

## Supplementary material

### Chronic High Fat Diet Intake Impairs Hepatic Metabolic Parameters in Ovariectomized Sirt3 KO Mice

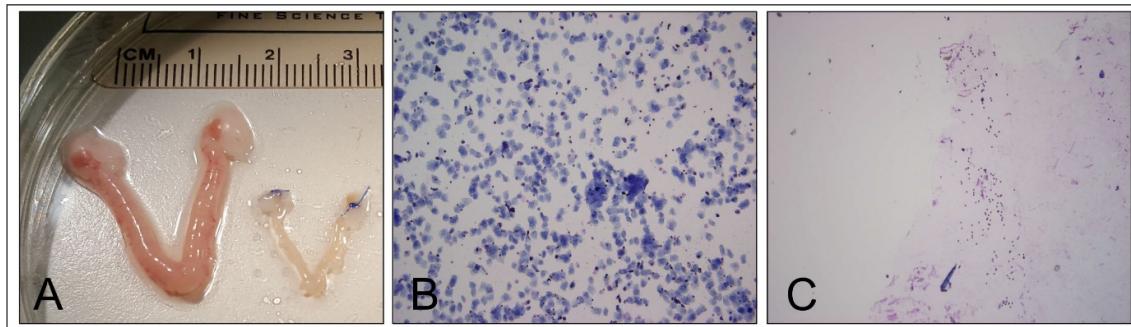
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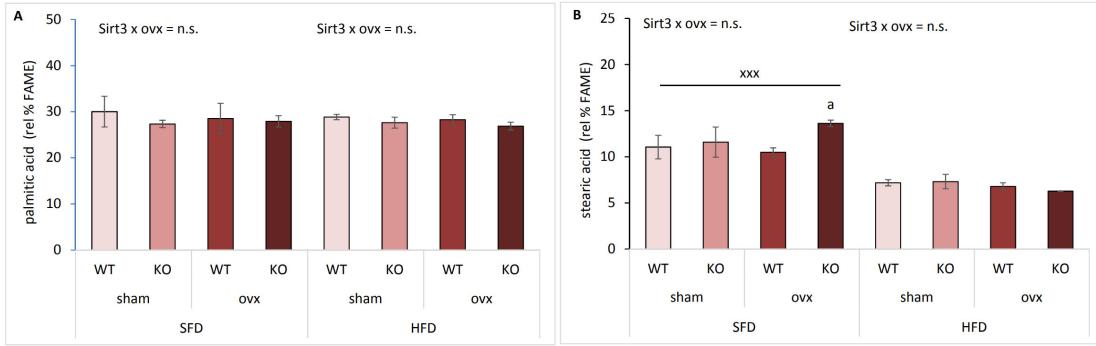
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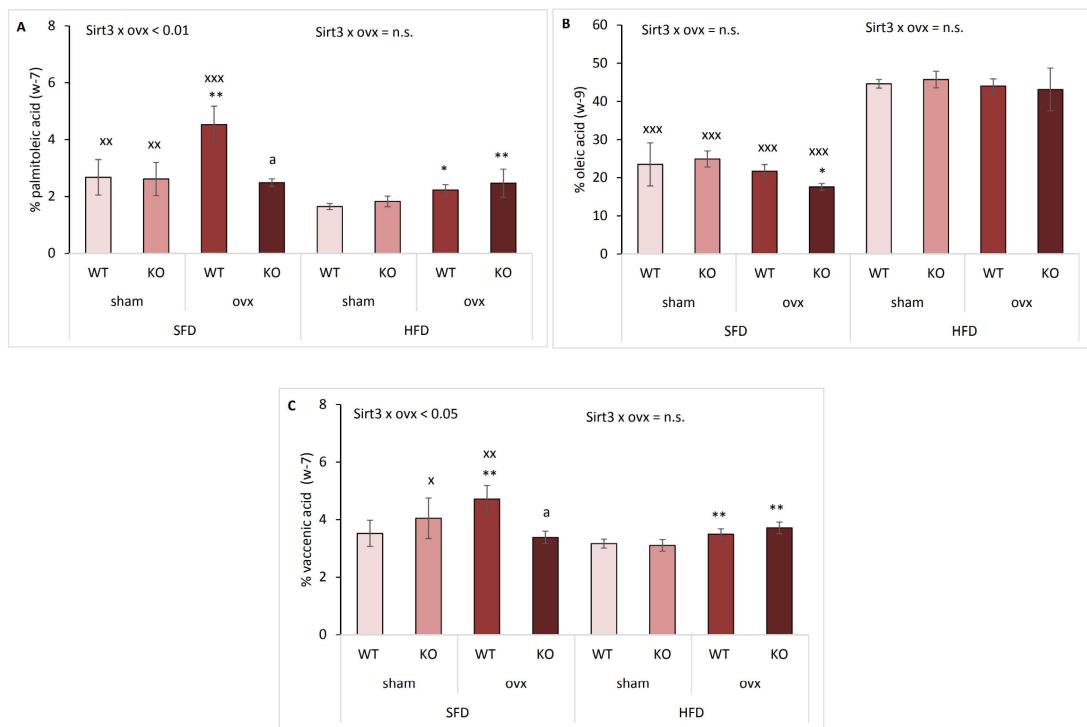
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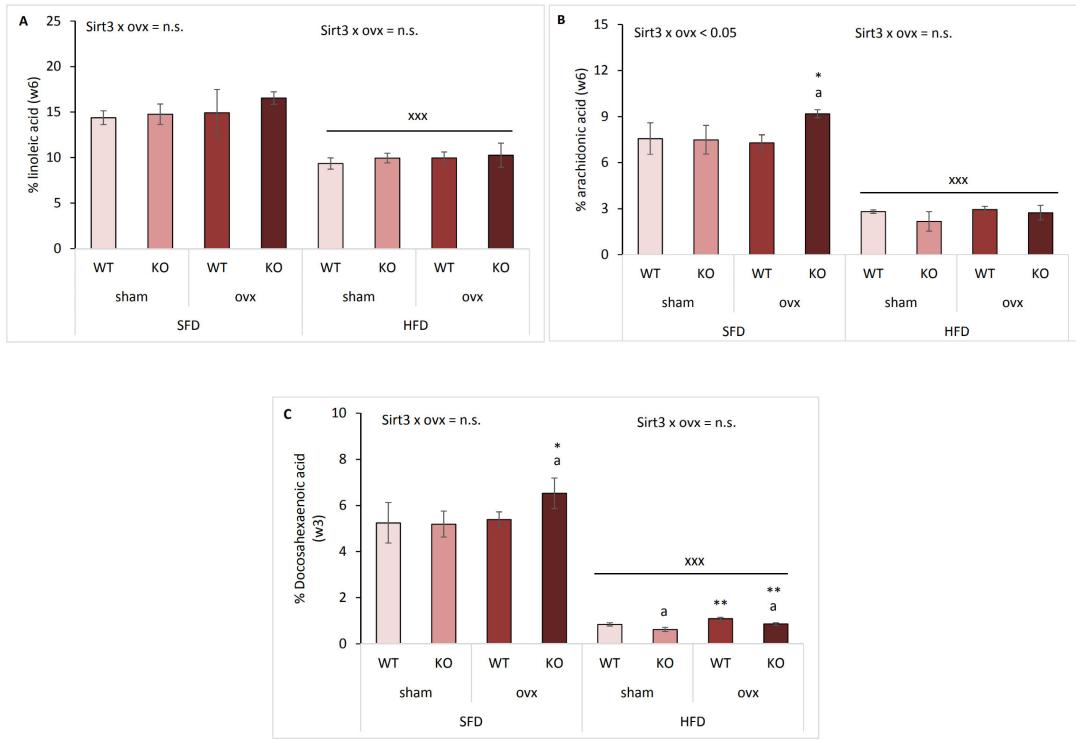
**Figure S1.** Observations of uterus deterioration and vaginal smears of control (sham) and ovariectomized (ovx) mice. **(A)** The uteri of sham and ovx mice. Vaginal smears from sham **(B)** and ovx **(C)** mice.



**Figure S2.** Graphical display of hepatic SFA content in sham and ovx Sirt3 WT and KO mice after 10 weeks of feeding with SFD or HFD. **(A) Palmitic acid.** SFD: no changes. HFD: no changes. SFD vs. HFD: no changes. **(B) Stearic acid.** SFD: ovx WT vs. KO (<sup>a</sup> $p<0.001$ ). HFD: no changes. SFD vs. HFD: <sup>xxx</sup> $p<0.001$ . Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SD. N=4 mice per group.



**Figure S3.** Graphical display of hepatic MUFA content in sham and ovx Sirt3 WT and KO mice after 10 weeks of feeding with SFD or HFD. **(A) Palmitoleic acid.** SFD: ovx WT vs. KO (<sup>a</sup>p<0.01); WT sham vs. ovx (\*\*p<0.01). HFD: WT ovx vs. sham (\*p<0.05); KO ovx vs. sham (\*\*p<0.01). SFD vs. HFD: sham (xxp<0.01); WT ovx (xxxp<0.001). **(B) Oleic acid.** SFD: KO ovx vs. sham (\*p<0.05). HFD: no changes. SFD vs. HFD: <sup>xxx</sup>p<0.001. **(C) Vaccenic acid.** SFD: ovx WT vs. KO (<sup>a</sup>p<0.01); WT sham vs. ovx (\*\*p<0.01). HFD: ovx vs. sham (\*\*p<0.01). SFD vs. HFD: KO sham (xp<0.05); WT ovx (xxp<0.01). Data are shown as mean ± SD. N=4 mice per group.



**Figure S4.** Graphical display of hepatic PUFA content in sham and ovx Sirt3 WT and KO mice after 10 weeks of feeding with SFD or HFD. **(A) Linoleic acid.** SFD: no changes. HFD: no changes. SFD vs. HFD: <sup>xxx</sup>p<0.001. **(B) Arachidonic acid.** SFD: ovx WT vs. KO (<sup>a</sup>p<0.01); KO sham (\*\*p<0.01). **(C) Docosahexaenoic acid.** SFD: no changes. HFD: WT ovx vs. KO (\*\*p<0.01).

vs. ovx (\* $p<0.05$ ). HFD: no changes. SFD vs. HFD: \*\*\* $p<0.001$ . (C) Docosahexaenoic acid. SFD: KO sham vs. ovx (\* $p<0.05$ ); ovx WT vs. KO ( $^a p<0.05$ ). HFD: KO vs. WT ( $^a p<0.05$ ); ovx vs. sham (\*\* $p<0.01$ ). SFD vs. HFD: \*\*\* $p<0.001$ . Data are shown as mean  $\pm$  SD. N=4 mice per group.

**Table S1.** Assays (Taqman® Applied Biosystems, UK) used for the real time quantitative PCR analyses

Gene	Assay ID	Product size (bp)
$\beta$ -actin	Mm00607939_s1	115
sirt3	Mm00452131_m1	68
cyp2e1	Mm00491127_m1	83
cyp4a14	Mm00484132_m1	71
ppara	Mm00627559_m1	86
pgc1 $\alpha$	Mm00447183_m1	104
ho-1	Mm00516007_m1	92

**Table S2.** Antibodies used in this study for the Western blot analyses

Antibody	Dilution	Host	Manufacturer
Sirt3 (D22A3)	1:1000	Rabbit	Cell Signaling Technology, USA
Anti-rabbit (NA934)	1:5000	Goat	GE Healthcare, USA