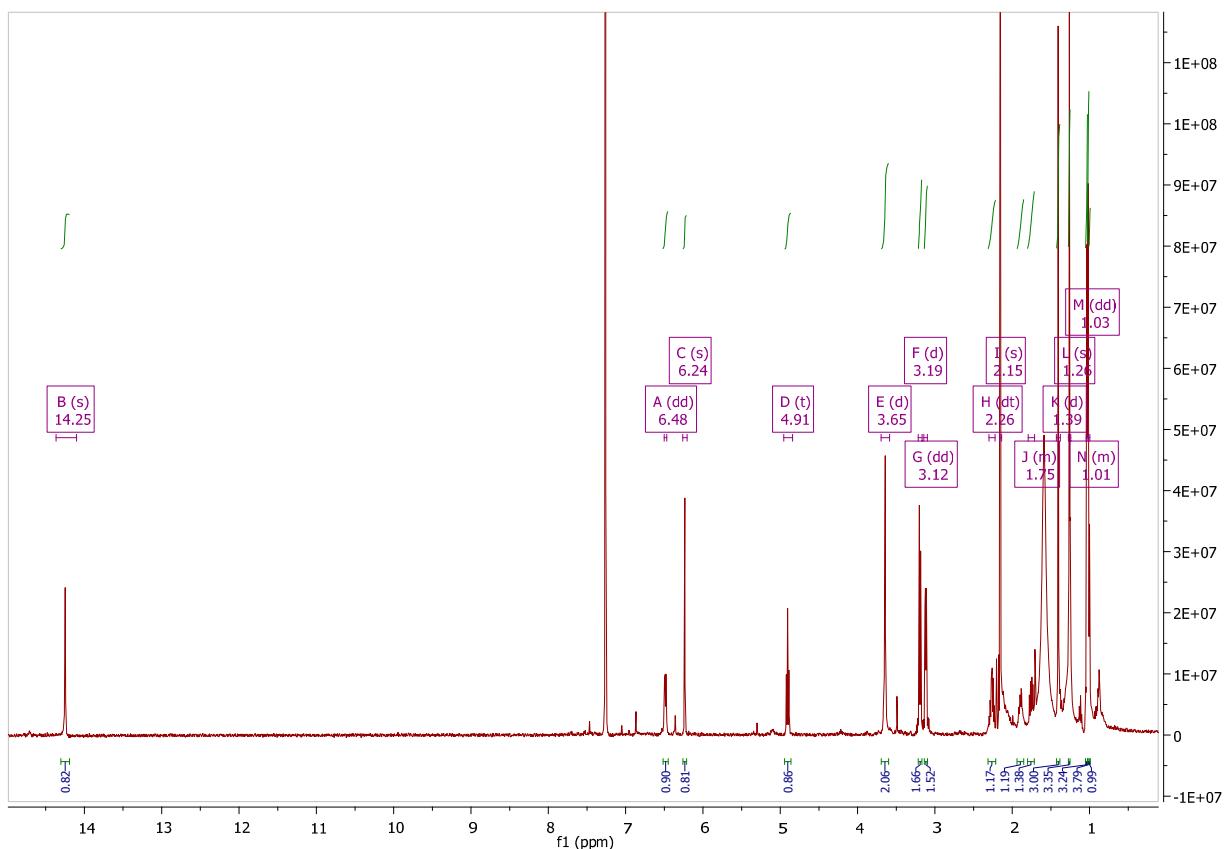


Figure S12. ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) spectrum of ochrocarpin I (**11**).

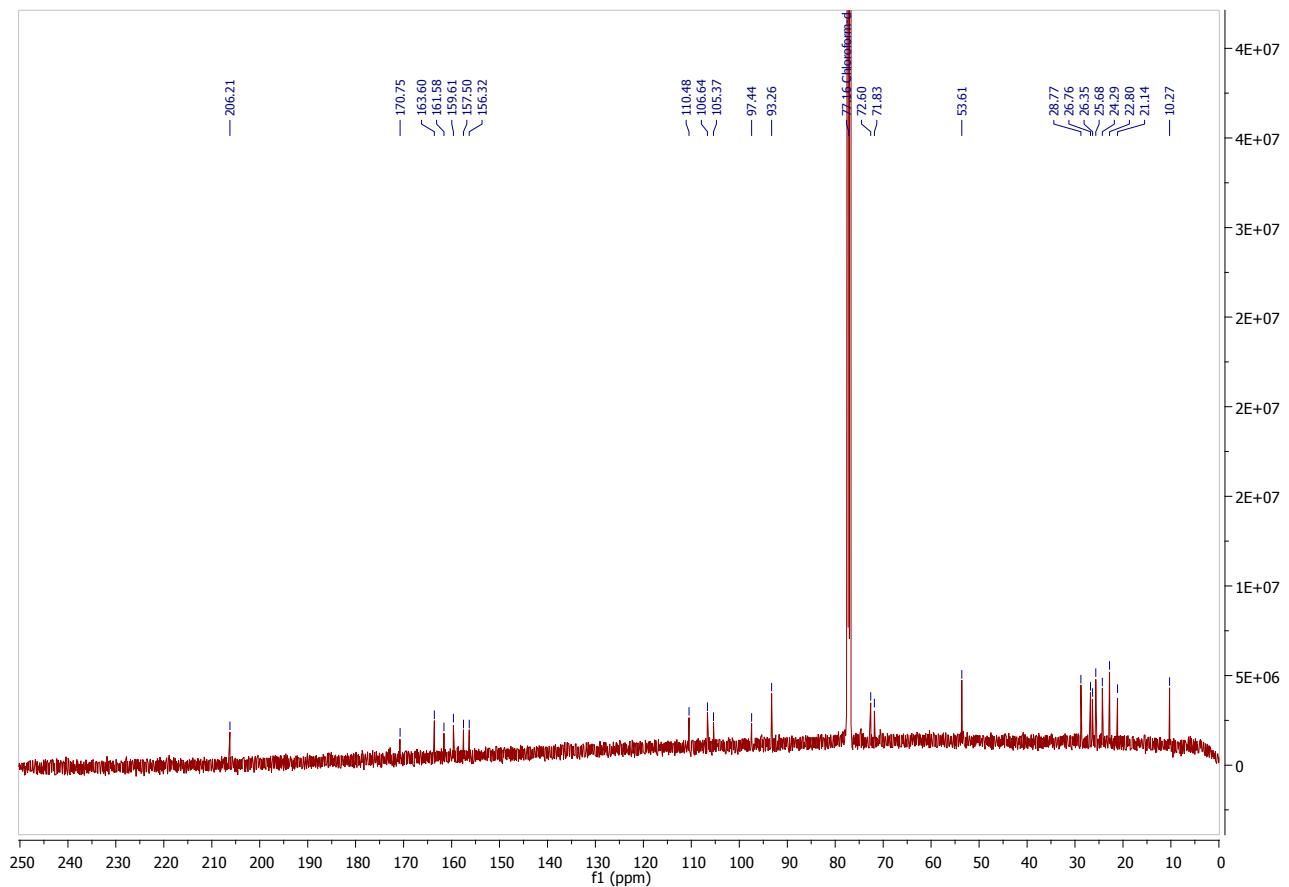


Figure S13. ^{13}C -NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) spectrum of ochrocarpin I (**11**).