



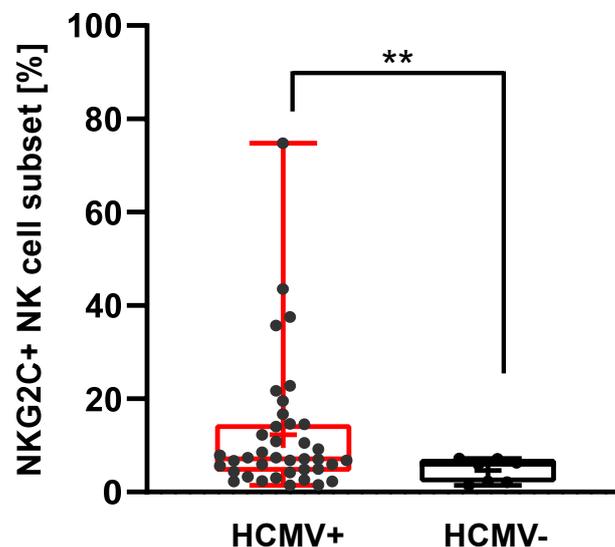
Article

# NKG2C<sup>+</sup> NK Cells for Immunotherapy of Glioblastoma Multiforme

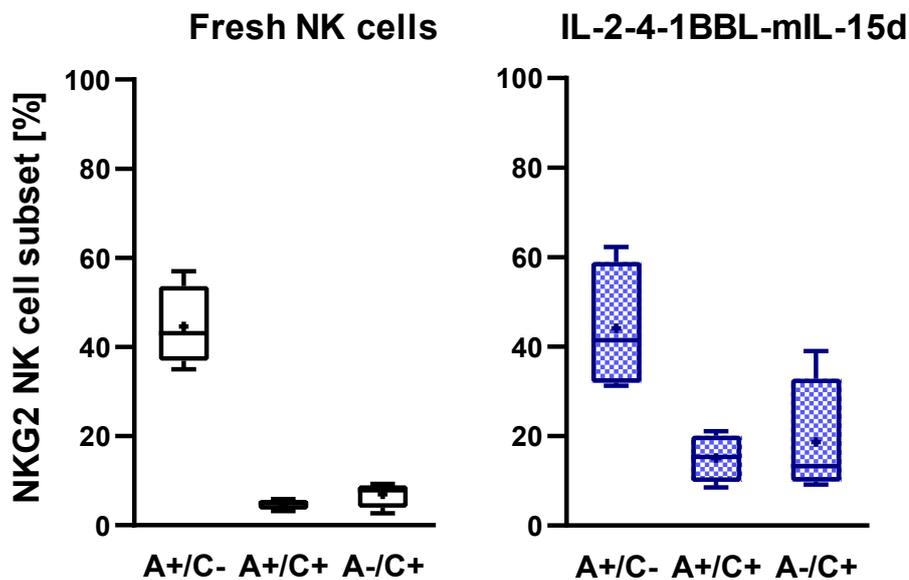
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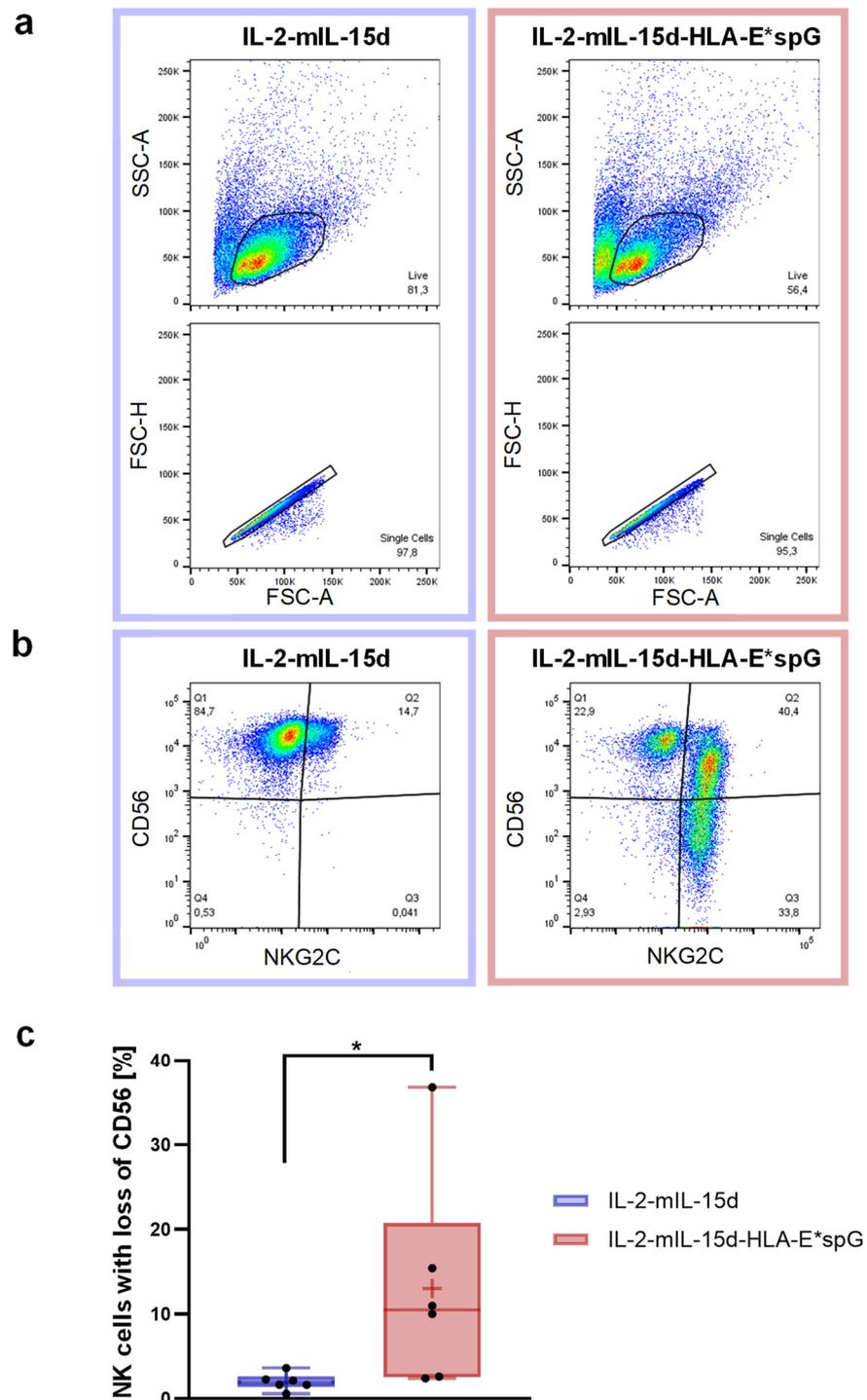
## Supplementary Data



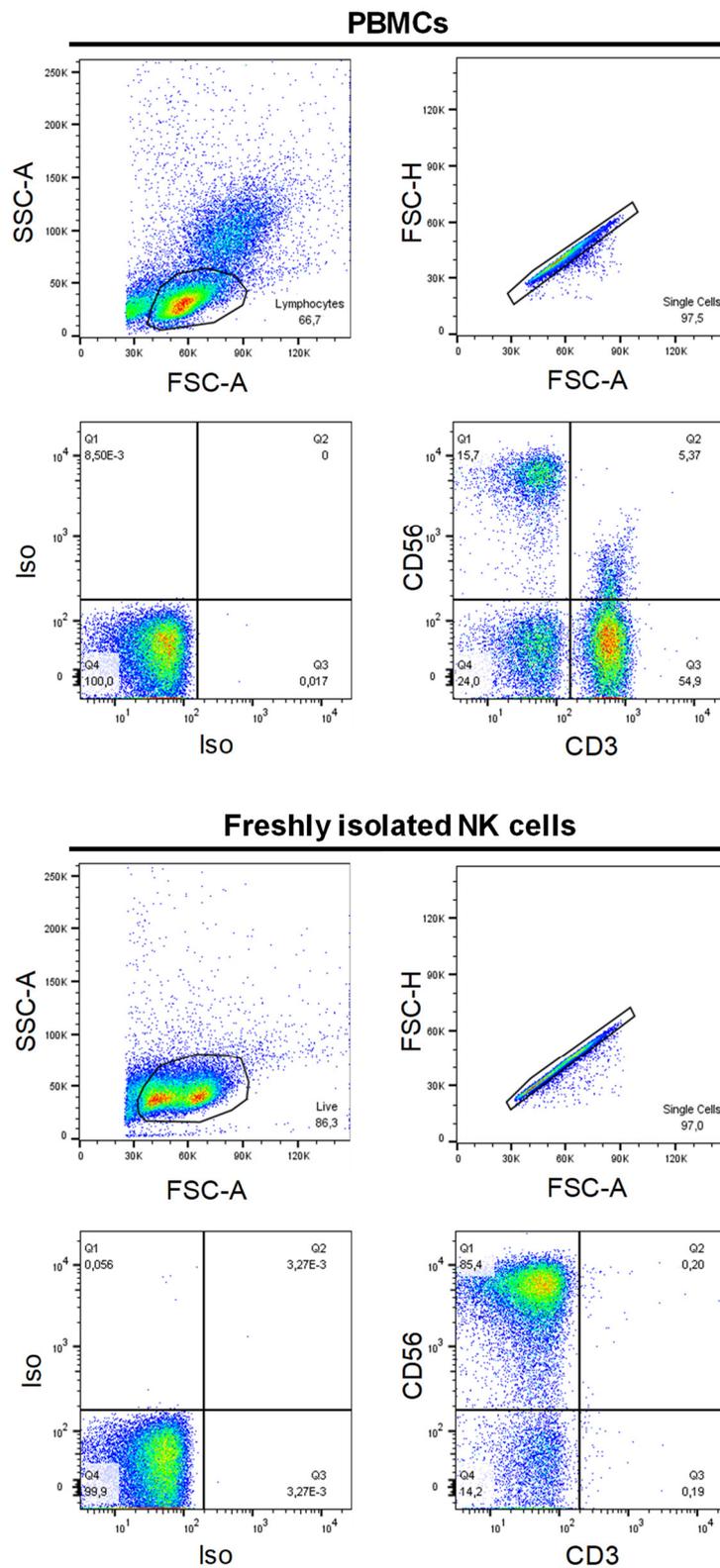
**Figure S1:** Assessment of NKG2C<sup>+</sup> NK cells subsets from peripheral blood. Purified CD56<sup>+</sup>/CD3<sup>-</sup> NK cells were stained for NKG2C. HCMV status was determined by serological analysis. Mean expression levels of the NKG2C<sup>+</sup> NK cell subset was compared between HCMV-seropositive (HCMV+) (n=39) and HCMV-seronegative (HCMV-) (n=8) donors. Dots and the horizontal lines inside the Whisker boxes indicate the mean and the median, respectively. \*\*p<0.01.



**Figure S2.** Flow cytometry analysis of NKG2 NK cell subsets in fresh NK cells and NK cells after 14 days expansion using PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-4-1BBL-mIL-15d feeder cells. Left: Fresh, purified CD56<sup>+</sup>/CD3<sup>-</sup> NK cells were analyzed for their NKG2A and NKG2C expression (n=4). Right: Analysis of NKG2A single-positive, NKG2A/NKG2C double-positive and NKG2C single-positive subsets in corresponding expanded NK cells. Dots and the horizontal lines inside the Whisker boxes indicate the mean and the median, respectively.



**Figure S3.** Shift to CD56<sup>dim</sup> and appearance of NK cells with further decreased MFI for CD56 after expansion with PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d-HLA-E\*spG feeder cells. (a) Depicted is the gating strategy for expanded living NK cells and singlets of one representative donor analyzed by flow cytometry. Note increased cell debris and dead cells when NK cells are expanded by PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d-HLA-E\*spG feeder cells. (b) Depicted are dot blots of gated NK cells of the above-mentioned donor simultaneously stained for CD56 and NKG2C. Note that NK cells expanded with PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d are mostly CD56<sup>bright</sup>. NKG2C<sup>+</sup> NK cells expanded with PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d-HLA-E\*spG feeder cells show a shift towards the CD56<sup>dim</sup> phenotype (Q2) and additionally contain a fraction of NKG2C<sup>+</sup> NK cells with further decreased MFI for CD56 (Q3). (c) Analysis of the NK cell fraction with decreased MFI for CD56 expanded with PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d and PC3<sup>PSCA</sup>-IL-2-mIL-15d-HLA-E\*spG feeder cells, respectively. Dots and the horizontal lines inside the Whisker boxes indicate the mean and the median. n=6. p<0.05.



**Figure S4.** Isolation of NK cells using MACS-assisted negative depletion. Depicted are the flow cytometry gating strategy and analysis of one representative donor using PBMCs and after NK cell isolation. Dot blots showing gating strategy for the exclusion of dead cells and cell doublets. Isotype controls are included. The frequency of CD56+/CD3- NK cell, CD56+/CD3+ NKT cell and CD3+/CD56- T cell subsets is depicted in the respective quadrants.