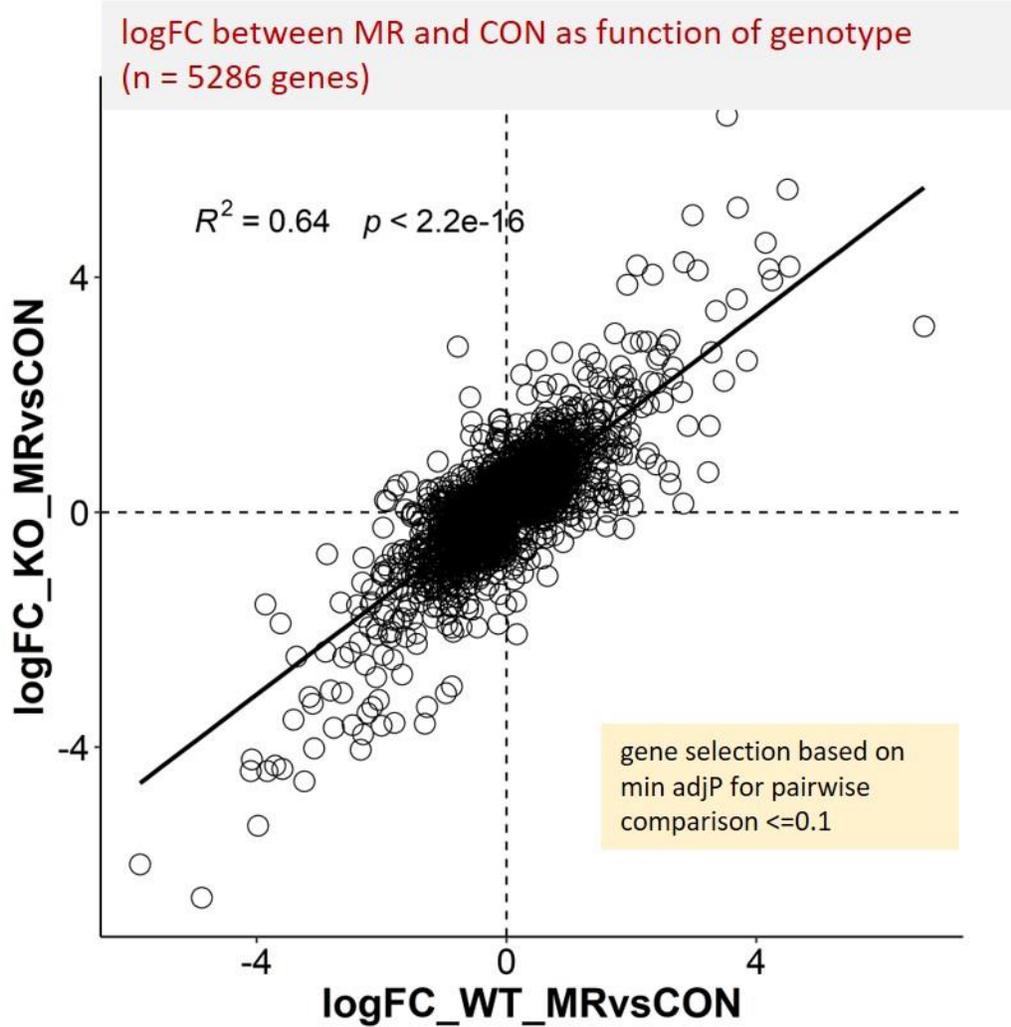


Supplementary Figure 1: Scaled normalized count data for samples from the 4 treatment groups (WT Con, WT MR, *NRF2* KO Con, and *NRF2* KO MR) were analyzed via principal component analysis (PCA) (using *prcomp* package in R, <http://www.R-project.org/>) to cluster samples based on gene expression similarities, and to identify potential outliers. After removal of two outlier samples (see circled WT Con and WT MR samples), differential analysis of RNA read count data was performed using DESeq2 software. Gene expression signals were logarithmically transformed (to base 2) for all downstream analyses, and genes with an absolute log fold-change ≥ 1 and false discovery rate (FDR) of 5% were considered as differentially expressed.



Supplementary Figure 2: Comparison of differentially expressed genes in WT MR versus WT Con and *Nrf2* KO MR versus *Nrf2* KO Con samples using a pairwise comparison of 5286 genes with $\text{adjP} \leq 0.1$ for log fold change of WT MR versus WT Con and *Nrf2* KO MR versus *Nrf2* KO Con. The correlation of the effect of MR in the two genotypes was highly significant ($R^2=0.64$, $p < 2.2 \text{ e-}16$).

