## **Supplementary Information**

**Figure S1.** UVB irradiation induced p53 (Ser-15) and γ-H2AX phosphorylation in a dose-dependent manner in HaCaT keratinocytes. Cells were irradiated with various concentrations of UVB (0–20 mJ/cm²) for 12 h after being exposed to UVB. At 12 h after UVB irradiation, cells (2 × 10<sup>4</sup> cell/100 μL) were fixed/stained to measure the levels of phosphoactive histone H2A.X (γH2A.X; green) and phospho-p53 (serine 15) (red). Staining with Hoechst 33342 (blue) was performed to observe cell nuclei. Cells were imaged on the GE IN Cell Analyzer 1000 at 20× objective magnification. Scar bar = 200 μm. Data are mean  $\pm$  standard deviation of 3 independent experiments. ¶ p < 0.05 compared with the unirradiated group,  $^{\#}p$  < 0.01 compared with the unirradiated group.

