



Correction

Correction: Almashaqbeh, O., et al., Removal of Selected Pharmaceuticals and Personal Care Products in Wastewater Treatment Plant in Jordan. *Water* 2019, 11, 2004

Othman Al-Mashaqbeh ^{1,*} , Diya Alsafadi ², Sahar Dalahmeh ³, Shannon Bartelt-Hunt ⁴ and Daniel Snow ⁵ 

¹ Water and Environment Centre, Royal Scientific Society, Amman 11941, Jordan

² Testing Sector, Royal Scientific Society, Amman 11941, Jordan; DiyaAlhaq.Alsafadi@rss.jo

³ Department of Energy and Technology, Swedish University of Agricultural Sciences, SE 75007 Uppsala, Sweden; sahar.dalahmeh@slu.se

⁴ College of Engineering, University of Nebraska–Lincoln, Omaha, NE 68588, USA; sbartelt@unl.edu

⁵ Water Sciences Laboratory, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, NE 68583, USA; dsnow1@unl.edu

* Correspondence: othman.mashaqbeh@rss.jo

Received: 6 March 2020; Accepted: 10 March 2020; Published: 15 April 2020



The authors wish to make the following corrections to this paper [1]: The authors realized that the reported values of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) influent and effluent (517 and 127 mg/L) on 17 June 2017 in Table 2 are incorrect:

Table 2. Wastewater quality and operating conditions for the influent and effluent in As-Samra WWTP during sample collection.

| Sampling Date | Flow Rate (m ³ /day) | Sampling Point | pH | Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), (mg/L) | Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD5), (mg/L) | Total Suspended Solids (TSS), (mg/L) | Total Nitrogen (T-N), (mg/L) | Total Phosphorus (T-P), (mg/L) |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 17 June 2017 | 322246 | Influent | 7.29 | 517 | 620 | 480 | 96 | 11.4 |
| | | Effluent | 7.02 | 127 | 8 | 18.0 | 12.2 | 2.2 |
| 6 July 2017 | 336045 | Influent | 7.11 | 1183 | 540 | 501 | 98 | 11.3 |
| | | Effluent | 7.10 | 44.5 | 5 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 6.5 |

The corrected values of COD influent and effluent on 17 June 2017 are 1247 & 51.7 mg/L, as shown below:

Table 2. Wastewater quality and operating conditions for the influent and effluent in As-Samra WWTP during sample collection.

| Sampling Date | Flow Rate (m ³ /day) | Sampling Point | pH | Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD), (mg/L) | Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD5), (mg/L) | Total Suspended Solids (TSS), (mg/L) | Total Nitrogen (T-N), (mg/L) | Total Phosphorus (T-P), (mg/L) |
|---------------|---------------------------------|----------------|------|--------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 17 June 2017 | 322246 | Influent | 7.29 | 1247 | 620 | 480 | 96 | 11.4 |
| | | Effluent | 7.02 | 51.7 | 8 | 18.0 | 12.2 | 2.2 |
| 6 July 2017 | 336045 | Influent | 7.11 | 1183 | 540 | 501 | 98 | 11.3 |
| | | Effluent | 7.10 | 44.5 | 5 | 10.0 | 14.4 | 6.5 |

The authors would like to apologize for any inconvenience caused to the readers by these changes.

References

1. Al-Mashaqbeh, O.; Alsafadi, D.; Dalahmeh, S.; Bartelt-Hunt, S.; Snow, D. Removal of Selected Pharmaceuticals and Personal Care Products in Wastewater Treatment Plant in Jordan. *Water* **2019**, *11*, 2004. [[CrossRef](#)]



© 2020 by the authors. Licensee MDPI, Basel, Switzerland. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).