**Table S1.** Descriptive Statistics of Key Outcome Variables (N = 757).

	Total	Pittsburgh sleep quality index (PSQI) <sup>a</sup>		Dl
		Good sleep quality	Poor sleep quality	P-value
Accelerometer data				
Average wear days	6.77 (0.64)	6.78 (0.64)	6.74 (0.63)	.581
Average wear time (hrs/day)	14.23 (1.44)	14.23 (1.43)	14.19 (1.52)	.787
MVPA (min/day) b	45.79 (21.11)	46.19 (21.1)	43.16 (21.1)	.182
Lower (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> tertiles)	-	433 (65.9%)	72 (72.0%)	
Higher (3 <sup>rd</sup> tertile)	-	224 (34.1%)	28 (28.0%)	
SB (hrs/day) <sup>c</sup>	7.86 (1.25)	7.84 (1.25)	8.04 (1.22)	.141
Lower (1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> tertiles)	-	440 (67.0%)	64 (64.0%)	
Higher (3 <sup>rd</sup> tertile)	-	217 (33.0%)	33 (33.0%)	
PSQI components	s <sup>d</sup>			
Duration of sleep	0.65 (0.76)	0.52 (0.65)	1.48 (0.9)	<.001
Sleep disturbance	0.97 (0.48)	0.91 (0.45)	1.37 (0.51)	<.001
Sleep latency	0.77 (0.84)	0.61 (0.71)	1.84 (0.9)	<.001
Sleepiness	0.73 (0.67)	0.63 (0.61)	1.37 (0.72)	<.001
Sleep efficiency	0.02 (0.22)	0 (0.04)	0.12 (0.59)	<.001
Sleep quality	0.13 (0.36)	0.05 (0.22)	0.62 (0.6)	<.001
Medications to sleep	0.02 (0.17)	0 (0.04)	0.14 (0.43)	<.001
Total PSQI scores	3.29 (1.92)	2.73 (1.28)	6.94 (1.34)	<.001
Cardiorespiratory fitnes	ss (CRF)			
MaxVO <sub>2</sub> <sup>e</sup>	35.39 (4.56)	35.64 (4.5)	33.78 (4.68)	<.001
Lower (1st and 2nd tertiles)	-	424 (64.5%)	80 (80.0%)	
Higher (3 <sup>rd</sup> tertile)	-	233 (35.5%)	20 (20.0%)	

MVPA = moderate-to-vigorous intensity physical activity. SB= sedentary behavior. Values are presented as mean and standard deviation unless otherwise described. LM represents the low-to-middle (1st and 2nd tertile) group. MaxVO2 represents the estimated CRF. ST represents the sedentary time. at the categorization of participants into good and poor sleep quality was based on total scores of the PSQI (i.e.,  $\leq$ 5 and >5 for good and poor sleep quality, respectively). The tertile groups of MVPA (min/day) were created based on cut-points of  $\leq$ 35.65,  $\leq$ 52.12, and  $\leq$ 52.12 min/day for the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd tertiles. The tertile groups of ST (hrs/day) were created based on cut-points of  $\leq$ 7.50,  $\leq$ 8.50, and  $\leq$ 8.50 hrs/day for the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd tertiles. The score range of PSQI components was from 0 (better) to 3 (worse) and total PSQI scores ranged from 0 (better) to 21 (worse). The tertile groups of CRF were created based on cut-points of  $\leq$ 33.30,  $\leq$ 37.70, and  $\leq$ 37.70 ml/kg/min for the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd tertiles.

Table S2. Correlations Between SB, MVPA and CRF.

Pair of variables <sup>a</sup>	r (95% CI)	
MVPA (min/day) & SB (hrs/day)	-0.30 (-0.36, -0.23)	
MVPA (min/day) & CRF (MaxVO <sub>2)</sub>	0.27 (0.20, 0.33)	
SB (hrs/day) & CRF (MaxVO <sub>2)</sub>	-0.04 (-0.11, 0.03)	

MVPA = moderate-to-vigorous intensity physical activity. SB = sedentary activity. CRF = estimated cardiorespiratory fitness. <sup>a</sup> MVPA and SB minutes were least-square adjusted for accelerometer wear time.