

Supporting Information

Effect of Annealing Process and Molecular Weight on the Polymorphic Transformation from Form II to Form I of Poly(1-Butene)

Zhenkang Zhang ^{1,2}, Yanhu Xue ^{1,*}, Rui Li ², Wei Liu ², Peng Liu ¹ and Xiangling Ji ^{2,*}

- ¹ College of Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Tianjin University of Science and Technology, Tianjin 300457, China
² State Key Laboratory of Polymer Physics and Chemistry, Changchun Institute of Applied Chemistry, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Changchun 130022, China
* Correspondence: xueyh@tust.edu.cn (Y.X.); xlji@ciac.ac.cn (X.J.); Tel.: +86-22-60601140 (Y.X.); +86-431-85262876 (X.J.)

Table S1. The crystal Form I contents of five samples at different stepwise annealing condition.

| Sample | $M_w(10^3 \text{ g/mol})$ | $X_{\text{I}, T=-10^\circ\text{C}}(\%)$ | $X_{\text{I}, T_l=-10^\circ\text{C}, Th=40^\circ\text{C}} (\%)$ | $X_{\text{I}, Th=40^\circ\text{C}} (\%)$ |
|--------|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| F1 | 23 | 1.02 | 6.03 | 0.78 |
| F2 | 109 | 5.28 | 36.34 | 1.48 |
| F3 | 201 | 15.23 | 59.62 | 4.12 |
| F4 | 360 | 19.14 | 64.61 | 4.67 |
| F5 | 710 | 18.66 | 46.15 | 3.88 |

Table S2. The crystal Form I contents of five samples at different low annealing temperatures (T_l).

| Temperature (°C) | X _I (%) | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 23k | 109k | 201k | 360k | 710k |
| $T_l = -50$ | 1.51 | 1.75 | 23.17 | 52.25 | 20.06 |
| $T_l = -20$ | 4.67 | 5.46 | 38.88 | 57.42 | 37.97 |
| $T_l = -10$ | 6.03 | 36.34 | 59.62 | 64.61 | 46.15 |
| $T_l = 0$ | 4.11 | 12.15 | 33.87 | 56.27 | 40.55 |
| $T_l = 10$ | 2.41 | 12.03 | 20.61 | 47.86 | 27.24 |
| $T_l = 40$ | 0.78 | 1.48 | 4.12 | 4.67 | 3.88 |

Table S3. The crystal Form I contents of five samples at different high annealing temperatures (T_h)

| Temperature (°C) | X _I (%) | | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 23k | 109k | 201k | 360k | 710k |
| $T_h=10$ | 1.77 | 15.17 | 45.18 | 53.00 | 38.31 |
| $T_h=20$ | 2.43 | 36.03 | 59.06 | 63.44 | 45.97 |
| $T_h=30$ | 4.43 | 18.62 | 46.85 | 48.57 | 44.17 |
| $T_h=40$ | 6.03 | 36.34 | 59.62 | 64.61 | 46.15 |
| $T_h=50$ | 4.81 | 35.02 | 54.52 | 61.26 | 40.14 |
| $T_h=60$ | 3.69 | 18.54 | 32.10 | 52.18 | 26.51 |

Table S4. The crystal Form I contents of five samples at different low annealing time (t_l)

| Time(min) | X _I (%) | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 23k | 109k | 201k | 360k | 710k |
| $t_l= 0$ | 5.50 | 17.75 | 37.70 | 40.32 | 15.08 |
| $t_l= 10$ | 5.81 | 18.73 | 52.71 | 56.82 | 30.54 |
| $t_l= 30$ | 6.05 | 26.68 | 57.32 | 60.85 | 40.69 |
| $t_l= 60$ | 6.60 | 36.53 | 60.98 | 64.06 | 46.79 |
| $t_l= 100$ | 7.19 | 37.07 | 63.41 | 65.49 | 51.16 |
| $t_l= 150$ | 8.19 | 39.70 | 63.96 | 66.79 | 54.16 |

Table S5. The crystal Form I contents of five samples at different high annealing time (t_h)

| Time(min) | X _I (%) | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 23k | 109k | 201k | 360k | 710k |
| $t_h= 0$ | 0.21 | 2.35 | 7.62 | 9.44 | 4.04 |
| $t_h= 40$ | 1.45 | 11.08 | 34.25 | 37.66 | 19.71 |
| $t_h= 100$ | 2.41 | 20.84 | 49.77 | 53.30 | 32.96 |
| $t_h= 160$ | 4.24 | 29.51 | 57.17 | 59.97 | 41.21 |
| $t_h= 220$ | 6.07 | 36.34 | 61.21 | 64.33 | 46.15 |
| $t_h= 300$ | 12.43 | 44.45 | 64.19 | 67.40 | 49.93 |