Supplementary material

Communication

Diethyl 2-((aryl(alkyl)amino)methylene)malonates: Unreported Mycelial Growth Inhibitors Against *Fusarium oxysporum*

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1. Physical and Spectroscopical data of DAMMs (1-5):

Diethyl 2-(((4-chlorophenyl)amino)methylene)malonate (1). White crystals, 80% yield. Melting point: 80-84 °C. Compound 1 was purified by PLC, positive to Dragendorff's reagent, soluble in dichloromethane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, and insoluble in ethanol and water; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm H}$ 10.99 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 8.45 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 4.27 (dq, J = 28.9, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (dt, J = 24.8, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm C}$ 169.1, 165.7, 151.7, 138.1, 130.2, 130.0, 118.5 94.4, 60.7, 60.4, 14.5, 14.4. HRESIMS, positive mode, m/z [M+Na]⁺ = 320.0624 (calcd. 320.0665), corresponding to the molecular formula C₁₄H₁₆ClNO₄Na.

Diethyl 2-(((2-*nitrophenyl*)*amino*)*methylene*)*malonate* (**2**). Yellow solid, 85% yield. Melting point: 100-102 °C. Compound **2** was purified by PLC, positive to Dragendorff's reagent, soluble in dichloromethane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, and insoluble in ethanol and water; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm H}$ 12.57 (*d*, *J* = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 8.53 (*d*, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (*dd*, *J* = 8.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.66 (*m*, 1H), 7.50 (*d*, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (*ddd*, *J* = 8.4, 7.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (*dq*, *J* = 58.8, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.37 (*dt*, *J* = 23.2, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm C}$ 166.9, 165.8, 148.4, 137.2, 136.2, 136.0, 127.0, 123.5, 116.9, 99.6, 61.1, 60.9, 14.5, 14.5. HRESIMS, positive mode, *m*/*z* [M+Na]⁺ = 331.0839 (calcd. 331.0906), corresponding to the molecular formula C₁₅H₁₈N₂O₆Na.

Diethyl 2-((*cyclohexylamino*)*methylene*)*malonate* (**3**). Brown solid, 90% yield. Melting point: 102-104 °C. Compound **3** was purified by PLC, positive to Dragendorff's reagent, soluble in dichloromethane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, and insoluble in ethanol and water; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm H}$ 9.24 (*s*, 1H), 8.05 (*d*, *J* = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (*dq*, *J* = 27.1, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 3.25 – 3.17 (*m*, 1H), 1.94 (*dt*, *J* = 7.6, 3.9 Hz, 2H), 1.79 – 1.73 (*m*, 2H), 1.64 – 1.57 (*m*, 1H), 1.41 – 1.34 (*m*, 3H), 1.30 (*dt*, *J* = 27.2, 7.1 Hz, 8H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm C}$ 169.6, 166.5, 158.2, 89.2, 59.8, 59.6, 58.2, 34.0, 25.2, 24.6, 14.6, 14.5; HRESIMS, positive mode, *m*/*z* [M+Na]⁺ = 292.1523 (calcd. 292.1524), corresponding to the molecular formula C₁₄H₂₃NO₄Na.

Diethyl 2-((*naphthalen-1-ylamino*)*methylene*)*malonate* (**4**). Purple solid, 74% yield. Melting point: 122-124 °C. Compound **4** was purified by PLC, positive to Dragendorff's reagent, ad soluble in dichloromethane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, and insoluble in ethanol and water; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm H}$ 11.78 (*d*, *J* = 13.1 Hz, 1H), 8.67 (*d*, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (*d*, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (*d*, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (*d*, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (*dddd*, *J* = 23.1, 8.0, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (*t*, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (*d*, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (*dq*, *J* = 56.9, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.38 (*dt*, *J* = 41.9, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃) $\delta_{\rm C}$ 169.7, 165.9 153.7, 135.7, 134.4, 128.8, 127.1, 126.9, 125.9, 125.7, 125.6, 120.8, 113.4, 94.5, 60.7, 60.3, 14.6, 14.5; HRESIMS, positive mode, *m*/*z* [M+Na]⁺ = 336.1219 (calcd. 336.1211), corresponding to the molecular formula C₁₈H₁₉NO₄Na.

Diethyl 2-((phenylamino)methylene)malonate (5). Brown solid, 96% yield. Melting point: 48-50 °C. Compound 5 was purified by PLC, positive to Dragendorff's reagent, soluble in dichloromethane, chloroform, and ethyl acetate, and insoluble in ethanol and water; ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.00 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 1H), 8.53 (d, J = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.17 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 4.28 (dq, J = 31.5, 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (dt, J = 26.4, 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.2, 165.9, 152.1, 139.4, 130.0, 125.0, 117.3, 93.7, 60.5, 60.2, 14.6, 14.4; HRESIMS, positive mode, m/z [M+Na]⁺ = 286.1046 (calcd. 286.1055), corresponding to the molecular formula C₁₄H₁₇NO₄Na.



Figure S1. High-resolution mass spectra of compound 1.



Figure S2. Assignments of ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of compound 1.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) of compound 1.





Figure S6. Assignments of ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of compound **2**.



Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) of compound **2**.





Figure S10. Assignments of ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of compound **3**.



Figure S11. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) of compound 3.



Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) of compound 3.





Figure S14. Assignments of ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of compound 4.



Figure S15. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) of compound 4.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) of compound 4.



Figure S17. High-resolution mass spectra of compound 5.



Figure S18. Assignments of ¹H and ¹³C NMR chemical shifts of compound 5.



Figure S20. ¹³C NMR spectrum (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) of compound 5.



Scheme S1. Reaction mechanism to produce DAMMs