Supporting information

## Zn(OAc)<sub>2</sub>-Catalyzing Ring-Opening Polymerization of *N*-Carboxy-Anhydrides for Synthesis of Well-Defined Polypeptides

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**Figure S1**. Calibrated curve of BLG-NCA conversion vs the peak intensity ratio at 1785 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1731 cm<sup>-1</sup>.





**Figure S2**. GPC curves of PBLG prepared in the sequential addition. (A) 25/25; (B) 50/50.  $[Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O]/[aniline] = 1/1$ , [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of PBLG catalyzed by Lewis pair of Zn(OAc)<sub>2</sub>•2H<sub>2</sub>O and aniline

Run	Ana	Ana:M	Time $(h)^b$	$M_{\rm n,cal} \times 10^{-4}  c$	$M_{\rm n,mea} \times 10^{-4d}$	$\mathbf{D}^{d}$
1	Ana-1	1:50	1.5	1.10	2.72	1.28
2	Ana -2	1:50	4.0	1.10	6.00	1.42
3	Ana -3	1:50	1.0	1.10	1.32	1.32
4	Ana -4	1:50	2.5	1.10	3.31	1.54
5	Ana -5	1:50	2.0	1.10	1.50	1.38
6	Ana -6	1:50	7.0	1.10	1.93	1.63
7	Ana -7	1:25	3.5	0.57	2.97	1.38
8	Ana -8	1:50	2.5	1.10	1.43	1.42
9	Ana -9	1:25	1.0	0.57	2.39	1.33
10	Ana -10	1:50	1.0	1.10	4.29	1.48

**Table S1**. Polymerization results of BLG-NCA catalyzed by various aniline analogues without Zn(OAc)<sub>2</sub>•2H<sub>2</sub>O in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.<sup>*a*</sup>

<sup>*a*</sup> Performed by at 25 °C. <sup>*b*</sup> The polymerization time for 99% monomer conversion. <sup>*c*</sup> Calculated by ([Ana]-1)+[BLG-NCA]/[Ana]×( $M_{NCA}$ -44)×monomer conversion. <sup>*d*</sup> Determined by GPC, D represents molecular weight distribution.



**Figure S4**. GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-1 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana -1] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S5.** GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-2 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-2] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S6.** GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-**3** with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-2] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S7. GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-4 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-4] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S8**. GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-5 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-5] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S9.** GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-6 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-6] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S10. GPC curves of PBLG with Ana-7 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ .  $[Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O]/[Ana-7]/[BLG-NCA] = 1/1/25$ , [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S11.** GPC curves of PBLG with Ana-8 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ .  $[Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O]/[Ana-8]/[BLG-NCA] = 1/1/25$ , [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S12.** GPC curves of PBLG with Ana-9 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [Zn(OAc)<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O]/[Ana-9]/[BLG-NCA] = 1/1/25, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S13.** Fluorescent spectrum of PBLG initiated by a combination of Zn(OAc)<sub>2</sub>•2H<sub>2</sub>O with 1-aminopyrene.



Scheme S1. Synthesis route of Ana-9.

## The synthesis of Ana-9.

4-Nitrophenol (2.78 g, 0.02 mol), triethylamine (4.04 g, 0.04 mol) and THF 200 mL were placed in one three-neck round bottomed flask. Bromoisobutyryl bromide (4.28 g, 0.02 mol) was added slowly with stirring. After 6 hours, the reaction was filtered and THF was removed in vacuum to obtained 2-bromo-2-methylpropionic acid 4-nitrophenyl ester. The 2-bromo-2-methylpropionic acid 4-nitrophenyl ester (1.44 g, 0.005 mol) and SnCl<sub>2</sub>•2H<sub>2</sub>O (0.025mol) were dissolved in ethyl acetate (100 mL). The mixture was heated under reflux for 1 h at 80 °C, cooled, and made basic (pH 8-9) using 5% sodium bicarbonate aqueous solution. Distilled water (200 mL) was added and the ethyl acetate layer separated. The organic layer was washed with saturated brine solution (3 ×100 mL) followed by distilled water (2 × 100 mL). The organic layer was dried with magnesium sulfate, and the solvent was removed in vacuo. This gave a slightly brown crystalline product **9**.



Figure S14. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (A) and <sup>13</sup>C NMR (B) spectra of 2-bromo-2-methylpropionic acid 4-nitrophenyl ester.



**Figure S15**. GPC profiles of PBLG initiate by Ana-10 with or without  $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ . [BLG-NCA]/[ $Zn(OAc)_2 \cdot 2H_2O$ ]/[Ana-10] = 50/1/1, [BLG-NCA] = 0.75 M, at 25 °C in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S16. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of Aman-capped PLG.