

Supplement

Supplement Table S1. Survey questions in German (original) and English.

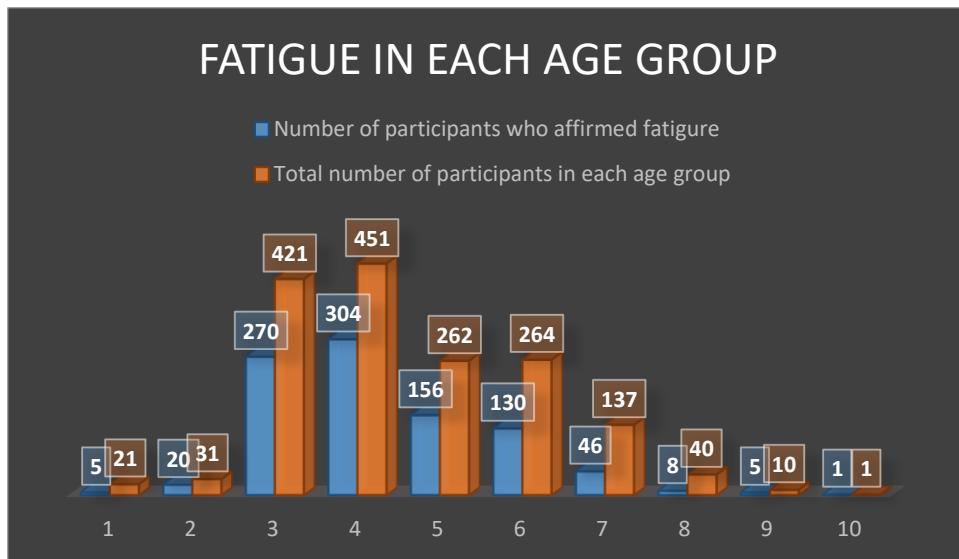
German (original)	English
Bitte geben Sie Ihre aktuelle Körpertemperatur an. Ich habe kein Fieber. Ich habe eine erhöhte Körpertemperatur/Fieber.	Please enter your current body temperature. I have no fever. I have a raised body temperature/fever.
Ich fühle mich müde. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I feel tired. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Husten. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have a cough. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Gliederschmerzen. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have aching limbs. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Halsschmerzen. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have a sore throat. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Kopfweh. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have a headache. Yes No Don't know
Ich fühle mich kurzatmig. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I feel short of breath. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Schüttelfrost. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have chills. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Übelkeit und/oder Erbrechen. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have nausea and/or vomiting. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Durchfall. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have diarrhoea. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe eine verstopfte Nase. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have a nasal congestion. Yes No Don't know
Ich muss häufig niesen. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have to sneeze a lot. Yes No Don't know
Ich habe Schnupfen. Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	I have a cold. Yes No Don't know
Nehmen Sie eine Abnahme des Geschmacks und/oder des Geruchs wahr? Ja Nein Kann ich nicht sagen	Do you notice a decrease in taste and/or smell? Yes No Don't know

Supplement Table S2. Item fit statistics sorted in an ascending order according to item location in the data set with the questionnaires filled in by the participants for the first time. The smallest (negative) item location of fatigue implies that it was the item with the highest likelihood to be affirmed, whereas fever showed the lowest likelihood. Only one item (item 3 cough) showed a fit residual below the threshold of -2.5 and a significant F-test which represented individual item misfit. Cough also had a significant chi-squared value which can be interpreted as misfit to the latent trait. The Bonferroni corrected significance level was 0.000667. Significances are highlighted

in bold letters

Item number	Description	Location	Standard error	Fit residual	F-stat	p-value	ChiSq	p-value
2	Fatigue	-2.21	0.07	1.01	0.34	0.9613	3.40	0.6386
13	Sneezing	-1.67	0.07	5.29	3.34	0.0005	33.67	0.0000
12	Nasal congestion	-1.52	0.07	-0.96	2.58	0.0061	23.59	0.0003
14	Sniffles/rhinitis	-1.03	0.08	-2.93	3.27	0.0006	27.99	0.0000
7	Headache	-0.91	0.08	-0.86	1.82	0.0613	20.54	0.0010
3	Cough	-0.63	0.09	-4.58	2.72	0.0040	28.74	0.0000
6	Soare throat	-0.18	0.10	-1.33	0.47	0.8950	8.49	0.1312
5	Pain in limbs	0.10	0.11	-1.41	1.19	0.2990	13.10	0.0225
15	Smell and taste disorders	0.25	0.11	-1.84	1.09	0.3644	12.13	0.0330
11	Diarrhea	0.33	0.12	-0.28	0.82	0.5954	9.35	0.0961
4	Dry cough/no sputum production	0.37	0.12	-3.85	4.06	0.0001	26.09	0.0001
8	Shortness of breath	0.44	0.12	-2.85	0.71	0.7016	9.72	0.0835
10	Vomiting	1.55	0.19	-2.20	0.95	0.4849	7.97	0.1579
9	Chills	2.47	0.28	-1.47	2.75	0.0036	15.80	0.0074
1	Fever	2.64	0.30	0.38	0.58	0.8132	6.12	0.2951

Supplement Figure S1. Fatigue in each age group. 1 refers to 0-9 Years (24% affirmed fatigue), 10-19 Years (65% fatigue), 20-29 Years (64% fatigue), 30-39 Years (67% fatigue), 40-49 Years (60% fatigue), 50-59 Years (49% fatigue), 60-69 Years (34% fatigue), 70-79 Years (20% fatigue), 80-89 Years (50% fatigue), ≥ 90 Years (100% fatigue).



Supplement Figure S2. Person-item map. The grey bars in the top of the graph refer to the frequencies of the estimated levels of the COVID-19 symptoms of the participants (so-called person parameters). The black dot in each line represents the threshold between no symptom versus the experience of a specific symptom.

