

Supplementary Materials: Microbial Surface Biofilm Responds to the Growth-Reproduction-Senescence Cycle of the Dominant Coral Reef Macroalgae *Sargassum* spp.

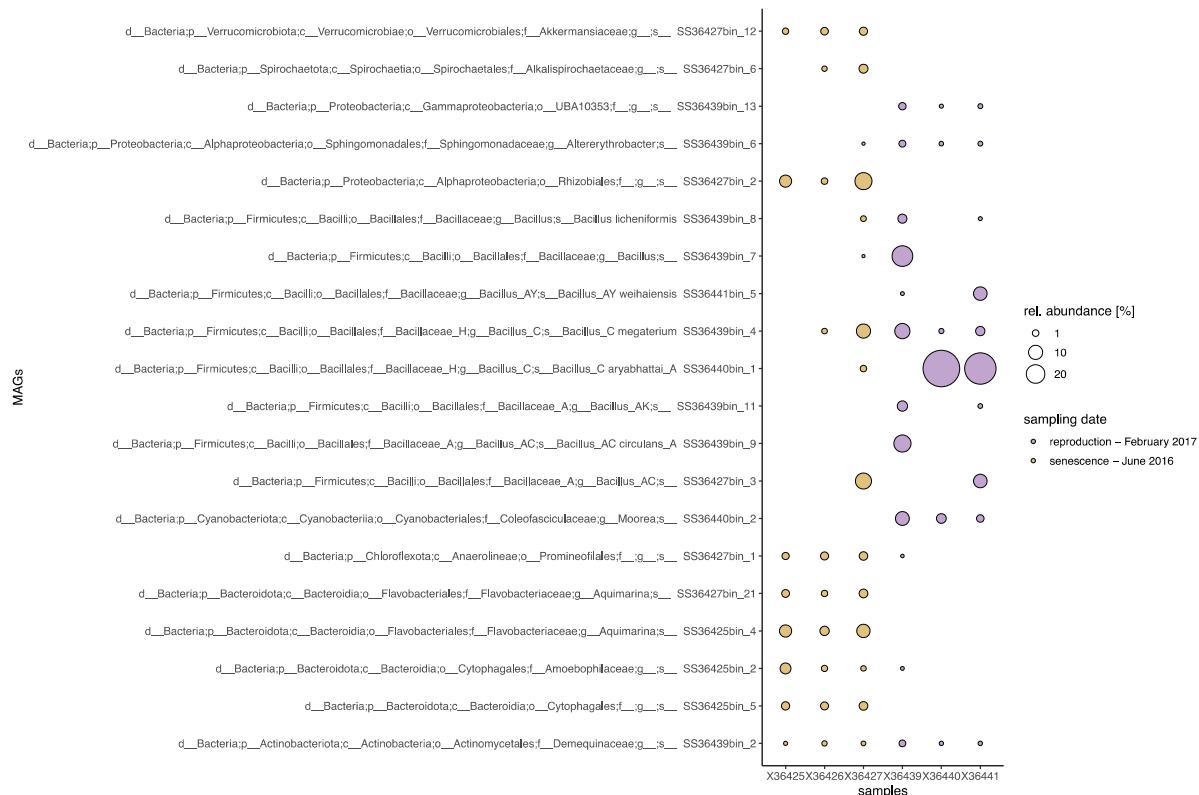


Figure S1. Relative abundances of previously reconstructed metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs) from the *Sargassum* spp. biofilm [51]. Adapter-trimmed metagenomic reads, originating from *Sargassum* spp. biofilm samples collected in June 2016 ('senescence' stage) and February 2017 ('reproduction' stage), were mapped against 20 high quality MAGs with coverM v0.2.0 (<https://github.com/wwood/CoverM>) using a 75% minimum alignment and 95% minimum identity threshold.



Figure S2. Overview of the microbial community profile confirms the representativeness of the retrieved metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs). The microbial community profiles were generated by extracting 16S rRNA gene fragments of adapter-trimmed metagenome reads using GraftM v0.12.0, (<https://github.com/geronimp/graftM>). The bubbleplot displays only the microbial taxa with a relative abundance >0.1%.

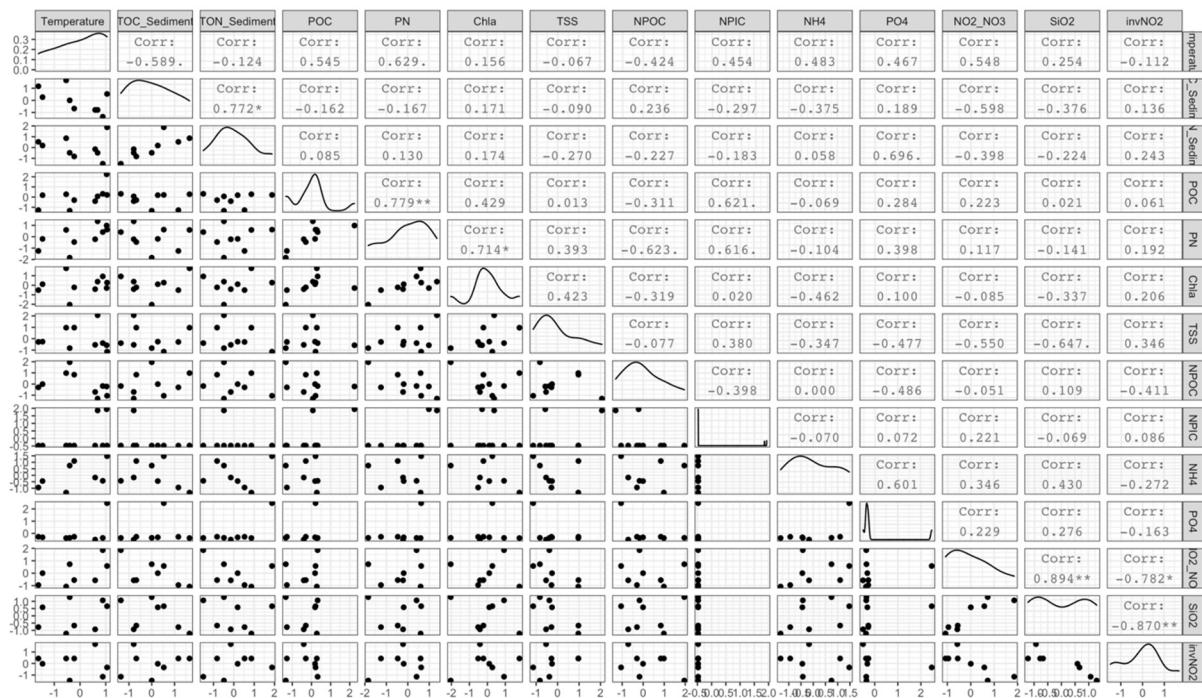


Figure S3. Correlation matrix for environmental parameters collected at Geoffrey Bay computed with Pearson correlation. Correlation threshold set to values equal to or above 0.7 or values equal to or below -0.7. Values meeting these criteria are marked with asterisks.

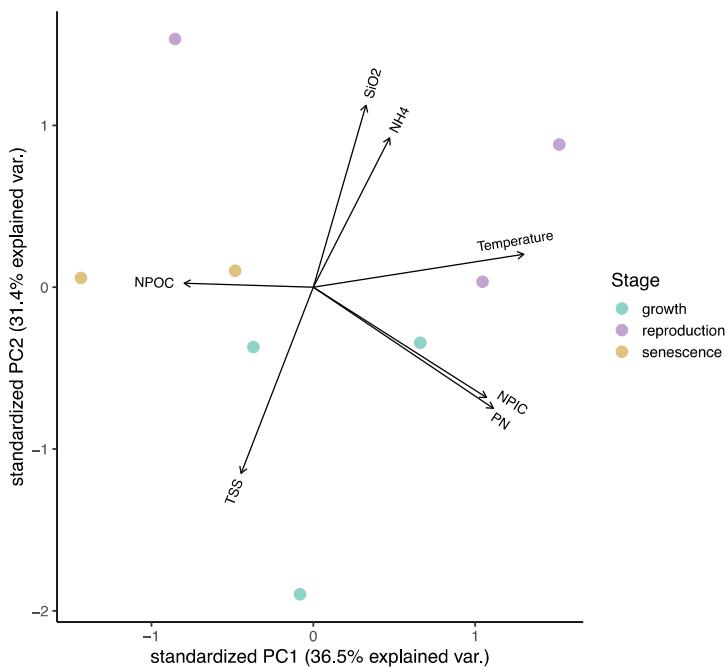


Figure S4. Principal Component Analysis (PCA) of environmental metadata displaying seawater parameters that significantly vary between sampling time points. Color indicates the growth-reproduction-senescence stage of the host. The selected seawater parameters include: NPOC = non-purgeable organic carbon, TSS = total suspended solids, PN = particulate nitrogen, NPIC = non-purgeable inorganic carbon, SiO2 = Silica, NH4 = ammonium concentration, and seawater temperature.

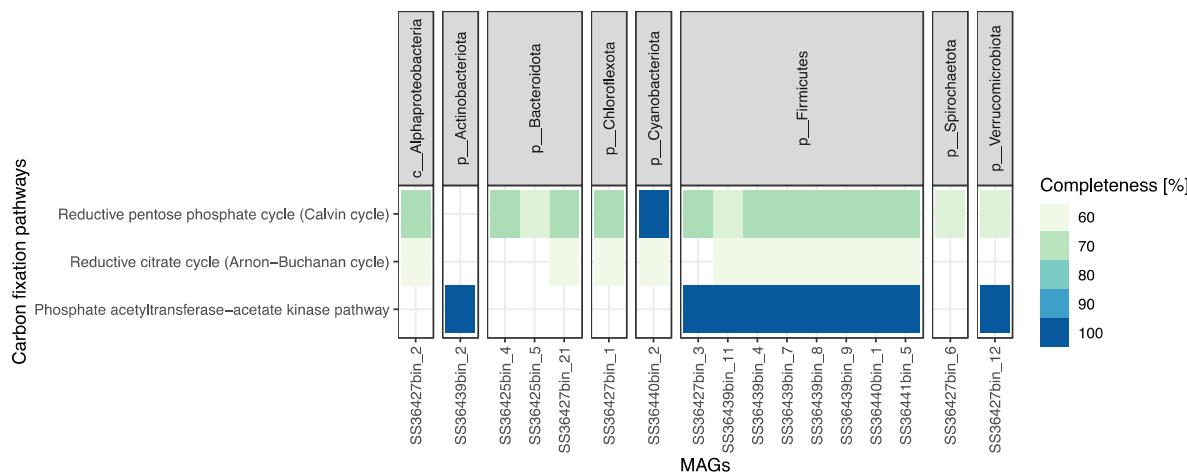


Figure S5. Carbon fixation pathways detected in recovered metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs). Colour indicates the completeness (in percent) of KEGG modules.

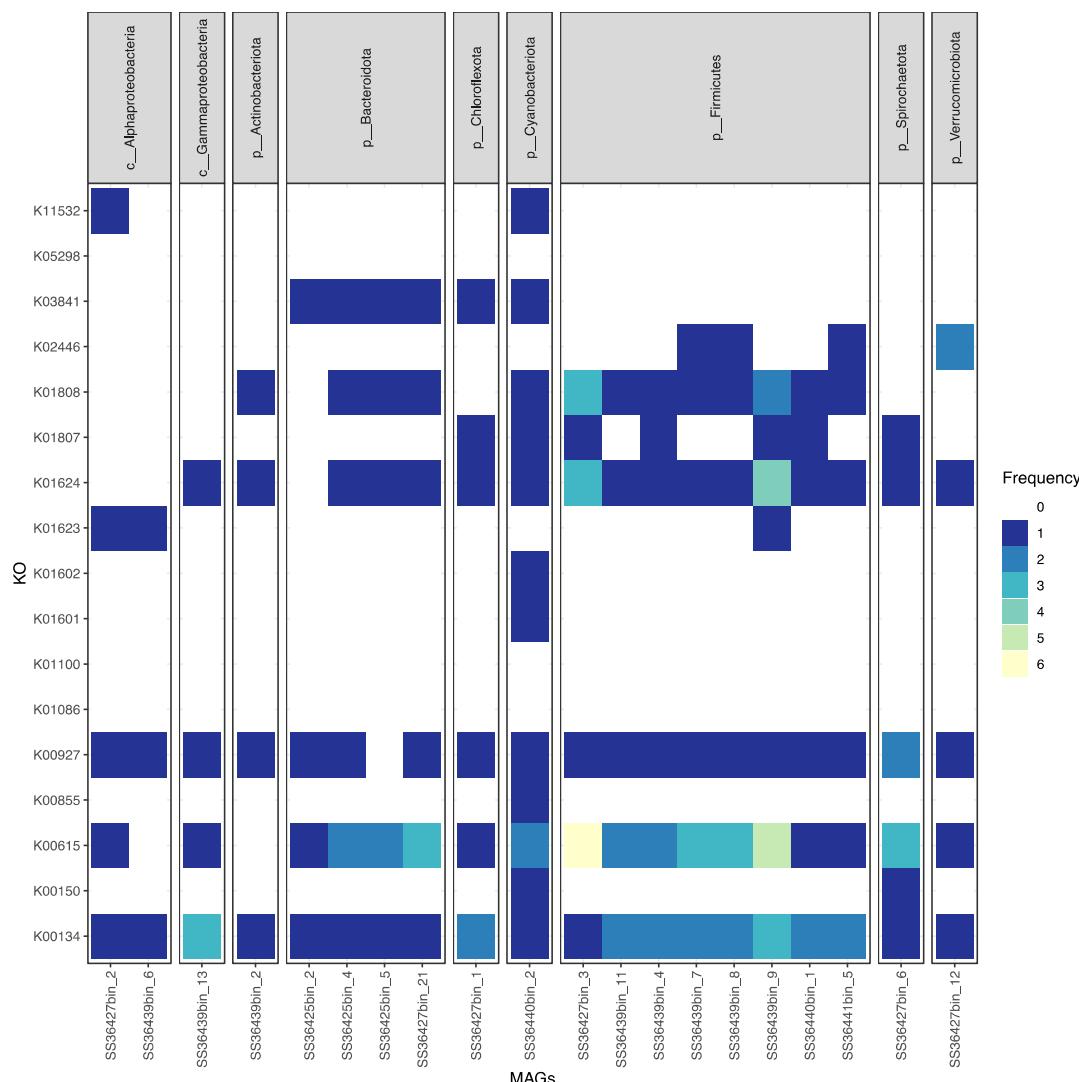


Figure S6. Copy number (frequency) of annotated KEGG KOs associated with autotrophic carbon fixation via the Calvin Cycle for recovered metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs).

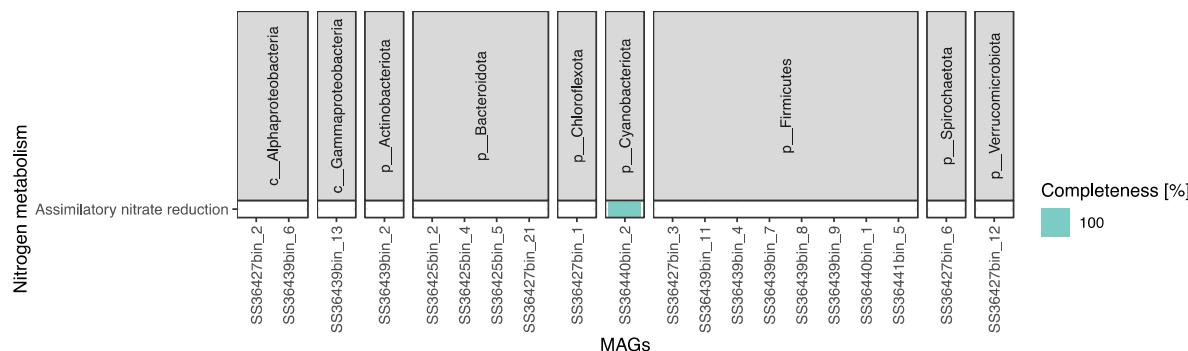


Figure S7. Nitrogen related KEGG modules detected in recovered metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs). Colour indicates the completeness (in percent) of KEGG modules.

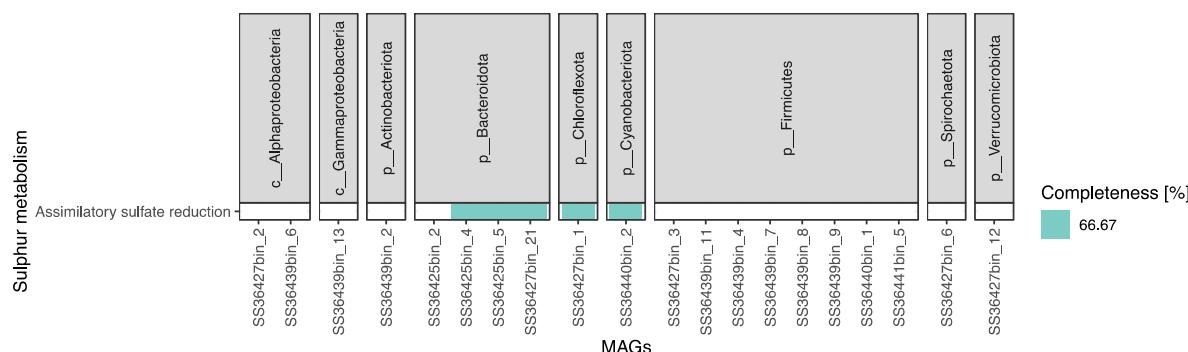


Figure S8. Sulphur related KEGG modules detected in recovered metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs). Colour indicates the completeness (in percent) of KEGG modules.

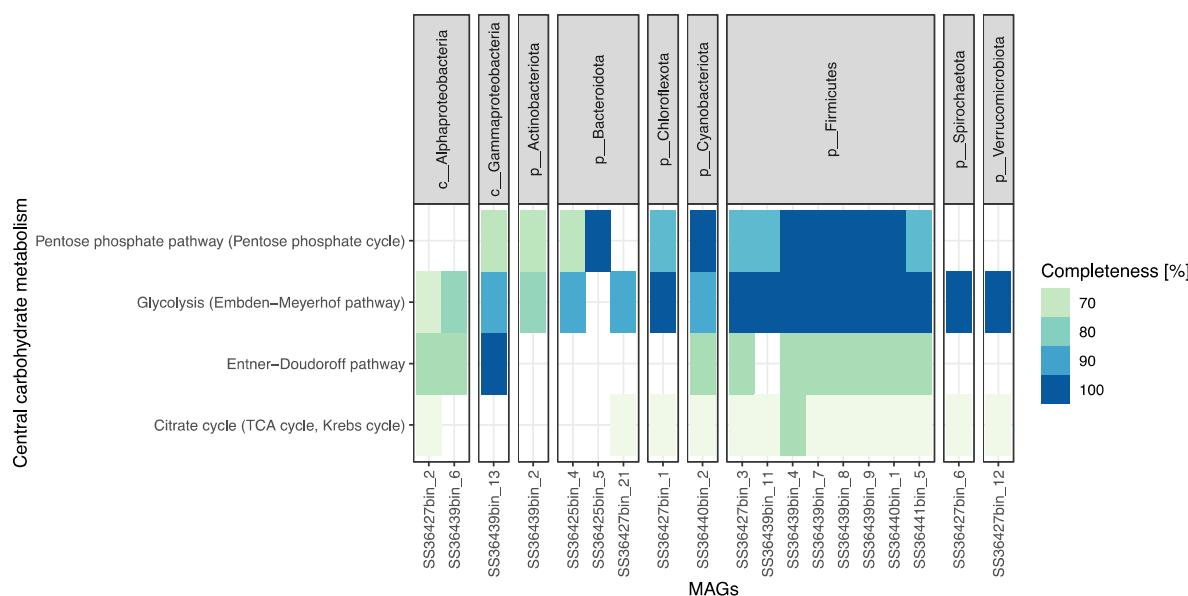


Figure S9. Central carbohydrate metabolism related KEGG modules detected in recovered metagenome assembled genomes (MAGs). Colour indicates the completeness (in percent) of KEGG modules.

Table S1. Permutational Analysis of Variance for abiotic factors of the distance-based Redundancy Analysis (db-RDA) significantly explaining observed compositional variations of the *Sargassum* spp. biofilm community.

<i>Sargassum</i> sp.					
Variable	R2.adj	Df	AIC	F	Pf(<F)
Temperature	0.02502	1	57.197	1.5917	0.002 **
NH4	0.041662	1	57.669	1.3806	0.006 **
NPOC	0.056169	1	58.132	1.3228	0.02 *
TSS	0.070895	1	58.524	1.317	0.024 *
SiO2	0.092072	1	58.673	1.4432	0.018 *

Table S2. Taxonomic affiliation, completeness, contamination and genome size of each individual metagenome assembled genome (MAG) retrieved from *Sargassum* spp. biofilm samples.

MAG ID	GTDB-tk Taxonomy	Completeness		Contamination In %	Genome Size (bp)
		In %	In %		
SS36425bin_2	d_Bacteria;p_Bacteroidota;c_Bacteroidia;o_Cytophagales;f_Amoebophilaceae;g_UBA8403;s_-	79.4	0.55	1098163	
SS36425bin_4	d_Bacteria;p_Bacteroidota;c_Bacteroidia;o_Flavobacteriales;f_Flavobacteriae;g_Aquimarin;a;s_-	82.71	9.78	1865337	
SS36425bin_5	d_Bacteria;p_Bacteroidota;c_Bacteroidia;o_Cytophagales;f_UBA9547;g_s_-	75.95	3	3635561	
SS36427bin_1	d_Bacteria;p_Chloroflexota;c_Anaeolineae;o_Promineofilales;f_Promineoflaceae;g_s_-	98.18	3.64	5809359	
SS36427bin_12	d_Bacteria;p_Verrucomicrobiota;c_Verrucomicrobiae;o_Verrucomicrobiales;f_Akkermansiaceae;g_s_-	87.33	2.38	2711003	
SS36427bin_2	d_Bacteria;p_Proteobacteria;c_Alphaproteobacteria;o_Rhizobiales;f_g_s_-	92	0.2	2305540	
SS36427bin_21	d_Bacteria;p_Bacteroidota;c_Bacteroidia;o_Flavobacteriales;f_Flavobacteriae;g_Aquimarin;a;s_-	78.54	3.26	2093196	
SS36427bin_3	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae_A;g_Bacillus_AC;s_-	92.78	0.86	5236246	
SS36427bin_6	d_Bacteria;p_Spirochaetota;c_Spirochaetia;o_Spirochaetales;f_Alkalispirochaeaceae;g_s_-	93.2	0	1422575	
SS36439bin_11	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae_A;g_Bacillus_AK;s_-	80.78	2.03	2922325	
SS36439bin_13	d_Bacteria;p_Proteobacteria;c_Gammaproteobacteria;o_UTA10353;f_UTA7415;g_UTA7415;s_-	87.79	10.98	2595422	
SS36439bin_2	d_Bacteria;p_Actinobacteriota;c_Actinobacteria;o_Actinomycetales;f_Demiquinaceae;g_s_-	85.83	0	1084055	
SS36439bin_4	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae_H;g_Bacillus_C;s_Bacillus_C_megaterium	99.43	0.03	4845095	
SS36439bin_6	d_Bacteria;p_Proteobacteria;c_Alphaproteobacteria;o_Sphingomonadales;f_Sphingomonadaceae;g_Altererythrobacter;s_-	80.01	1.87	2395843	
SS36439bin_7	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae;g_Bacillus;s_-	81.03	0	3980272	
SS36439bin_8	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae;g_Bacillus;s_Bacillus_licheniformis	97.8	0	4078403	
SS36439bin_9	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae_A;g_Bacillus_AC;s_Bacillus_AC_circulans_A	92.78	2.79	5551538	
SS36440bin_1	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae_H;g_Bacillus_C;s_Bacillus_C_aryabhattai_A	99.43	0	3974674	
SS36440bin_2	d_Bacteria;p_Cyanobacteriota;c_Cyanobacterii;o_Cyanobacteriales;f_Coleofasciculaceae;g_Moorea;s_-	98.44	0.81	7749996	

SS36441bin_5	d_Bacteria;p_Firmicutes;c_Bacilli;o_Bacillales;f_Bacillaceae;g_Bacillus_AY; s_Bacillus_AY weihaiensis	98.97	2.35	4791764
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