NANOG/NANOGP8 Localizes at the Centrosome and Is Spatiotemporally Associated with Centriole Maturation

Erika Mikulenkova, Jakub Neradil, Ondrej Vymazal, Jan Skoda and Renata Veselska

Contents

Supplementary Figures

Figure S1. Unmerged images from Figure 1b.

Figure S2. Unmerged images from Figure 3a.

Figure S3. Unmerged images from Figure 3b.

Figure S4. Unmerged images from Figure 3c and Figure 4.

Figure S5. Western blot images of NANOG immunodetection in three biological replicates of the nuclear and cytoplasmic fractions of RD and NTERA-2 cells.

Figure S6. NANOG localization during the cell cycle.

Supplementary Tables

Table S1. Validation of anti-NANOG #ab109250 antibody specificity by mass spectrometry of immunoprecipitated NTERA-2 cells.

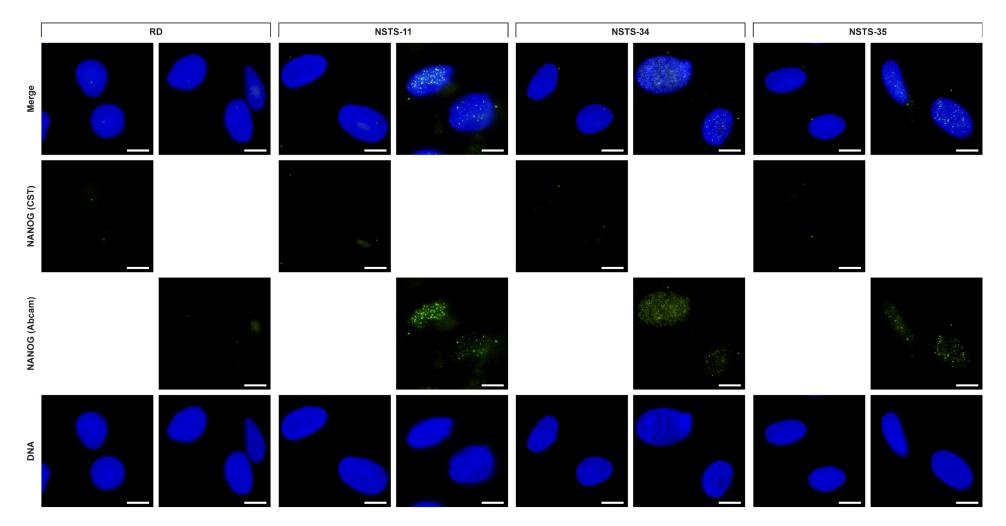


Figure S1. Unmerged images from Figure 1b. Localization of NANOG (green) was detected using two anti-NANOG antibodies (#4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST] and #ab109250, Abcam). The nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Scale bars, 10 µm.

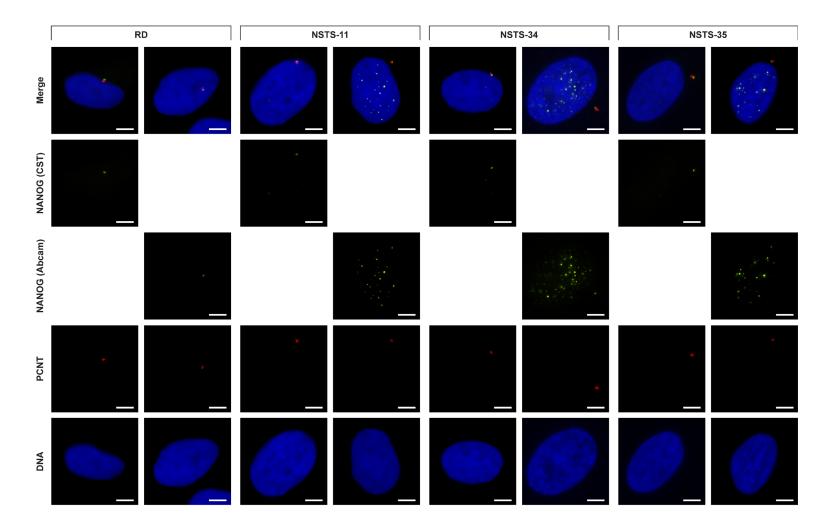


Figure S2. Unmerged images from Figure 3a. Localization of NANOG (green) was detected using two anti-NANOG antibodies (#4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST] and #ab109250, Abcam) and anti-pericentrin antibody (PCNT; red). The nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Scale bars, 5 µm.

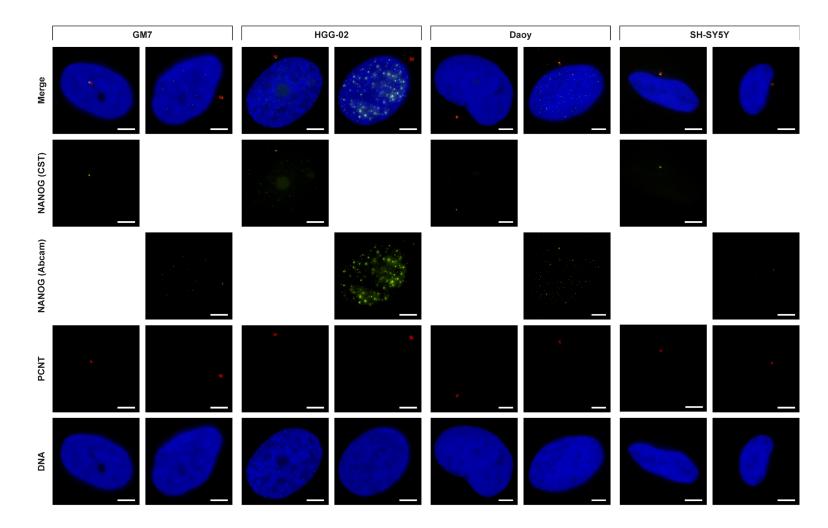


Figure S3. Unmerged images from Figure 3b. Localization of NANOG (green) was detected using two anti-NANOG antibodies (#4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST] and #ab109250, Abcam) and anti-pericentrin antibody (PCNT; red). The nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Scale bars, 5 µm.

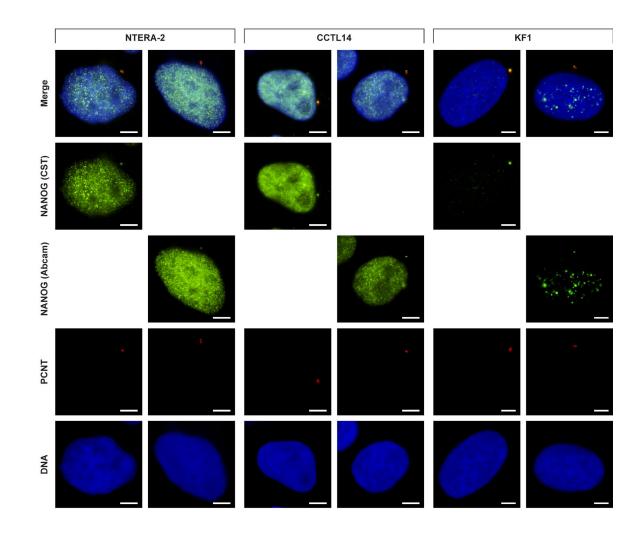


Figure S4. Unmerged images from Figure 3c and Figure 4. Localization of NANOG (green) was detected using two anti-NANOG antibodies (#4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST] and #ab109250, Abcam) and anti-pericentrin antibody (PCNT; red). The nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). Scale bars, 5 µm.

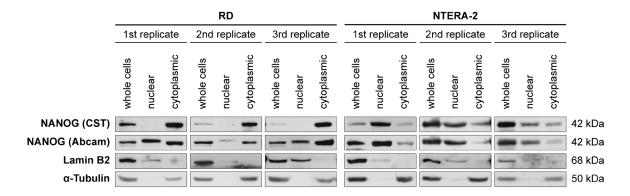


Figure S5. Western blot images of NANOG immunodetection in three biological replicates of the nuclear and cytoplasmic fractions of RD and NTERA-2 cells. Nuclear/cytoplasmic fractionation followed by immunoblotting was performed using two independent anti-NANOG commercial antibodies (#4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST] and #ab109250, Abcam). Lamin B2 and α -tubulin served as controls of the nuclear fraction and cytoplasmic fraction purity, respectively.

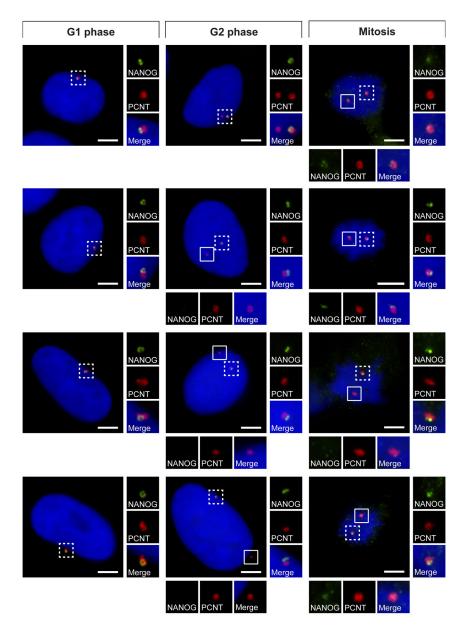


Figure S6. NANOG localization during the cell cycle. NANOG (green; #4903, Cell Signaling Technology [CST]) colocalized with one centrosome (pericentrin, PCNT; red) only during G1 and G2 phases but with both centrosomes (pericentrin, PCNT; red) during mitosis. The nuclei were counterstained with Hoechst 33342 (blue). For each image, regions of interest are indicated by the dashed and solid boxes, and the close-ups are provided on the right and below, respectively. Scale bars, 5 µm.

| Accession | Gene | Gene symbol | Peptides Count | Spectra Count |
|-----------|--|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| P35580 | Myosin-10 | MYH10 | 45 | 144 |
| Q13813 | Spectrin alpha chain, non-erythrocytic 1 | SPTAN1 | 31 | 70 |
| Q01082 | Spectrin beta chain, non-erythrocytic 1 | SPTBN1 | 23 | 51 |
| P35579 | Myosin-9 | МҮН9 | 14 | 42 |
| Q16643 | Drebrin | DBN1 | 13 | 38 |
| P11142 | Heat shock cognate 71 kDa protein | HSPA8 | 11 | 41 |
| Q8TEW0 | Partitioning defective 3 homolog | PARD3 | 10 | 23 |
| P05787 | Keratin, type II cytoskeletal 8 | KRT8 | 9 | 30 |
| P10809 | 60 kDa heat shock protein, mitochondrial | HSPD1 | 8 | 20 |
| P14866 | Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein L | HNRNPL | 8 | 43 |
| P25705 | ATP synthase subunit alpha, mitochondrial | ATP5F1A | 8 | 33 |
| Q9UQ35 | Serine/arginine repetitive matrix protein 2 | SRRM2 | 8 | 12 |
| O15164 | Transcription intermediary factor 1-alpha | TRIM24 | 7 | 30 |
| P05783 | Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 18 | KRT18 | 7 | 26 |
| O00264 | Membrane-associated progesterone receptor component 1 | PGRMC1 | 5 | 13 |
| P04843 | Dolichyl-diphosphooligosaccharideprotein glycosyltransferase subunit 1 | RPN1 | 5 | 11 |
| P11021 | Endoplasmic reticulum chaperone BiP | HSPA5 | 5 | 7 |
| P60660 | Myosin light polypeptide 6 | MYL6 | 5 | 18 |
| P78527 | DNA-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit | PRKDC | 5 | 8 |
| Q00839 | Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein U | HNRNPU | 5 | 8 |
| Q07157 | Tight junction protein ZO-1 | TJP1 | 5 | 9 |
| Q92734 | Protein TFG | TFG | 5 | 22 |
| P01870 | Ig gamma chain C region | | 4 | 23 |
| P04406 | Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase | GAPDH | 4 | 16 |
| P08670 | Vimentin | VIM | 4 | 8 |
| P09493 | Tropomyosin alpha-1 chain | TPM1 | 4 | 28 |
| P35221 | Catenin alpha-1 | CTNNA1 | 4 | 5 |
| P43243 | Matrin-3 | MATR3 | 4 | 5 |
| P61978 | Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein K | HNRNPK | 4 | 8 |
| P62805 | Histone H4 | HIST1H4A | 4 | 32 |
| Q9H444 | Charged multivesicular body protein 4b | CHMP4B | 4 | 14 |

Table S1. Validation of anti-NANOG #ab109250 antibody specificity by mass spectrometry of immunoprecipitated NTERA-2 cells.

| Accession | Gene | Gene symbol | Peptides Count | Spectra Count |
|-------------|---|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| Q9NYL9 | Tropomodulin-3 | TMOD3 | 4 | 5 |
| P05023 | Sodium/potassium-transporting ATPase subunit alpha-1 | ATP1A1 | 3 | 5 |
| P23396 | 40S ribosomal protein S3 | RPS3 | 3 | 9 |
| P35613 | Basigin | BSG | 3 | 12 |
| P46779 | 60S ribosomal protein L28 | RPL28 | 3 | 5 |
| P49411 | Elongation factor Tu, mitochondrial | TUFM | 3 | 7 |
| P52272 | Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein M | HNRNPM | 3 | 7 |
| P56747 | Claudin-6 | CLDN6 | 3 | 10 |
| Q07020 | 60S ribosomal protein L18 | RPL18 | 3 | 9 |
| Q07955 | Serine/arginine-rich splicing factor 1 | SRSF1 | 3 | 5 |
| Q15393 | Splicing factor 3B subunit 3 | SF3B3 | 3 | 4 |
| Q16629 | Serine/arginine-rich splicing factor 7 | SRSF7 | 3 | 13 |
| Q2KHR3 | Glutamine and serine-rich protein 1 | QSER1 | 3 | 6 |
| Q5PRF9 | Protein Smaug homolog 2 | SAMD4B | 3 | 4 |
| Q6NSW7 | Homeobox protein NANOGP8 | NANOGP8 | 3 | 6 |
| | GKQPTSAENSVAK (NANOGP8) | | | |
| | QPTSAENSVAK (NANOGP8) | | | |
| | TVFSSTQLCVLNDR (NANOG, NANOGP1 and NANOGP8) | | | |
| 075569 | Interferon-inducible double-stranded RNA-dependent protein kinase activator A | PRKRA | 2 | 3 |
| P04792 | Heat shock protein beta-1 | HSPB1 | 2 | 8 |
| P06753 | Tropomyosin alpha-3 chain | ТРМ3 | 2 | 11 |
| P09496 | Clathrin light chain A | CLTA | 2 | 4 |
| P17302 | Gap junction alpha-1 protein | GJA1 | 2 | 8 |
| P35232 | Prohibitin | РНВ | 2 | 3 |
| P36578 | 60S ribosomal protein L4 | RPL4 | 2 | 5 |
| P46776 | 60S ribosomal protein L27a | RPL27A | 2 | 7 |
| P46782 | 40S ribosomal protein S5 | RPS5 | 2 | 5 |
| P63244 | Receptor of activated protein C kinase 1 | RACK1 | 2 | 3 |
| P78310 | Coxsackievirus and adenovirus receptor | CXADR | 2 | 8 |
| Q00796 | Sorbitol dehydrogenase | SORD | 2 | 8 |
| ~ Q14257 | Reticulocalbin-2 | RCN2 | 2 | 5 |
| ~ Q15392 | Delta(24)-sterol reductase | DHCR24 | 2 | 12 |
| Q9BWH2 | FUN14 domain-containing protein 2 | FUNDC2 | 2 | 6 |