

Supplementary Materials: Development of an UPLC-MS/MS Method for the Analysis of Mycotoxins in Rumen Fluid with and without Maize Silage Emphasizes the Importance of Using Matrix-Matched Calibration

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Table S1. Mycotoxins found in maize samples in Belgium (Vandicke J. (Department of Plants and Crops, Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent, Belgium). Personal communication, 2017).

Mycotoxins in Maize	2016 (91 Samples)		
	Prevalence (% of all samples)	% samples exceeding EU Regulation *	
Nivalenol	NIV	98.9	/
Deoxynivalenol	DON	92.3	2
Zearalenone	ZEN	64.8	1
EnniatinB	ENN B	42.9	/
Diacetoxyscirpenol	DAS	11.0	/
Fumonisin B1	FB1	2.5	0
Alternariolmethylether	AME	2.2	/
T-2 toxin	T-2	1.1	0
Sterigmatocystin	STERIG	1.1	/
Alternariol	AOH	0	/
Fumonisin B2	FB2	0	0
Fumonisin B3	FB3	0	0
Fusarenon-X	FX	0	/
Roquefortin C	ROQ-C	0	/

0% incidence: neosolaniol (NEO), aflatoxin B2 (AFB2), AFB1, HT-2 toxin (HT2), ochratoxin A (OTA) * European Commission Commission Recommendation No 2006/576/EC of 17 August 2006 on the presence of deoxynivalenol, zearalenone, ochratoxin A, T-2 and HT-2 and fumonisins in products intended for animal feeding. Off. J. Eur. Union 2006, L229, 7–9. When no number is mentioned (/), no EU regulation exists for this mycotoxin.

Table S2. Mycotoxins found in silage samples in Europe.

Mycotoxins in Maize Silage (21 Samples)	Prevalence (% of 21 Maize Silage Samples in Belgium) [1–3]		Prevalence (% of 100 Silage Samples in Europe) [4]
	Non-Moldy Parts	Moldy Hot Spots	
Deoxynivalenol	DON	100	100
Roquefortin C	ROQ-C	62	36
Citrinin	CIT	95	95
Mycophenolic acid	MPA	95	86
Zearalenone	ZEN	90	90
Enniatin B	ENN B	86	86
Nivalenol	NIV		64
HT-2 toxin	HT-2	81	86
Ochratoxin A	OTA	62	72
Mevalonic acid	MVA	29	52
Patulin	PAT	29	38
Gliotoxin	GT	14	0
Penitrem A	PA	0	19

References

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