

Supplementary Materials: Effectiveness of SO_x, NO_x, and Primary Particulate Matter Control Strategies in the Improvement of Ambient PM Concentration in Taiwan

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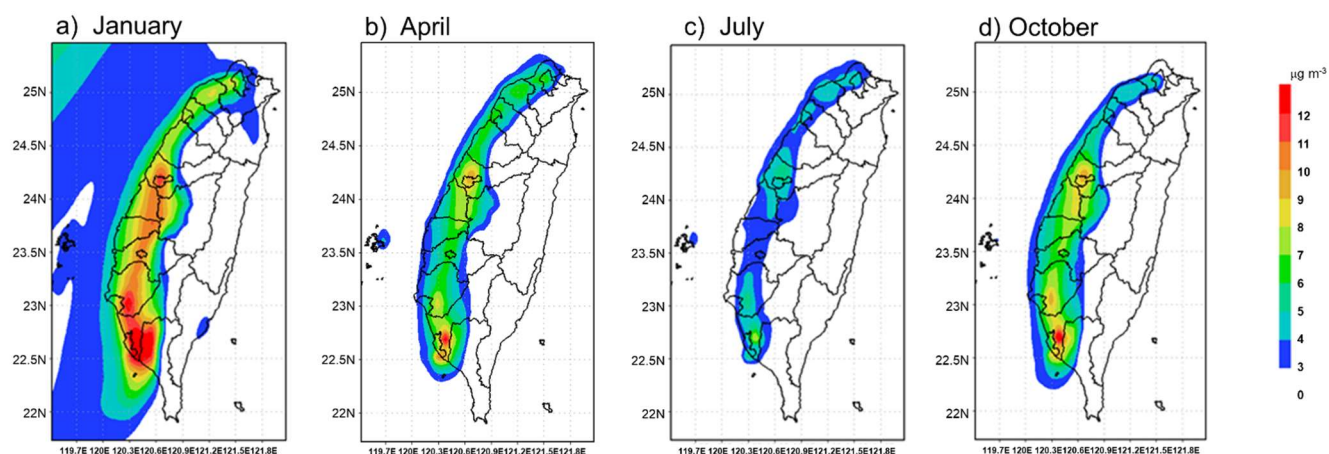


Figure S1. The stimulation of primary PM_{2.5} concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the baseline year condition.

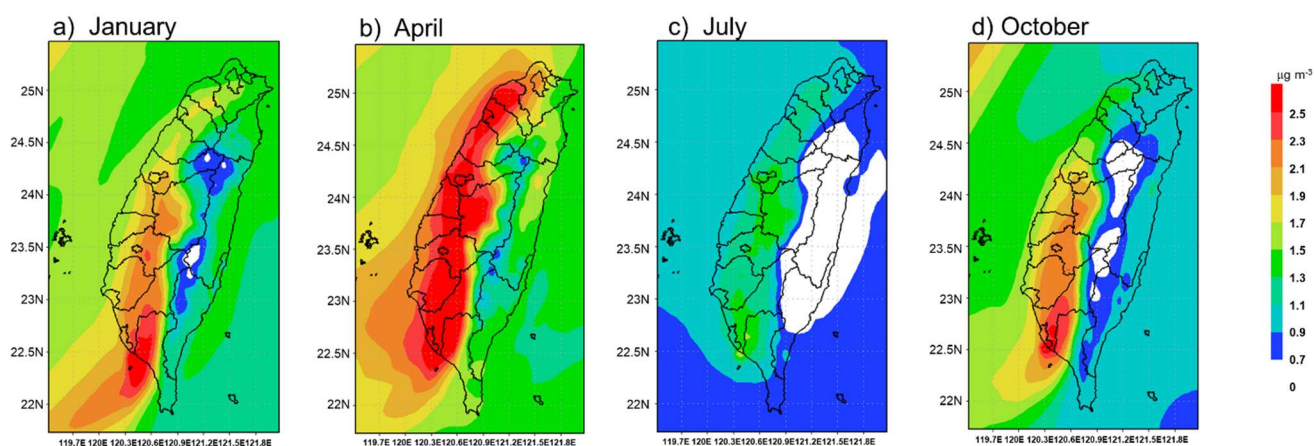


Figure S2. The stimulation of sulfate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the baseline year condition.

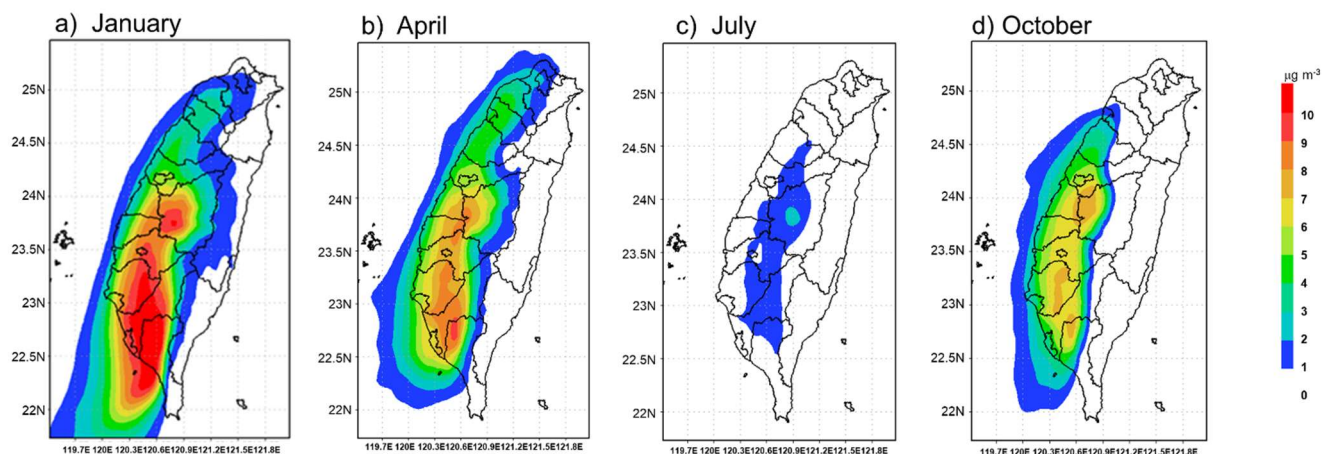


Figure S3. The stimulation of nitrate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the baseline year condition.

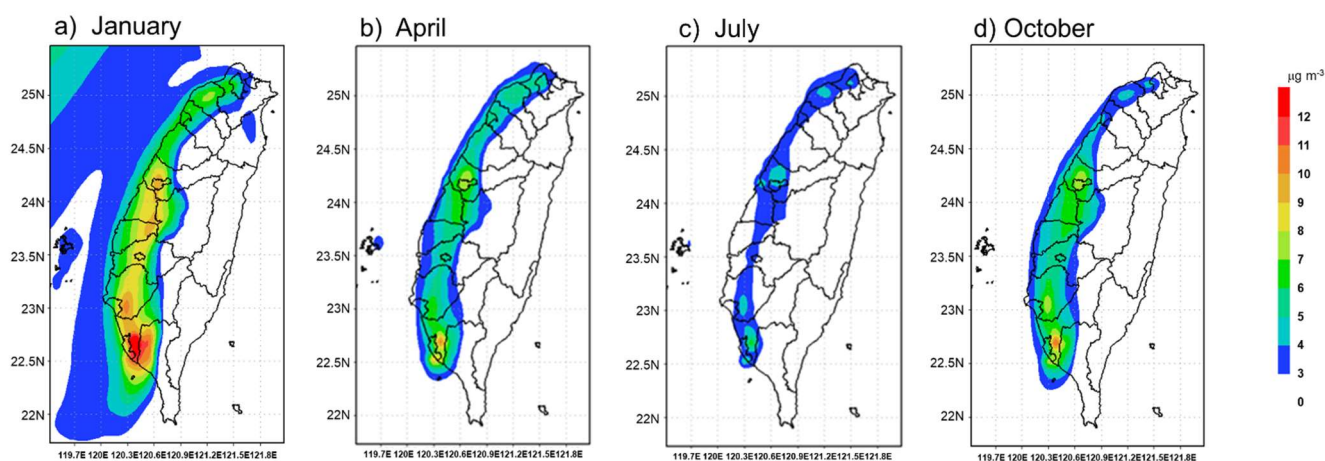


Figure S4. The stimulation of primary $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under Scenario II.

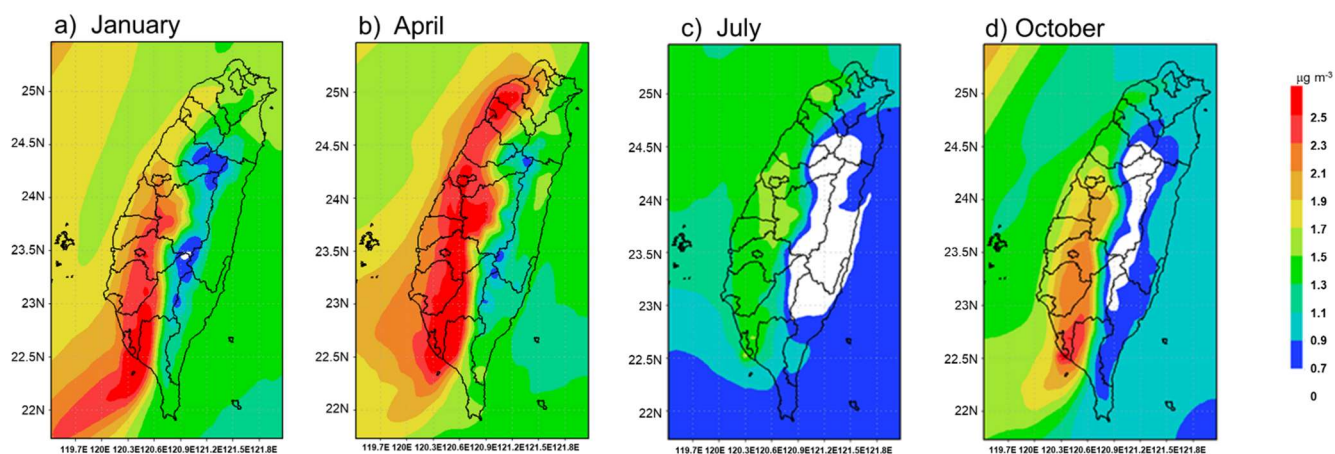


Figure S5. The stimulation of sulfate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the scenario II.

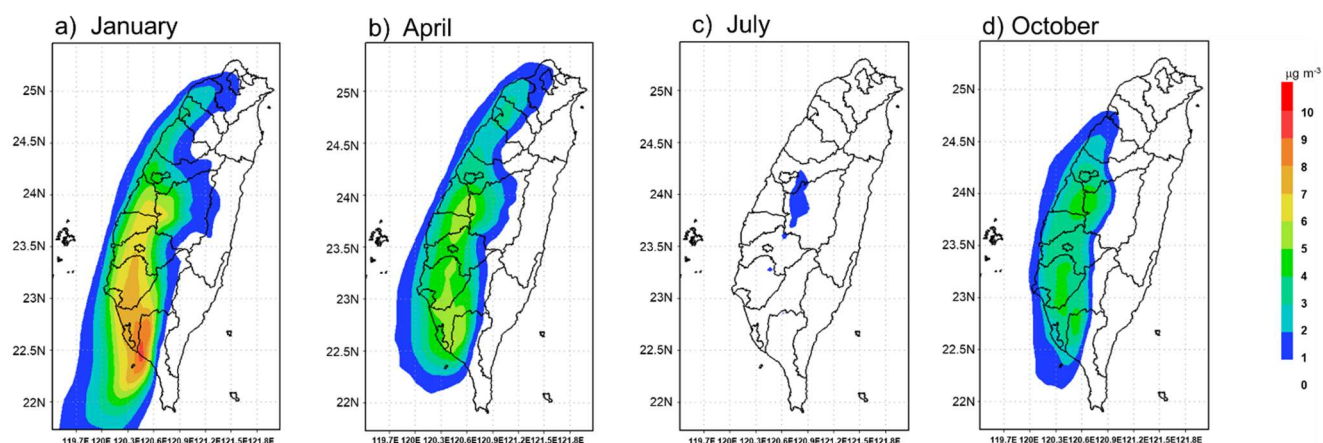


Figure S6. The stimulation of nitrate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under Scenario II.

Pollutants	Scenario II (SII) — Figure. 5	Scenario III (SIII) — Figure. 6	Difference between SII and SIII
PM _{2.5} (ton y ⁻¹)			
SOx (ton y ⁻¹)			

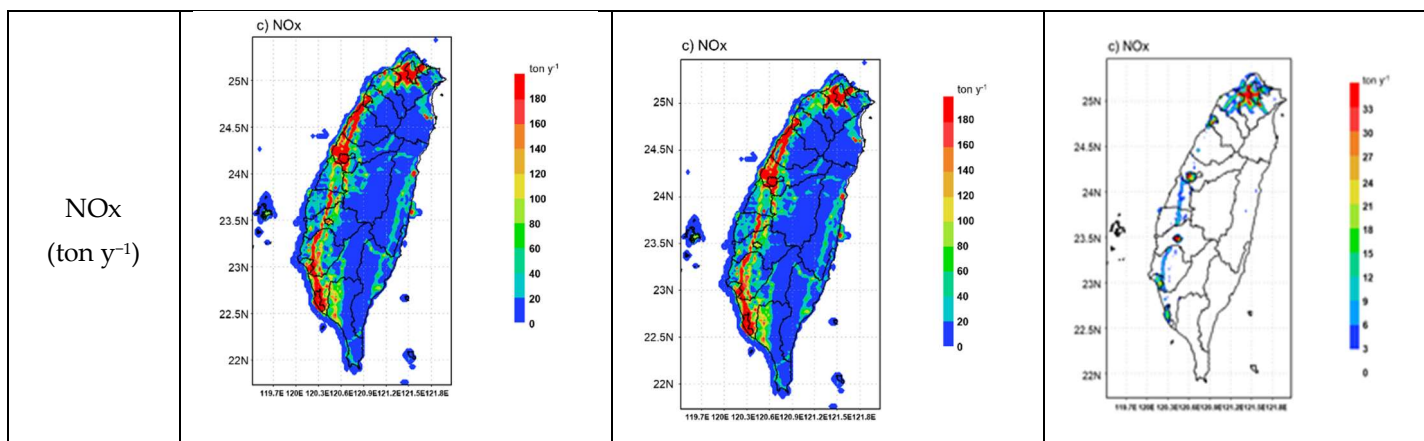


Figure S7. Comparison the differences of Scenario II and III. (a) PM_{2.5}; (b) Sox; (c) NOx

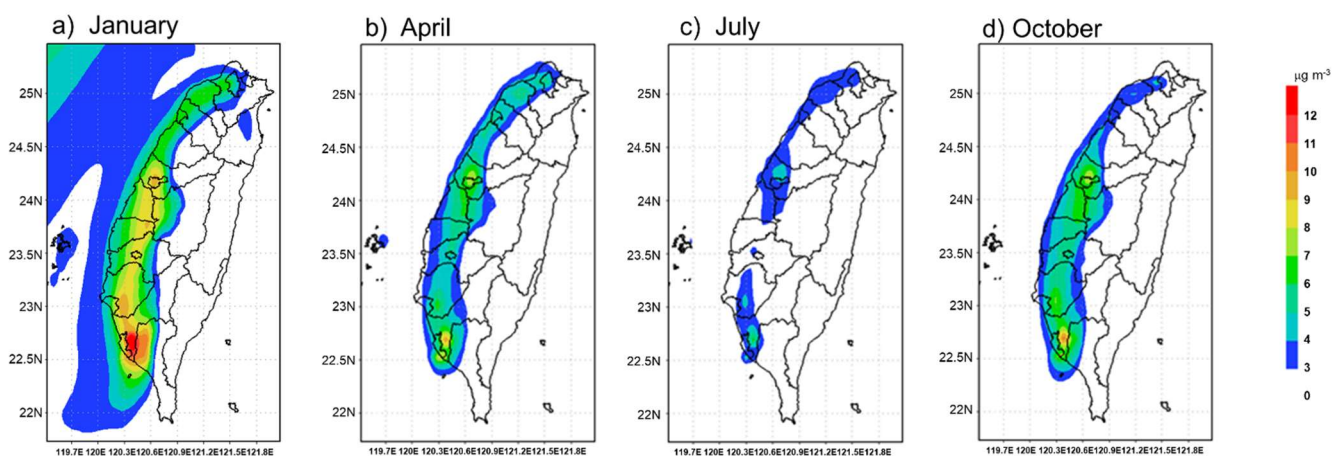


Figure S8. The stimulation of Primary PM_{2.5} concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the scenario III.

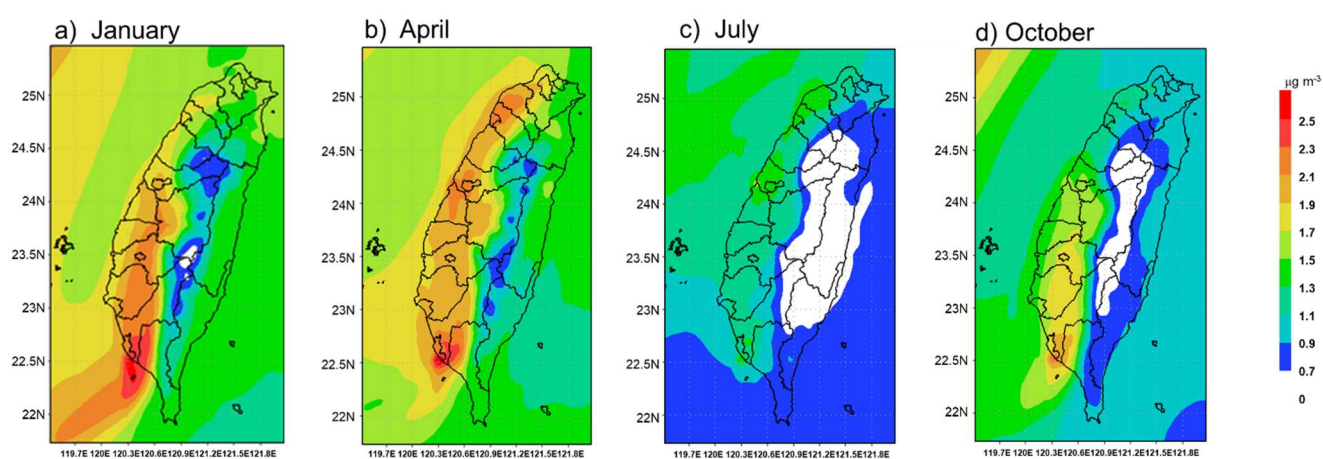


Figure S9. The stimulation of sulfate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the scenario III.

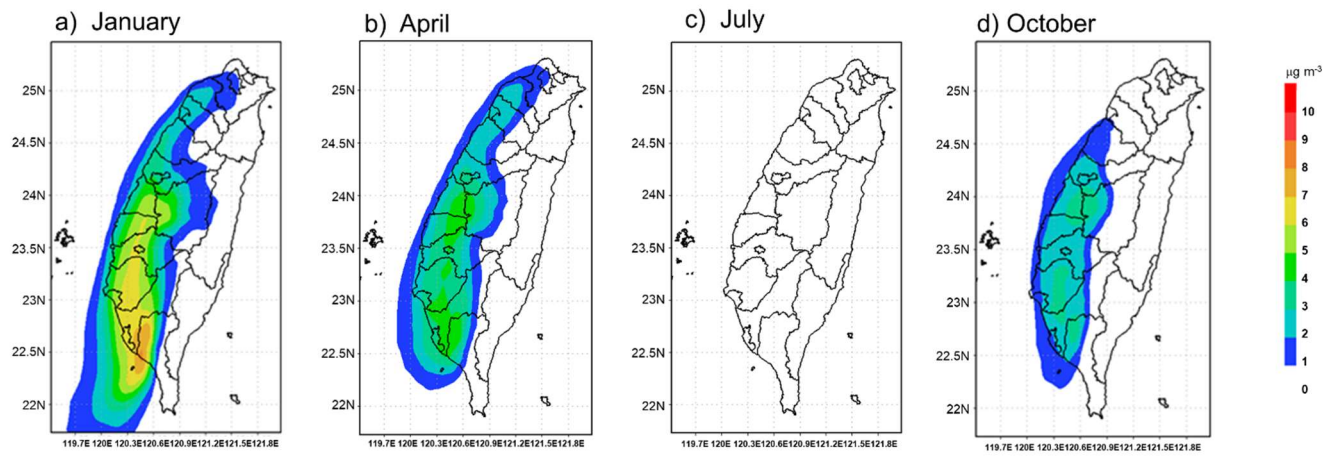


Figure S10. The stimulation of Nitrate concentrations for January (a), April (b), July (c) and October (d) under the scenario III.