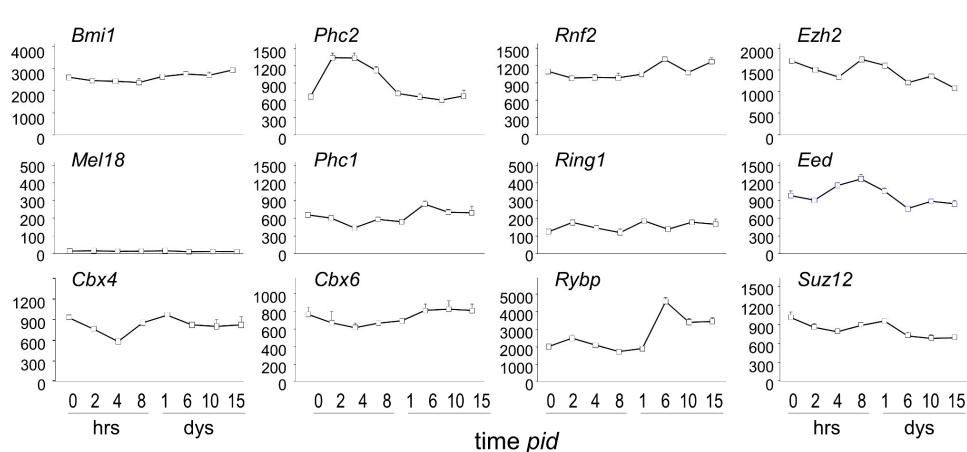
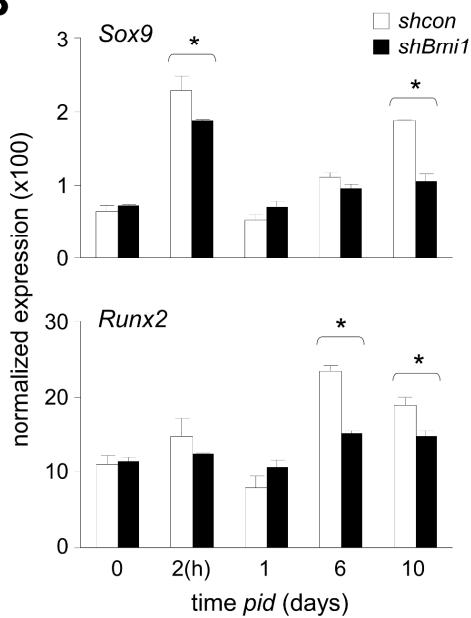
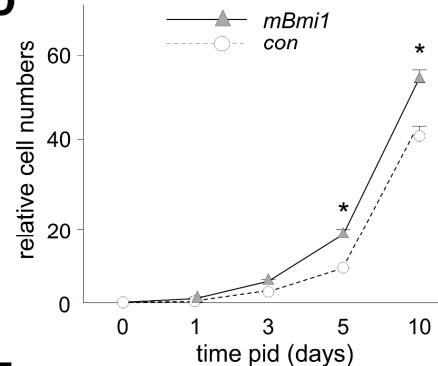
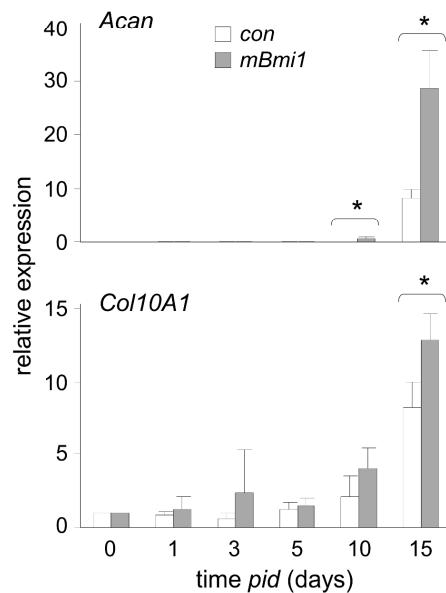
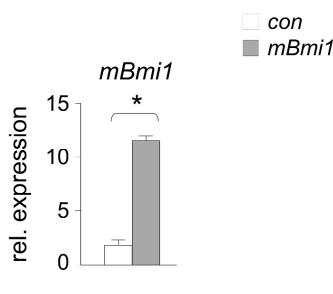


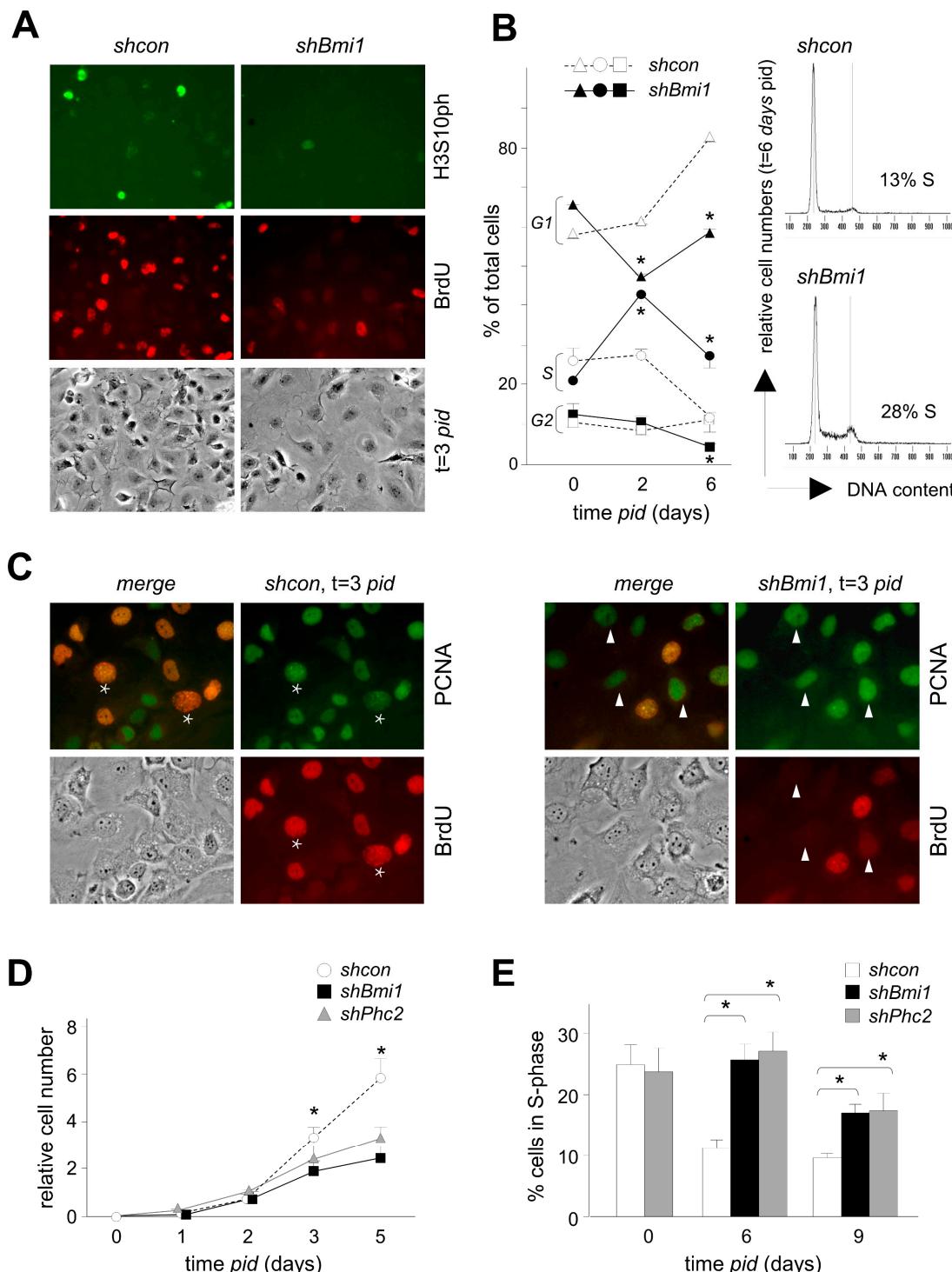
Article

# Supplementary Materials: PRC1 Prevents Replication Stress during Chondrogenic Transit Amplification

**A**

**B**

**D**

**E**

**C**


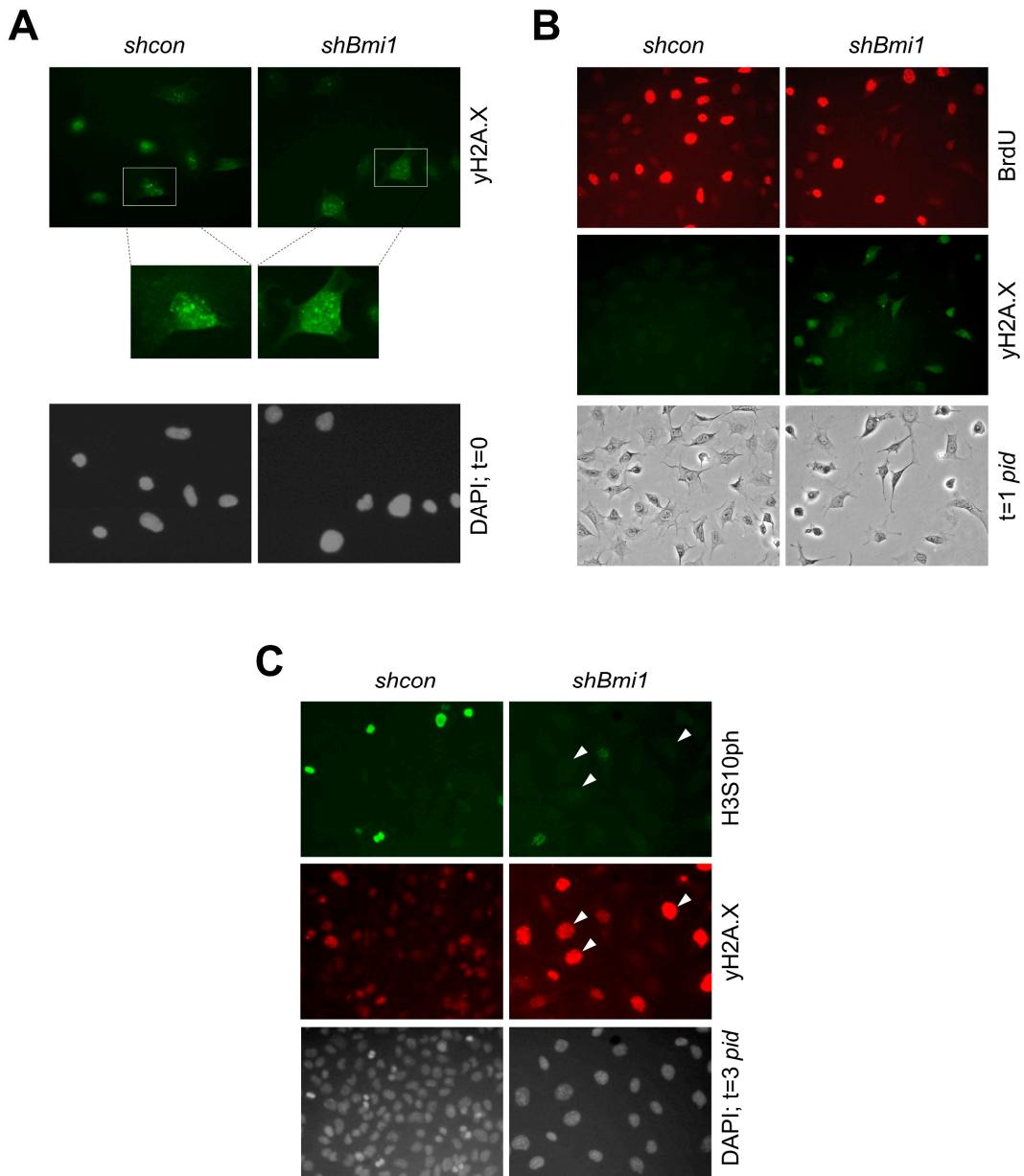
**Figure S1.** BMI1 is required for chondrogenic differentiation. (A) Array expression analysis of PRC1 genes during chondrogenesis; *Bmi1*, *Mel18*, *Phc* (polyhomeotic homologs 1 and 2), *Ring1* (*Rnf2*, *Ring1*),

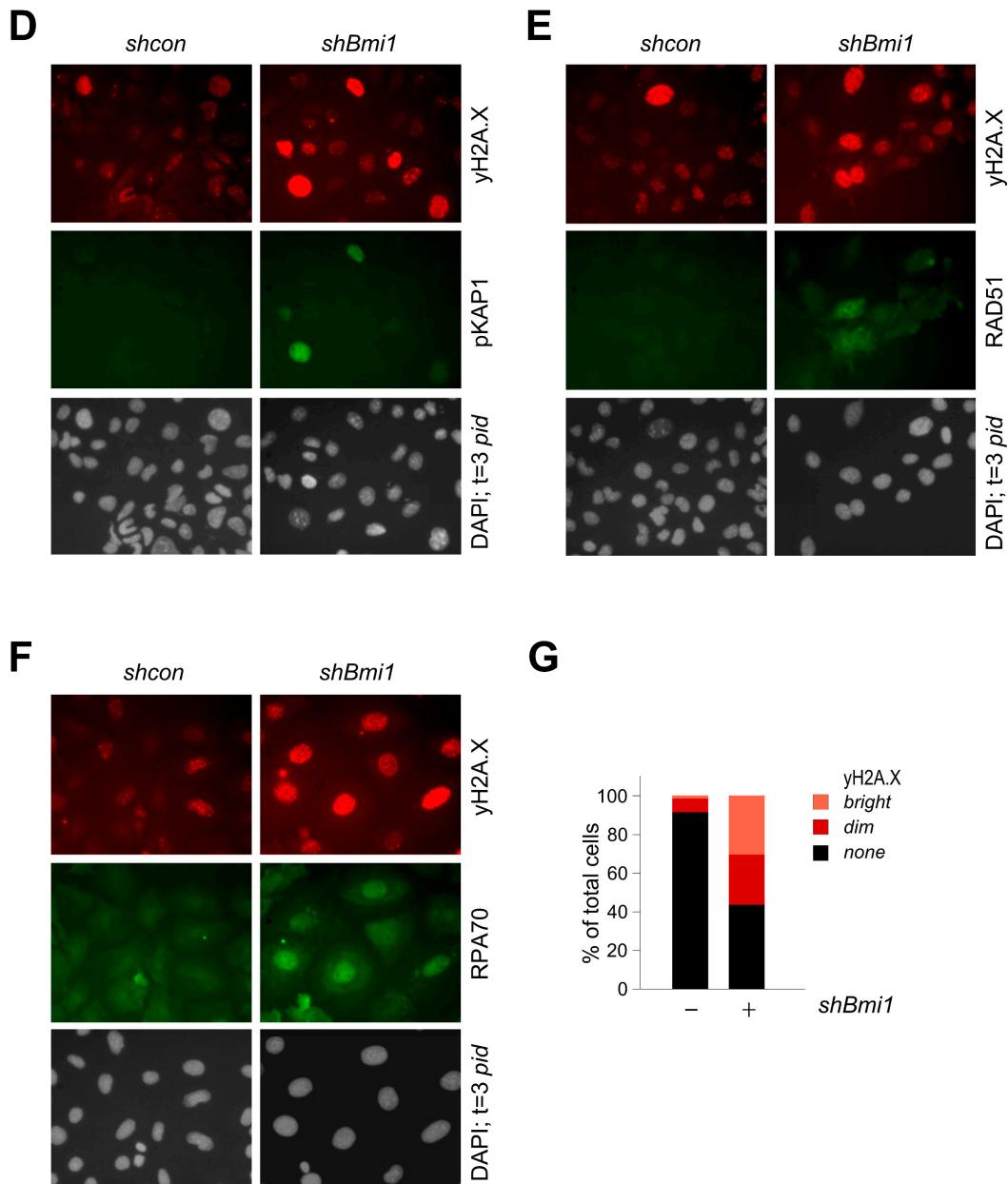
*Rybp* (RING1 and YY1 binding protein), *Cbx* (chromobox homologs 4 and 6) and of PRC2 genes *Ezh2*, *Eed* and *Suz12*; values in all panels represent mean of triplicates  $\pm$  s.d. (B) Expression analysis of *Sox9* and *Runx2* mRNA in *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells (qRT-PCR; triplicates). (C) Confirmation of murine BMI1 mRNA (*mBmi1*) overexpression in ATDC5 cells; empty vector was used as control (*con*; qRT-PCR; triplicates). (D) Proliferation curves of ATDC5 cells overexpressing murine BMI1 (*mBmi1*) vs control cells (*con*). (E) *Acan* and *Col10A1* expression during differentiation in ATDC5 cells overexpressing murine *Bmi1* (*mBmi1*) cDNA versus control (*con*) cells (qRT-PCR; triplicates); asterisks (\*; C-E):  $p < 0.05$ .



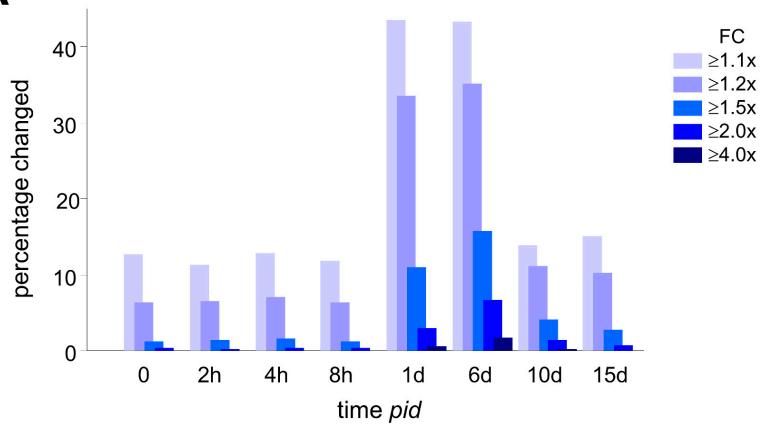
**Figure S2.** IntraS-phase accumulation during TA in the absence of PRC1. (A) Representative IF images showing co-staining for BrdU-incorporation and H3S10 phosphorylation (H3S10ph) in *shcon* and

*shBmi1* ATDC5 cells at t=3 days *pid*; 19 of 100 *shcon* cells were positive for H3S10ph, of which 7 were brightly stained (G2/M); less than 3% of *shBmi1* cells was weakly positive (late S/G2). BrdU pulse: 45 min. (B) Cell cycle distribution of *shcon* and *shBmi1* ATDC5 cells throughout differentiation (left panel). SubG1 fractions (t=6 days *pid*) *shcon*: 0.47% ±0.035, *shBmi1*: 0.43% ±0.041; asterisks (\*): p<0.05; representative cell cycle profiles (of triplicates) of ATDC5 *shcon* and *shBmi1* at 6 days *pid* (right panels); DNA content was measured by propidium-iodide (PI) staining; values represent percentages S-phase cells of total cells analysed. (C) Representative IF images showing co-staining for PCNA-/chromatin association (green) and BrdU-incorporation (red). Note: methanol-fixation (throughout) ensures detection of only chromatin-associated proteins. The most PCNA-dim nuclei (*shcon*) represent G1/early S or G2-phase cells; S-phase cells gain PCNA-brightness as they progress through S-phase; in mid-/late S-phase the appearance of conspicuously bright foci signals late nucleolar DNA replication (asterisks; *shcon*). Of PCNA-positive nuclei (64% and 68%, *shcon* and *shBmi1*, respectively) 81% and 43% was also positive for BrdU in *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells, respectively. Arrowheads mark examples of low BrdU-incorporation (green) in PCNA-bright *shBmi1* cells, indicative of intraS-phase arrest. (D) Analysis of proliferation rate (Crystal-violet extraction) and (E) cell numbers in S-phase (DNA-profiling; right) of ATDC5 cells expressing *shBmi1* and *shPhc2* at indicated time-points during differentiation (in days *pid*). Asterisks (\*; D, E): p<0.05.

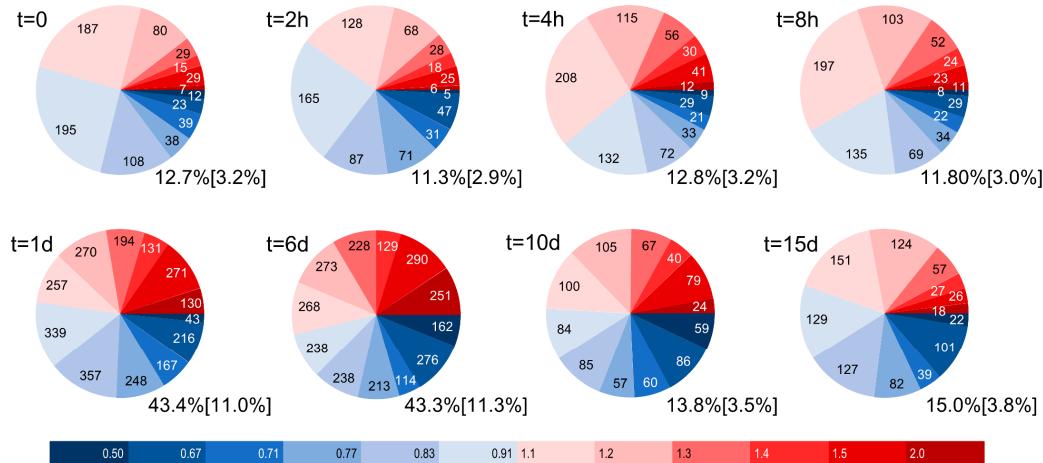


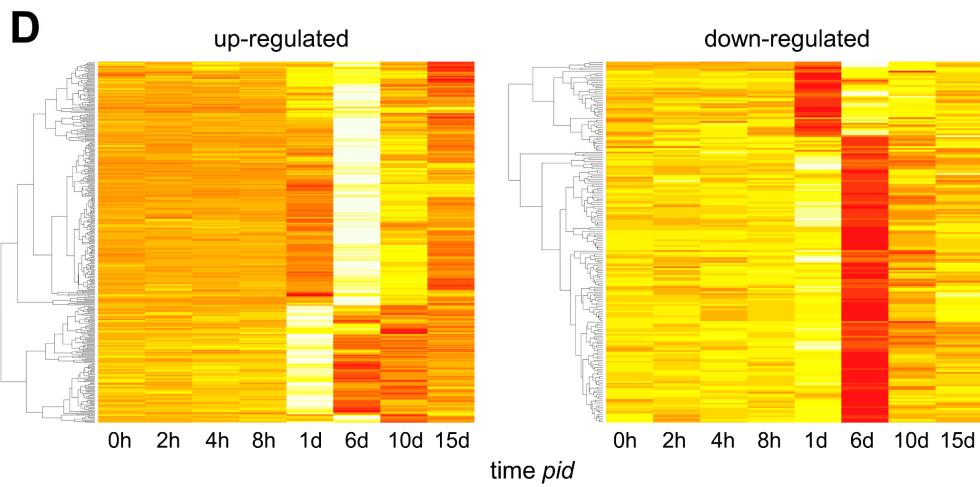
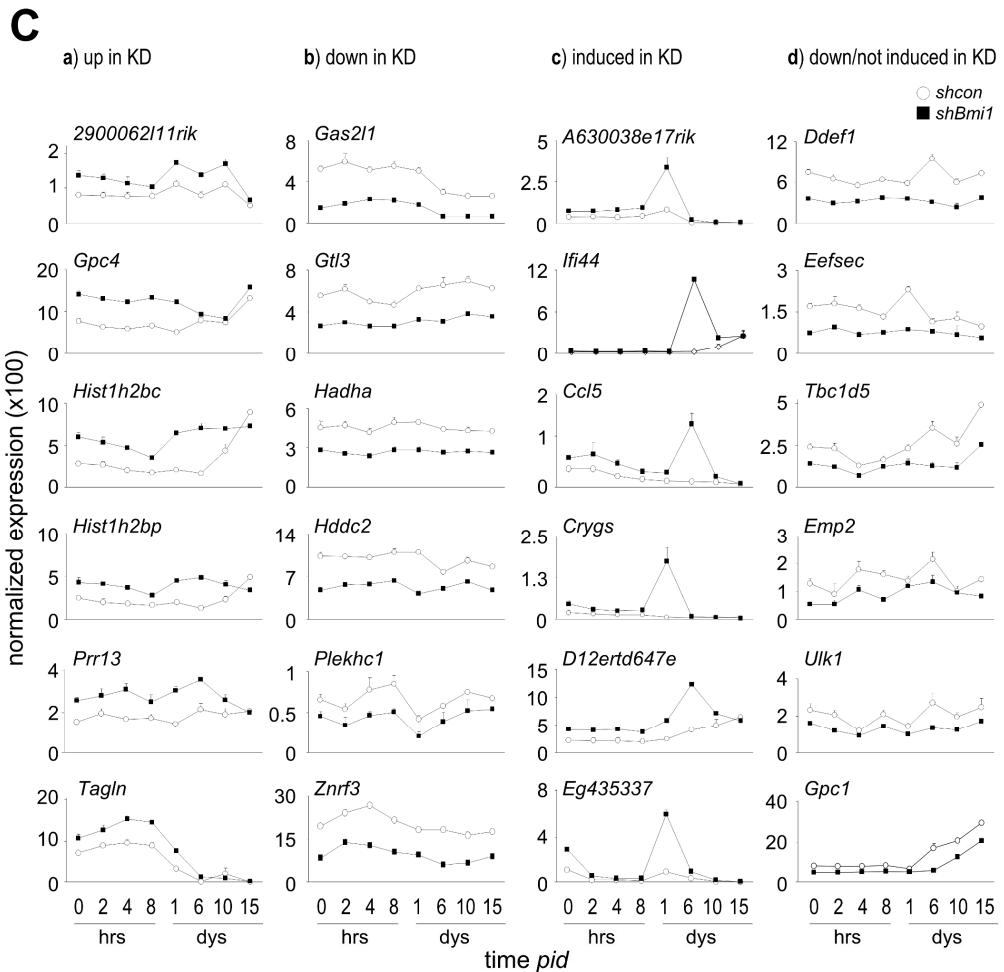


**Figure S3.** Increased DDR during TA in the absence of PRC1. (A) Representative IF images showing basal, low levels of replication-associated DNA damage in non-differentiating *shcon* and *shBmi1* ATDC5 cells; insets are overexposed to visualize yH2A.X foci. (B) Representative IF images showing co-staining active DNA synthesis (BrdU) and enhanced DDR (yH2A.X) in ATDC5 *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells at t=1 day *pid*. (C) IF analysis of yH2A.X and H3S10ph; arrowheads indicate examples of large, yH2A.X-bright/H3S10ph-dim nuclei in representative image. Of note: approximately 50% of *shBmi1* cells were yH2A.X-positive; 4% of *shBmi1* cells were double bright, late S/G2-phase cells; all double bright *shcon* cells (7% of total cells) were late G2/M-phase cells, during which H2A.X is also phosphorylated. Representative co-staining images for (D) yH2A.X and phospho-KAP1, (E) yH2A.X and RAD51, and (F) yH2A.X and RPA70 in *shBmi1* (*vs* *shcon*) cultures at t=3 days *pid*. Less than 2% of *shcon* cells were positive for any of the damage markers. (G) Quantification of yH2A.X staining in human HAC cells (*cf.* Figure 3D).

**A**

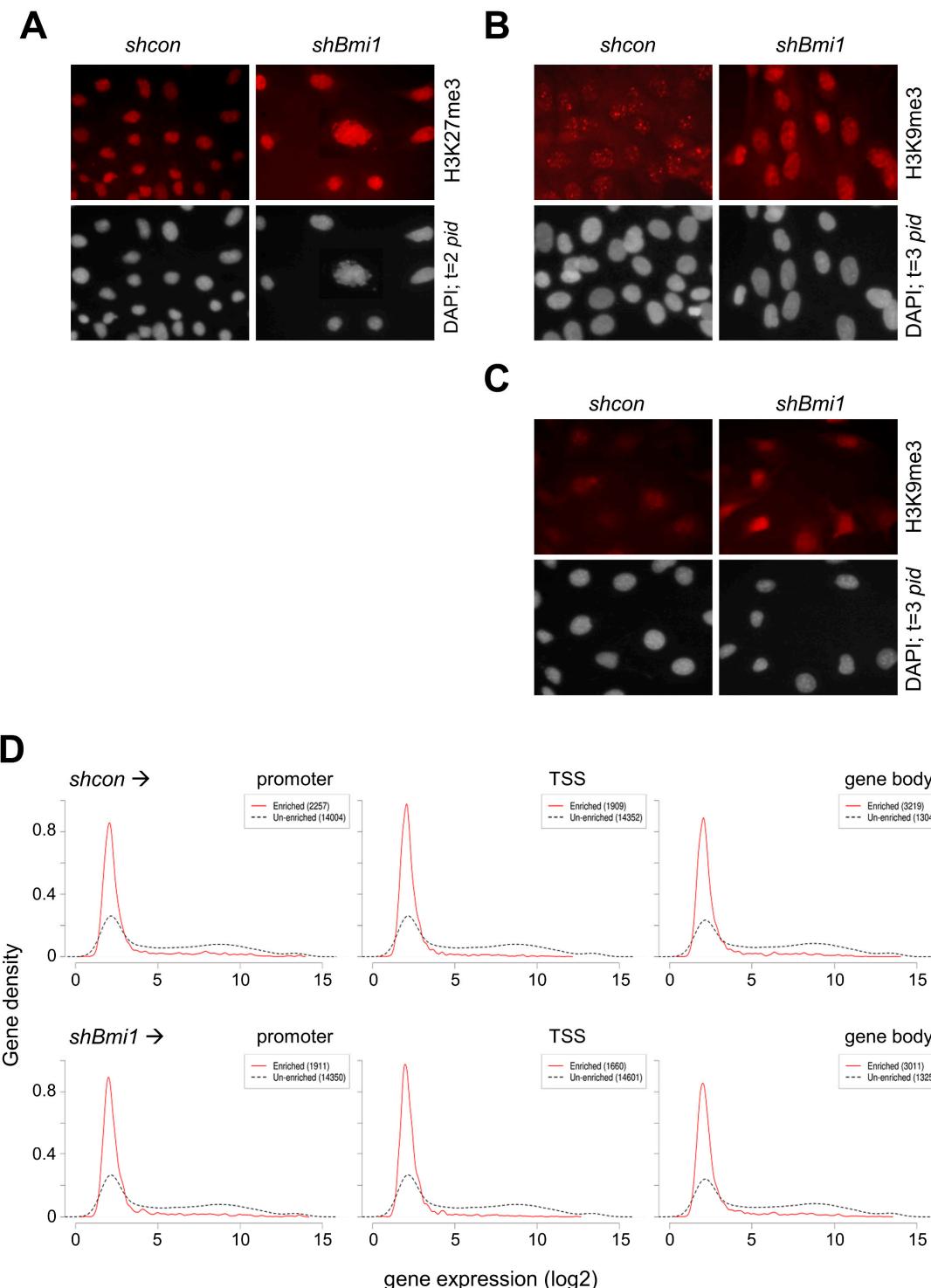
t	n	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	4.0
0h	6000	762	380	71	19	0
2h	5991	679	386	83	11	0
4h	5931	758	418	91	21	0
8h	5986	707	375	71	19	0
1d	6044	2623	2027	660	173	31
6d	6194	2680	2174	979	413	104
10d	5985	826	662	248	83	12
15d	6027	903	623	167	40	5

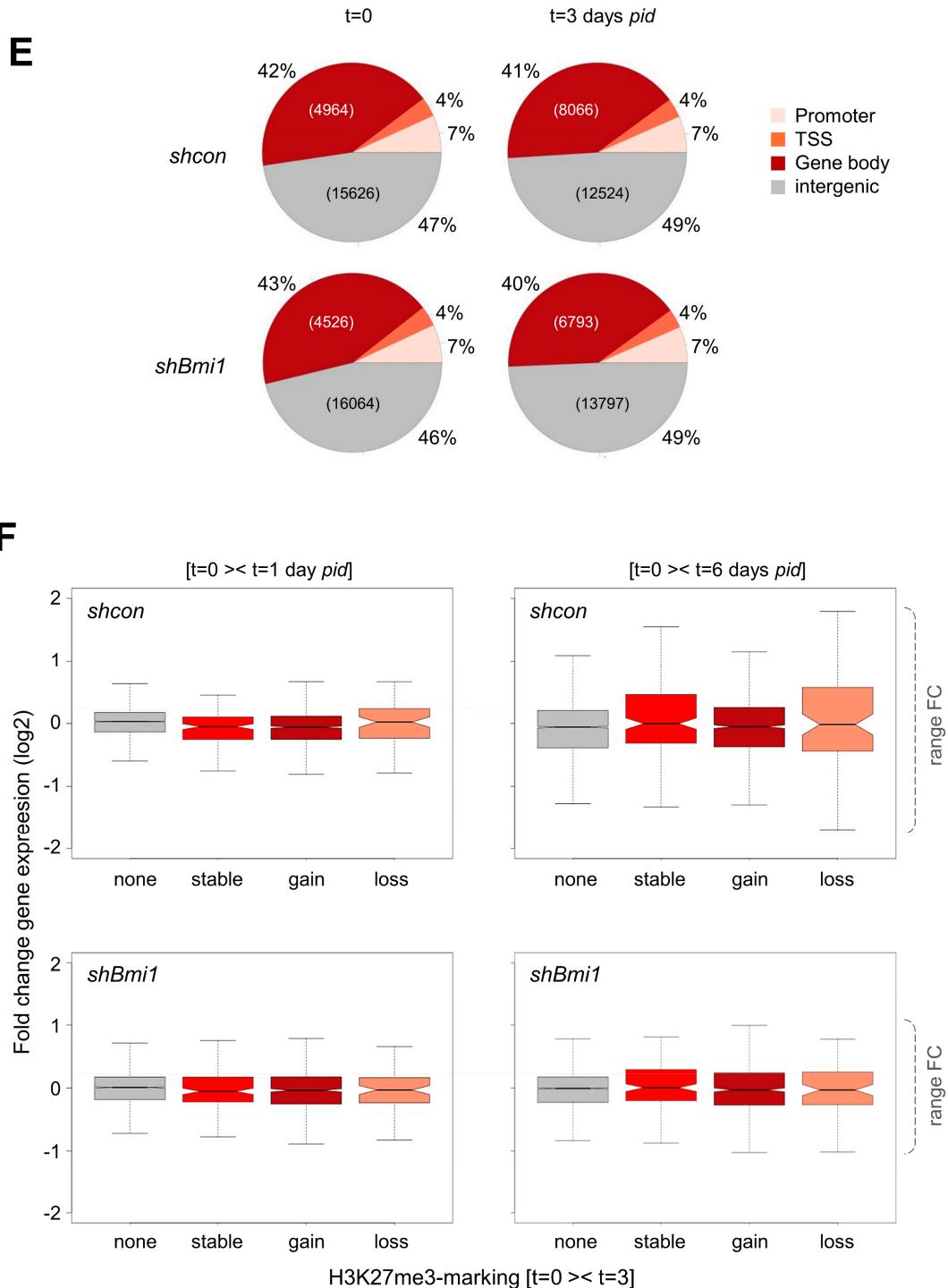
**B**

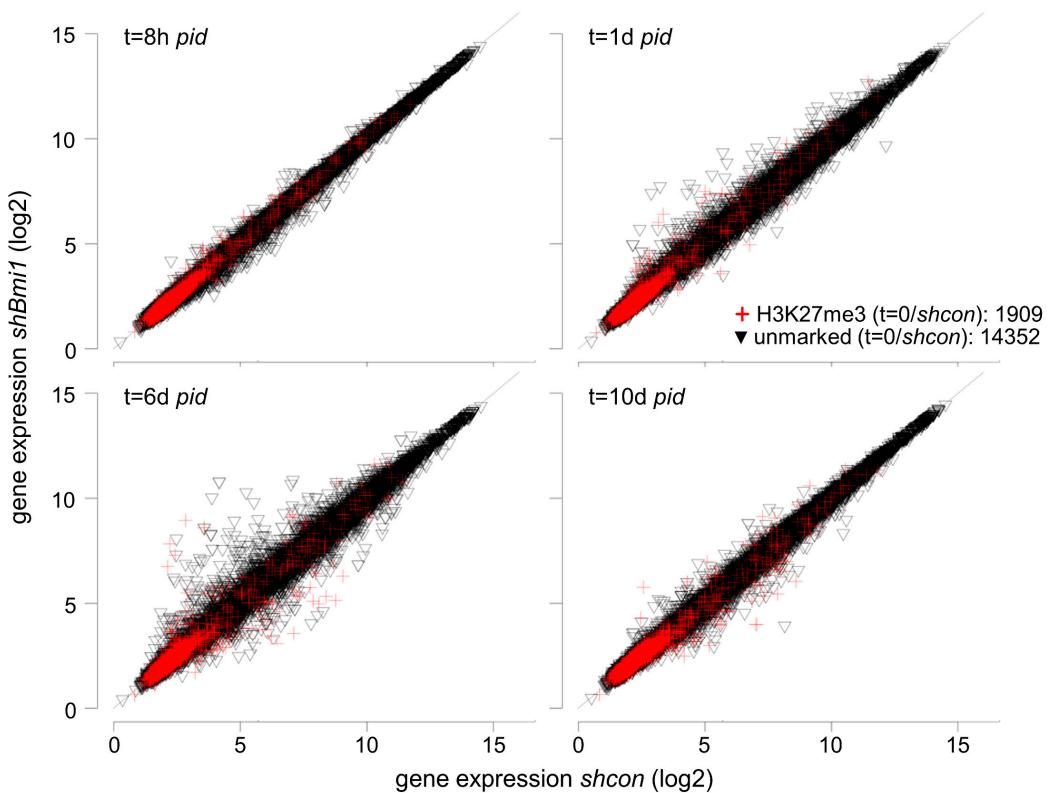


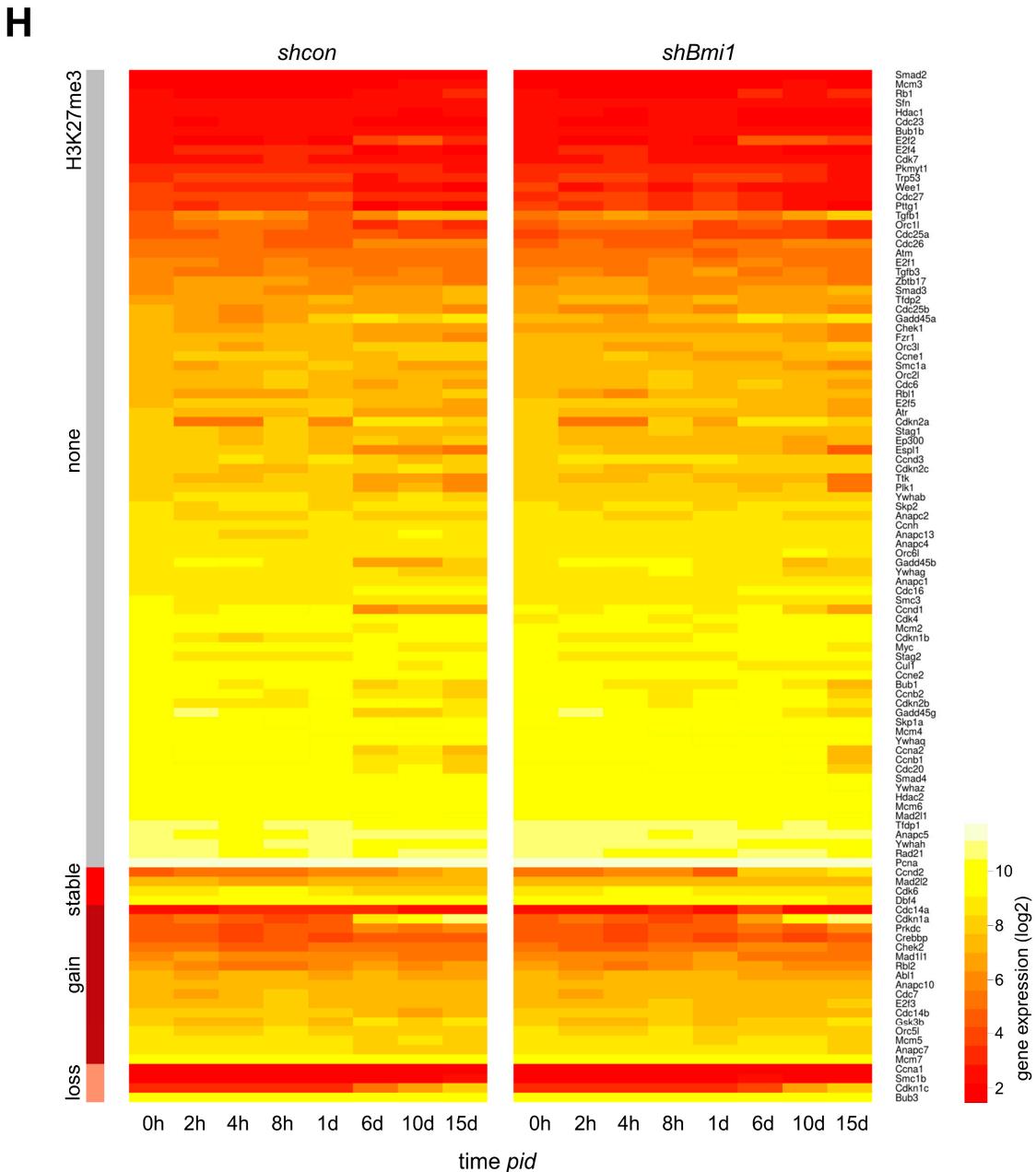
**Figure S4.** Abnormal transcriptional responses in PRC1-deficient cells. (A) Fold change (FC) increases during the differentiation-associated proliferative amplification. Table (right panel) indicates for each time point  $t$  (hours (h) or days (d))  $pid$  the number  $n$  of reporters reaching the expression limit of  $^2\log(100)$  in either group ( $shcon$  or  $shBmi1$ ); additional columns: the number fulfilling significance ( $p < 0.05$ ), fold change (FC)  $\geq 1.1$ ,  $1.2$ ,  $1.5$ ,  $2.0$  and  $\geq 4.0$  (up or down) and expression above limit; bars (left) represent the relative values in columns. (B) Distribution of fold change (FC): pie charts of all reporters fulfilling  $\geq 1.1$  FC (up (red) or down (blue); expression  $> ^2\log(100)$ ,  $p < 0.05$  in  $shcon$  vs.  $shBmi1$  cultures for all time-points  $pid$ ; numbers in pie sections correspond to gene numbers; [%]: percentage of reporters fulfilling all criteria relative to reporters above expression limit [percentage of reporters fulfilling all criteria relative to the total number of reporters]. (C) Profile clustering

analysis of the most prominently de-regulated genes identified 4 distinct clusters: a) overall higher (*up in KD*) or, b) lower (*down in KD*) in BMI1-KD cells, c) not regulated during chondrogenesis in control cells, but dramatically deregulated in BMI1-KD cultures (*induced in KD*) during differentiation-associated proliferation, and d) induced at hyperproliferation in control but not in BMI1-KD cells (*down/not induced in KD*). Representative genes are shown for each cluster; values in all panels: mean of triplicates  $\pm$  S.D. (D) Heatmap of the log-ratios of all reporters fulfilling  $p < 0.05$ ,  $FC > 2$  (left) or  $FC < 0.5$  (right), expression  $> 2\log(100)$  in either group, at  $t=1$  or 6 days *pid*. Euclidean distance and complete linkage hierarchical clustering were used to cluster and reorder the reporters.



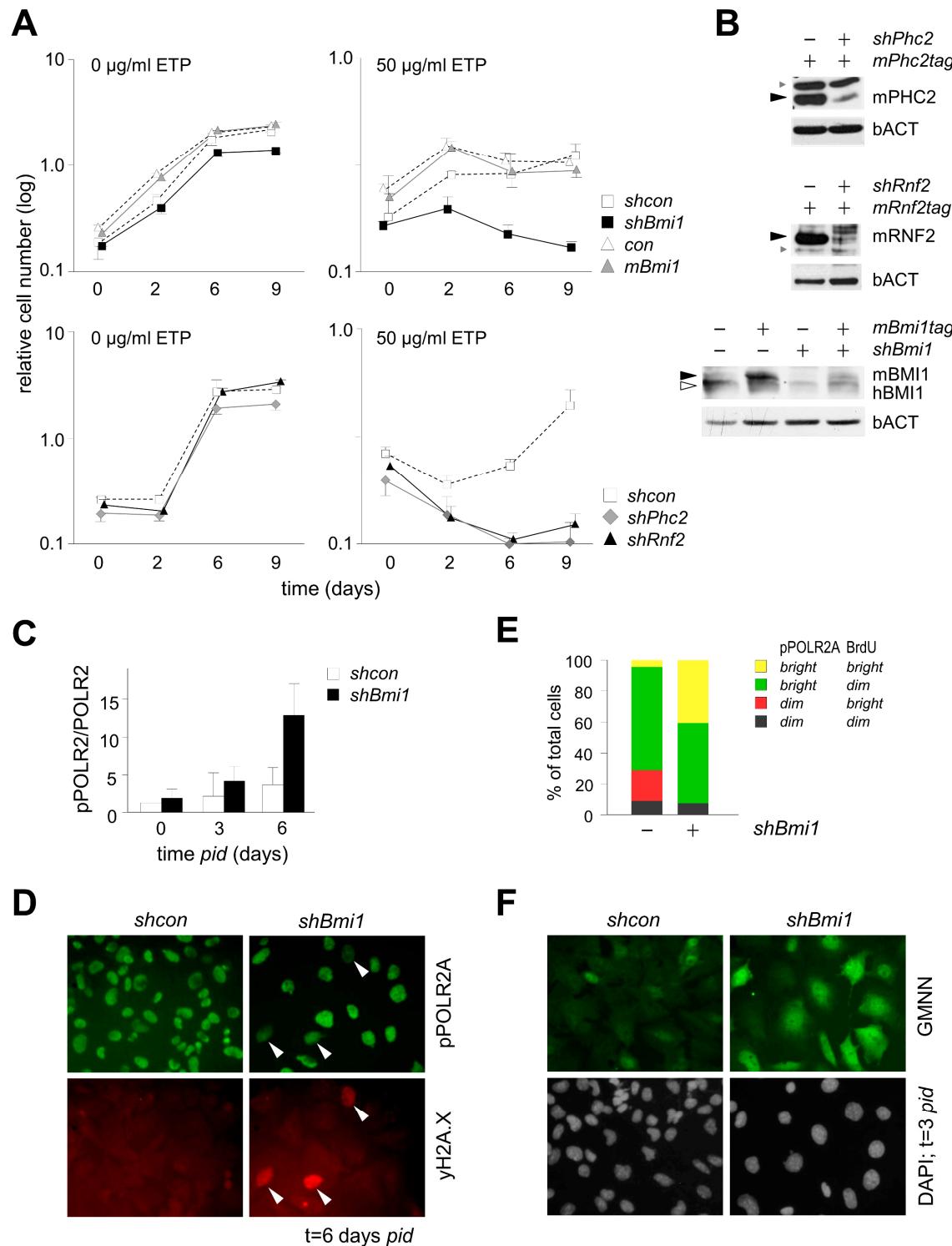


**G**



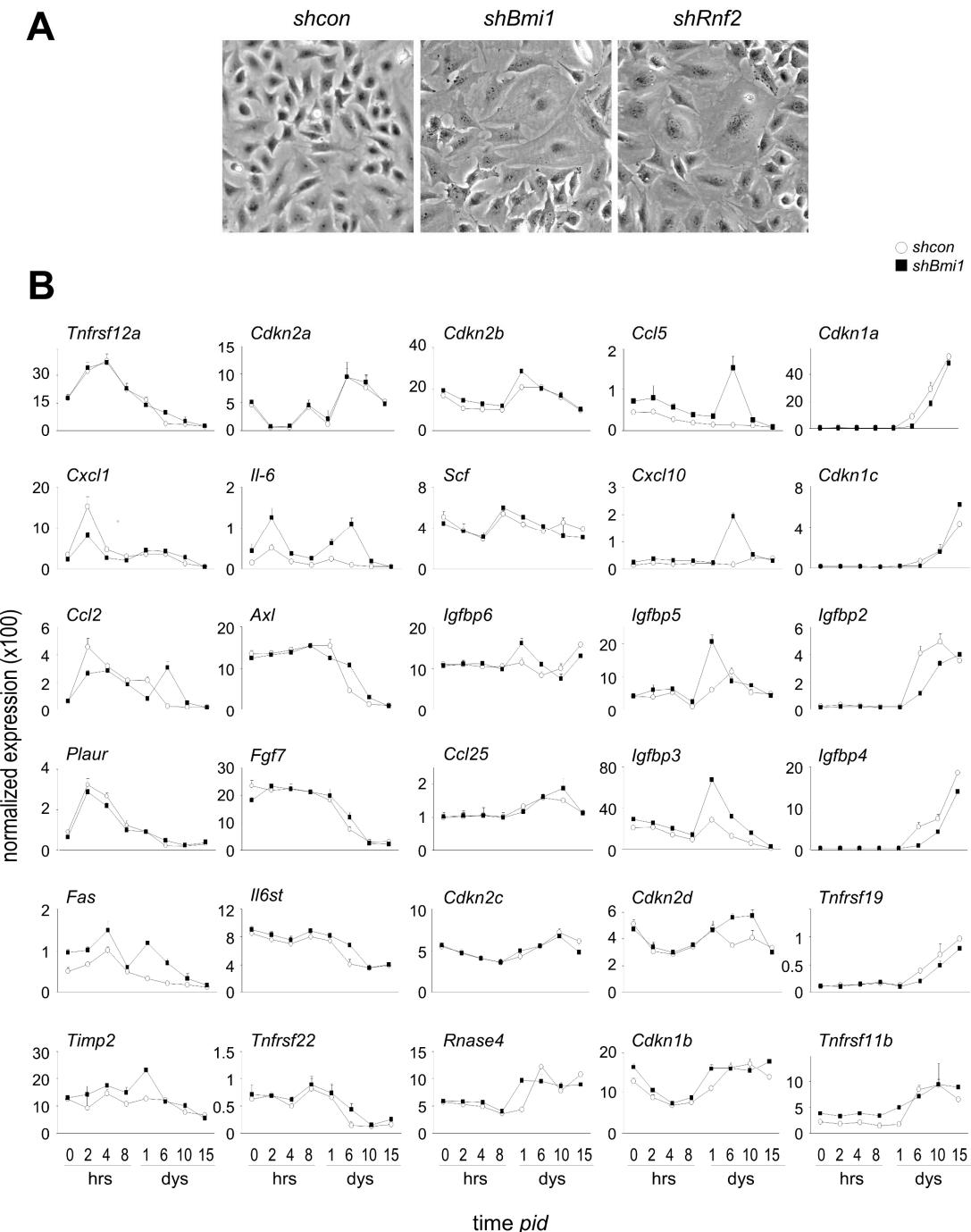
**Figure S5.** Gene expression changes independently of altered H3K27me3-occupation. Comparative analysis in representative IF images of nuclear (A) H3K27me3, (B) H3K9me3 in *shcon* and *shBmi1* ATDC5 cells and of (C) H3K9me3 in *shBmi1* HAC cells, at t=3 days pid. (D) Pre-chondrogenic gene expression status depends solely on H3K27me3-enrichment status, independent of *shcon/shBmi1* status or specific genomic location. Density plots of gene expression of all genes (16261) at t=0, for H3K27me3-enriched (solid red lines) and H3K27me3 unmarked genes (dashed black lines). H3K27me3-enrichment of promoter (-3000/-100 base pairs (bp) relative to the TSS; left panels), TSS (-100/+1000 bp; middle panels) and gene body (+1000 bp to end of last exon; right panels) regions are considered separately. Top graphs: *shcon*, bottom graphs: *shBmi1*. (E) Comparison of distribution of H3K27me3-occupation between *shcon* and *shBmi1* cultures at any time-point pid, in genic and intergenic regions. Genic regions were divided into three regions (cf. D): the promoter, the TSS region and the gene body region. The total enrichment for these regions was summarized for all genes and compared to the total enrichment in non-genic regions; numbers in pie sections correspond to gene numbers displaying region-specific enrichment. (F) Gene expression boxplots of H3K27me3-enriched and unmarked genes in *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells, each comparing two time-points: t=0 vs 1 day pid (left

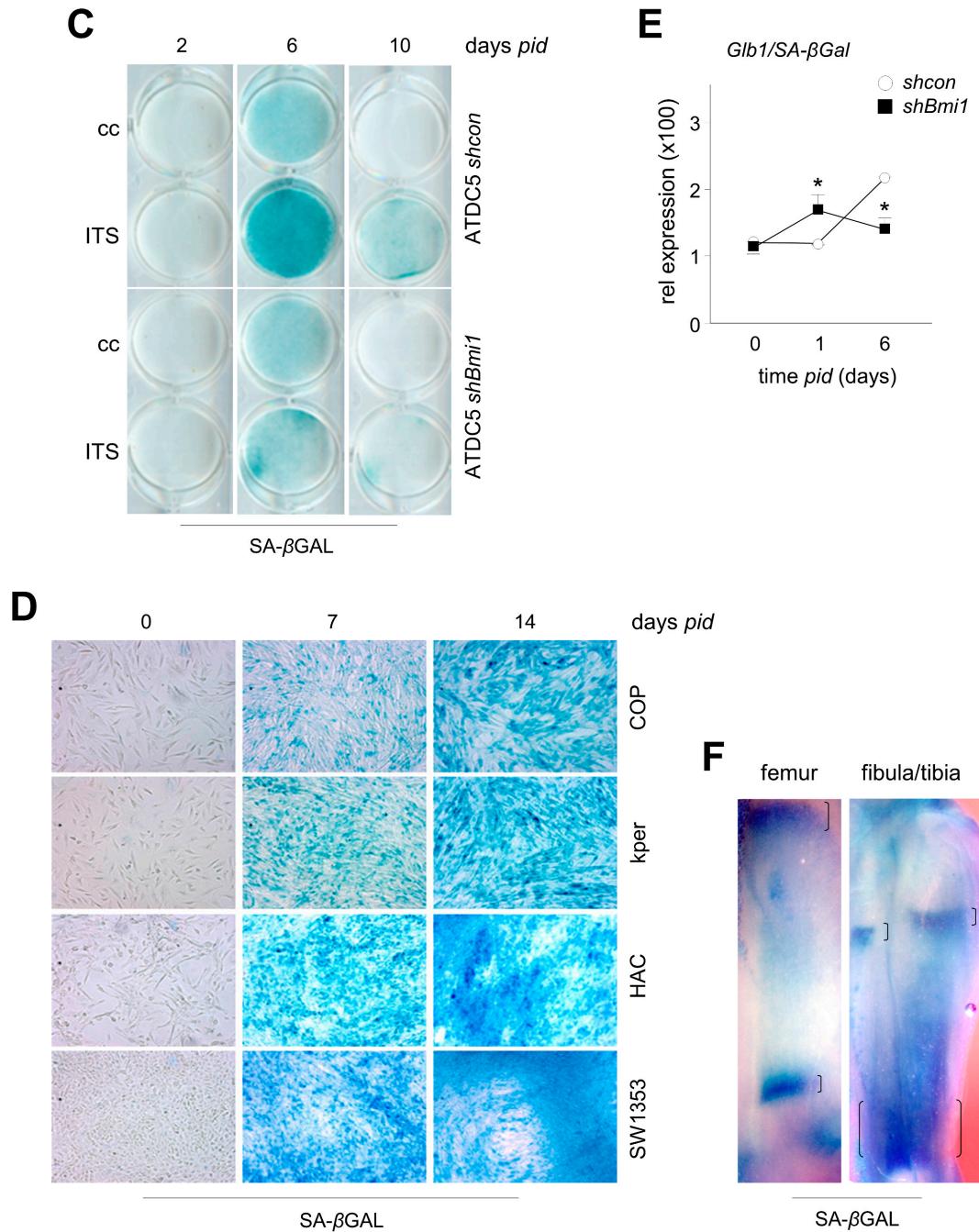
panels; [ $t=0 >< t=1$  day  $pid$ ]), and  $t=0$  vs 6 days  $pid$  (right panels; [ $t=0 >< t=6$  days  $pid$ ]). H3K27me3-marking status was consistently determined between  $t=0$  and 3 days  $pid$  ( $[t=0 >< t=3]$ ) per condition (i.e. *shcon*, *shBmi1*). Definition epigenic categories: unmarked (*none*), stably marked (*stable*) at both  $t=0$  and 3 days  $pid$ , or loci that acquired (*gain*) or lost (*loss*) H3K27me3-marks ( $t=0$  vs  $t=3$  days  $pid$ ). (see Methods section for further definition of the marker set H3K27me3). Notches in box-plots indicate confidence intervals (5–95%) of the median; non-overlapping notches are an indication of significant differences ( $p < 0.05$ ). (G) Matrix display of scatter-plots of log<sub>2</sub> gene expression values at indicated time points between *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells, shows deregulation of transcription between  $t=0$  and 10 days  $pid$ . Symbols: red crosses represent H3K27me3-decorated loci (*H3K27me3*;  $n = 1909$ ), black triangles H3K27me3-free loci (*unmarked*;  $n = 14352$ ) at  $t=0$  in *shcon* cultures ( $t=0/shcon$ ). Analyses was based on reporters with expression  $>\log_2(100)$ . (H) Heatmap of representative marker expression for 'Cell cycle' (cf Table S4) for *shcon* (left panel) and *shBmi1* (right panel) ATDC5 cells. H3K27me3-enrichment status was defined based on ChIP-seq data comparison between  $t=0$  and 3 days  $pid$  in the *shcon* experiment: unmarked (*none*), stably marked (*stable*) or loci that had acquired (*gain*) or lost (*loss*) H3K27me3-marking (see Methods section for further definition of the marker set H3K27me3).



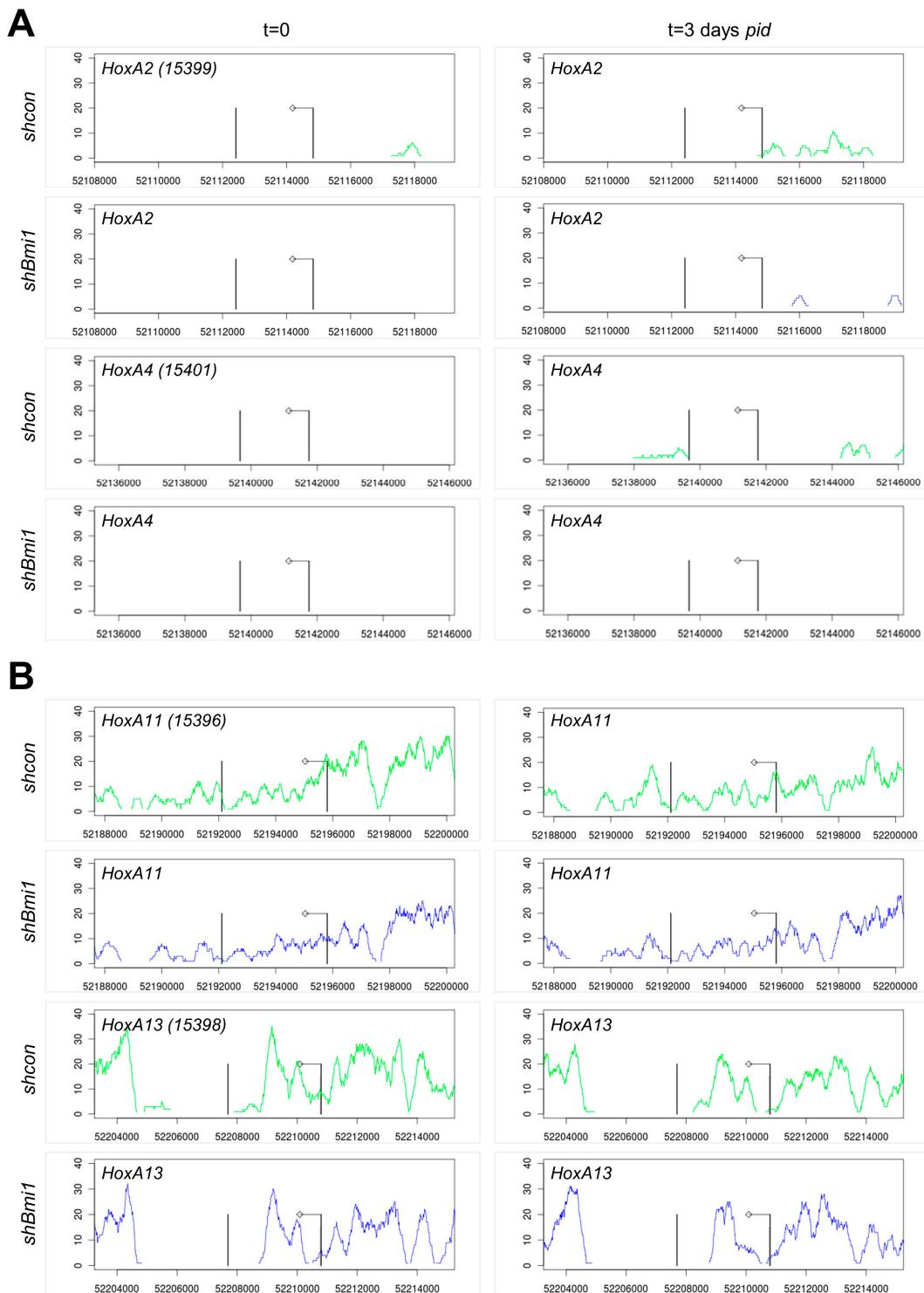
**Figure S6.** Deregulated nuclear TOP2A and pPOLR2A in the absence of BMI1. **(A)** Sensitivity proliferation assays showing the sensitivity of gain or loss-of-PRC1 function ATDC5 cells to the TOP2A poison etoposide (ETP): effect of loss (*shBmi1*) or gain (*mBmi1*) of BMI1 (top right panel) and (bottom right panel; left panels no ETP controls) of loss of PHC2 or RNF2 on cell proliferation in the presence of 50 µg/ml ETP. **(B)** Immunoblot (IB) analysis of RNAi-mediated knock-down efficiency for indicated PRC1 proteins (*i.e.* BMI1, PHC2, RNF2): shRNAi vectors targeting the indicated murine PRC1 proteins were tested using tagged murine cDNA constructs (*mBmi1-2PY*, HA-*mPhc2*, HA-*mRnf2*) expressed in human U2-OS cells; large black arrowheads indicate expected murine PRC1 protein sizes (including tag); BMI1-panel: open arrowheads correspond to the size of human BMI1;

PHC2 and RNF2-panels: small grey arrowheads indicate background bands. (C) Quantification of pPOLR2A:tPOLR2A ratios at t=0, 3, and 6 days *pid*; data corresponding to Figure 5C. All proteins levels were normalised to aTUB levels. (D) Representative IF images of nuclear co-staining for pPOLR2A and yH2A.X in *shcon* and *shBmi1* ATDC5 cells (arrowheads: examples of yH2A.X-bright/pPOLR2A-dim nuclei; less than 2 percent of *shcon* cells were positive for yH2A.X. (E) Quantification of IF staining for pPOLR2A and BrdU; data corresponding to Figure 5D. (F) Representative IF images of nuclear staining for GMNN in *shcon* and *shBmi1* ATDC5 cells; less than 5% and more than 90% of *shcon* and *shBmi1* cells, respectively, were positive for GMNN.





**Figure S7.** Normal and abnormal senescence signalling in chondrogenesis. (A) Phase contrast images of *shcon*, *shBmi1* or *shRnf2* human U2-OS cells. (B) Global expression analysis of senescence-associated genes in ATDC5 control and BMI1-KD (*shcon*; *shBmi1*) cultures during differentiation. Microarrays; values in all panels represent mean of triplicates  $\pm$  S.D. (C) Induction of senescence-associated  $\beta$ -Galactosidase (SA- $\beta$ GAL/GLB1) activity in ATDC5 cultures under differentiating (ITS) *versus* non-differentiating conditions (cc). (D) Representative microscopic images (one of three repeat experiments) of SA- $\beta$ GAL activation in differentiating rabbit knee cartilage-derived chondrogenic cells (COP), rabbit periost-derived chondrogenic progenitors (kper), human HAC and SW1353 (chondrosarcoma) cells. (E) microarray-based analysis of *Glb1*-expression in control *versus* BMI1-KD cultures. Asterisks (\*):  $p < 0.05$ . (F) SA- $\beta$ GAL activity in localizes to growth plates of mouse femur and fibula/tibia; brackets mark PZ/HZ zones.



**Figure S8.** Genome tracks for the (A) non-PRC1 target loci *HoxA2*, *HoxA4* and (B) PRC1-target genes *HoxA11* and *HoxA13* loci. The number between brackets is the corresponding Entrez gene ID. In each panel the H3K27me3 enrichment is visualized as peaks at time point t=0 (maintenance conditions; left panels) or t=3 days pid (differentiation conditions; right panels). The top tracks for each locus shows data of the shcon samples (green); the bottom tracks of the shBmi1 samples (blue). The solid line with diamond arrow represents the transcription start site (TSS); the second solid line represents the end of the last exonic region of the gene (3'-prime of coding region). All coordinates are given with respect to the forward strand.

**Table S1.** Activation of DNA repair pathways in *shBmi1* cultures. Upregulation of DNA damage response/repair genes at t=6 days *pid* presented as log fold change; based on GenMAPP analysis.

Gene	FC	Description	Processes involved in (GENmapp terms)
<i>Ifi204</i>	4.9	Interferon activated gene 204	Tracri Pol II transport DDR Diff
<i>Rad54b</i>	4.1	RAD54B homolog	Dre DDR
<i>Brip1</i>	3.5	BRCA1 interact protein C terminal helicase1	Nucmet Dre tracri PolII DDR
<i>Fancb</i>	2.5	Fanconi anemia complement group B	Dre DDR
<i>Rad9</i>	2.4	RAD9 homolog (S.pombe)	CC checkpoint DDC Dre DDR RadR apop
<i>Pttg1</i>	2.3	Pituitary tumor transforming 1	Dmet Dre DR CC Cseg mit biog
<i>Rad51</i>	2.2	RAD51 homolog	homR Dre Dmet REP DDR mei meiR
<i>Hspa1b</i>	2.2	Heatshock protein 1B	TELm Dre fold anti-apop UPR hs
<i>Xrcc2</i>	2.1	XRay repair complementing defective repair	Dmet Dre Drec DDR
<i>Rad51ap1</i>	2.1	RAD51 associated protein1	homR Dre Drec DDR
<i>Ddb2</i>	2.0	Damage specific DNA binding protein 2	Dre pyrimidinedimerrepair DDR
<i>Exo1</i>	1.9	Exonuclease 1	Nucmet Dre NER MMR Drec DDR mei
<i>Blm</i>	1.9	Bloom syndrome homolog (human)	REP Dre Drec
<i>Eme1</i>	1.8	Essential meiotic endonuclease 1 homolog 1	Dre Drec DDR
<i>Chaf1a</i>	1.8	Chromatin assembly factor 1 subunit A(p150)	REP Dre tracri fold DDR CC
<i>Sgk</i>	1.8	serum/ glucocorticoid regulated kinase	Kin apop DDR
<i>Hspa1a</i>	1.8	Heatshock protein 1A	TELm Dre fold UPR hs
<i>Brca2</i>	1.8	Breast cancer 2	homR Dre chrom DDR S-CC mitC tracri
<i>Rad51l1</i>	1.8	RAD51 like 1	Dmet Dre Drec DDR
<i>Cdc2a</i>	1.7	cell div cycle 2 homolog A	Kin anti-apop mit CC G2 Cdiv
<i>Trex1</i>	1.7	Three prime repair exonuclease 1	REP Dre MMR Drec DDR
<i>Fen1</i>	1.7	Flap structure specific endonuclease 1	REP DNA repair
<i>Msh3</i>	1.6	mutS homolog 3	Dmet Dre MMR DDR somH somR
<i>Gtf2h1</i>	1.6	General tracri Factor II H polypept 1	Dre tracri DDR
<i>Clspn</i>	1.6	Claspin homolog	DRC Dre DDR CC
<i>Rad50</i>	1.5	RAD50 homolog	Dmet Dre DDR CC mei
<i>Mapk1</i>	1.5	Mitogen activated protein kinase 1	Kin DDR CC ST morf kin cytosine met diff
<i>Topors</i>	1.4	Topoisomerase I binding arginine-serine rich	Ubc apop DDR met prol tracri trapo
<i>Lig1</i>	1.4	Ligase I.DNA.ATP dependent	REP Dre Drec DDR CC div
<i>Gadd45a</i>	1.4	Growth arrest & DNA damage induc 45 $\alpha$	CCprog Pase DDR CC CC arrest
<i>Rfc5</i>	1.4	Replication factor C (activator)5	REP DNA repair
<i>Eef1e1</i>	1.4	Eukaryotic tracri. elongation factor 1 $\epsilon$ 1	CC Dre trala embr apop DDR
<i>Gtf2h2</i>	1.4	General tracri.factor IIH polypeptide 2	Dre tracri DDR
<i>Xab2</i>	1.3	XPA binding protein 2	Blast Dre TCR tracri R proc
<i>Uvrag</i>	1.3	UV radiation resistance associated gene	Dre
<i>Fanca</i>	1.3	Fancon ianemia complementation group A	Dre DDR male mei Mgon Fgon prol
<i>Bre</i>	1.3	Brain & reprod organ-expressed protein	Ubc apop DDR anti-apop
<i>Pold1</i>	1.3	Polymerase (DNA directed) $\delta$ 1 cat subunit	S-CC Dre REP BER
<i>Topbp1</i>	1.3	Topoisomerase (DNA) 2b binding protein	Dre DDR meiR
<i>Msh5</i>	1.3	mutS homolog 5	Dmet MMR mei Meil syn Fgam
<i>Hmgb2</i>	1.3	High mobility group box 2	REP Dre BER chrom nucl tracri Pol II
<i>Parp2</i>	1.3	Poly(ADP) ribose polymerase fam memb 2	Dre BER ribos
<i>Smc3</i>	1.2	Structural maintenance of chromosome 3	Dmet DRE DDR CC spin Cseg SCC mit mei STbiog div
<i>Smc5</i>	1.2	Structural maintenance of chromosome 5	Dmet DRE Drec DDR

**Table S2.** Abnormal transcriptional responses in BMI1-deficient cells. Overrepresented biological pathways based on PathVisio analysis using criteria:  $p < 0.05$   $shBmi1$  versus  $shcon$ ,  $>2$  (upper) or  $>1.2$  FC (bottom) up or down in  $shBmi1$  versus  $shcon$  cultures, and average group expression  $\log(100)$  in either group at  $t=1$  or 6 days  $pid$ , as compared to all reporters on the array for which the Affymetrix ID (or Unigene ID) could be mapped to a pathway; for each pathway: (r) number of genes fulfilling criteria, (n) number of genes present in data set.

Pathways all (FC > 2)	(r)	(n)	Total	%	Z Score
Irinotecan pathway	5	10	13	50	7.59
Endochondral ossification	9	56	68	16.1	4.79
Oxidative stress	5	23	29	21.7	4.47
Cytokines and inflammatory response	4	21	25	19.1	3.63
TGF beta signaling pathway	6	41	52	14.6	3.61
Selenium metabolism/selenoproteins	6	43	49	14	3.46
Osteoblast	2	7	11	28.6	3.4
Prostaglandin synthesis and regulation	4	24	31	16.7	3.27
Adipogenesis	10	108	132	9.3	2.97
Osteoclast	2	13	18	15.4	2.16
Complement activation.classical pathway	2	14	16	14.3	2.03
Pathways down (FC > 2)	(r)	(n)	total	%	Z Score
Irinotecan pathway	4	10	13	40.0	10.28
Selenium metabolism/selenoproteins	5	43	49	11.6	5.67
Endochondral ossification	5	56	68	8.9	4.77
Oxidative stress	2	23	29	8.7	2.94
Osteoblast	1	7	11	14.3	2.86
GPCRs,class B secretin-like	1	10	13	10.0	2.28
Osteoclast	1	13	18	7.7	1.9
TGF-beta receptor signaling pathway	4	115	149	3.5	1.89
Pathways up (FC > 2)	(r)	(n)	Total	%	Z Score
Adipogenesis	10	108	132	9.3	4.48
Prostaglandin synthesis and regulation	4	24	31	16.7	4.38
TGFbeta signaling pathway	5	41	52	12.2	3.92
Cytokines and inflammatory response	3	21	25	14.3	3.4
Oxidative stress	3	23	29	13	3.19
Endochondral ossification	9	56	68	8.9	3.04
Notch signaling pathway	1	5	47	20	2.46
Osteoblast	1	7	11	14.3	1.96
Pathways all (FC > 1.2)	(r)	(n)	Total	%	Z Score
Cholesterol biosynthesis	10	13	15	76.9	4.66
Cell cycle	32	70	88	45.7	4.62
TGF-beta receptor signaling pathway	44	115	149	38.3	4.03
Androgen receptor signaling pathway	33	84	108	39.3	3.65
Irinotecan pathway	7	10	13	70.0	3.56
G1 to S cell cycle control	22	51	64	43.1	3.49
Endochondral ossification	23	56	68	41.1	3.29
TGF beta signaling pathway	18	41	52	43.9	3.24
mRNA processing	102	349	552	29.2	3.06
Selenium metabolism/selenoproteins	18	43	49	41.9	3.00
Apoptosis modulation by HSP70	9	17	18	52.9	2.97
TNF-alpha/NF-kb signaling pathway	47	143	177	32.9	2.94
DNA replication	15	36	41	41.7	2.71
Heme biosynthesis	5	8	9	62.5	2.68
One carbon metabolism	10	23	41	43.5	2.37
Eukaryotic transcription initiation	15	39	41	38.5	2.35
Mitochondrial LC-fatty acid beta-oxidation	6	13	16	46.5	2.01
Apoptosis mechanisms	24	74	86	32.4	2.00

**Table S3:** Markers in ‘*Endochondral ossification*’ network (WikiPathways). Gene IDs correspond to NCBI and Ensembl gene identifiers (Ensemble Biomart (Mouse genes (GRCm38.p5) database). ([www.wikipathways.org/index.php/Pathway:WP474](http://www.wikipathways.org/index.php/Pathway:WP474)).

Gene	ID (NCBI)	ID (Ensembl)	Description
<i>Acan</i>	11595	ENSMUSG00000030607	aggrecan
<i>Adams1</i>	11504	ENSMUSG00000022893	a disintegrin-like and metallopeptidase with thrombospondin type 1 motif, 1
<i>Adamts4</i>	240913	ENSMUSG00000006403	a disintegrin-like and metallopeptidase with thrombospondin type 1 motif, 4
<i>Adamts5</i>	23794	ENSMUSG00000022894	a disintegrin-like and metallopeptidase with thrombospondin type 1 motif, 5
<i>Akt1</i>	11651	ENSMUSG00000001729	thymoma viral proto-oncogene 1
<i>Alpl</i>	11647	ENSMUSG00000028766	alkaline phosphatase, liver/bone/kidney
<i>Bmp6</i>	12161	ENSMUSG00000039004	bone morphogenetic protein 6
<i>Bmp7</i>	12162	ENSMUSG00000008999	bone morphogenetic protein 7
<i>Bmpr1a</i>	12166	ENSMUSG00000021796	bone morphogenetic protein receptor, type 1A
<i>Cab39</i>	12283	ENSMUSG00000036707	calcium binding protein 39
<i>Calm1</i>	12313	ENSMUSG00000001175	calmodulin 1
<i>Cdkn1c</i>	12577	ENSMUSG00000037664	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (P57)
<i>Chst11</i>	58250	ENSMUSG00000034612	carbohydrate sulfotransferase 11
<i>Col10a1</i>	12813	ENSMUSG00000039462	collagen, type X, alpha 1
<i>Col2a1</i>	12824	ENSMUSG00000022483	collagen, type II, alpha 1
<i>Cst10</i>	58214	ENSMUSG000000033156	cystatin 10 (chondrocytes)
<i>Ctsl</i>	13039	ENSMUSG00000021477	cathepsin L
<i>Ddr2</i>	18214	ENSMUSG00000026674	discoidin domain receptor family, member 2
<i>Enpp1</i>	18605	ENSMUSG00000037370	ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase 1
<i>Fgf18</i>	14172	ENSMUSG00000057967	fibroblast growth factor 18
<i>Fgf2</i>	14173	ENSMUSG00000037225	fibroblast growth factor 2
<i>Fgfr1</i>	14182	ENSMUSG00000031565	fibroblast growth factor receptor 1
<i>Fgfr3</i>	14184	ENSMUSG00000054252	fibroblast growth factor receptor 3
<i>Frzb</i>	20378	ENSMUSG00000027004	frizzled-related protein
<i>Ghr</i>	14600	ENSMUSG00000055737	growth hormone receptor
<i>Gl3</i>	14634	ENSMUSG00000021318	GLI-Kruppel family member GLI3
<i>Hdac4</i>	208727	ENSMUSG00000026313	histone deacetylase 4
<i>Hmgcs1</i>	208715	ENSMUSG00000093930	3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-Coenzyme A synthase 1
<i>Ift88</i>	21821	ENSMUSG00000040040	intraflagellar transport 88
<i>Igf1</i>	16000	ENSMUSG00000020053	insulin-like growth factor 1
<i>Igf1r</i>	16001	ENSMUSG00000005533	insulin-like growth factor I receptor
<i>Igf2</i>	16002	ENSMUSG00000048583	insulin-like growth factor 2
<i>Ihh</i>	16147	ENSMUSG00000006538	Indian hedgehog
<i>Kif3a</i>	16568	ENSMUSG00000018395	kinesin family member 3A
<i>Mef2c</i>	17260	ENSMUSG00000005583	myocyte enhancer factor 2C
<i>Mgp</i>	17313	ENSMUSG00000030218	matrix Gla protein
<i>Mmp13</i>	17386	ENSMUSG00000050578	matrix metallopeptidase 13
<i>Mmp9</i>	17395	ENSMUSG00000017737	matrix metallopeptidase 9
<i>Nkx3-2</i>	12020	ENSMUSG00000049691	NK3 homeobox 2
<i>Plat</i>	18791	ENSMUSG00000031538	plasminogen activator, tissue
<i>Plau</i>	18792	ENSMUSG00000021822	plasminogen activator, urokinase
<i>Prkaca</i>	18747	ENSMUSG00000005469	protein kinase, cAMP dependent, catalytic, alpha
<i>Ptch1</i>	19206	ENSMUSG00000021466	patched 1
<i>Pth</i>	19226	ENSMUSG00000059077	parathyroid hormone
<i>Pth1r</i>	19228	ENSMUSG00000032492	parathyroid hormone 1 receptor
<i>Pthlh</i>	19227	ENSMUSG00000048776	parathyroid hormone-like peptide
<i>Runx2</i>	12393	ENSMUSG00000039153	runt related transcription factor 2
<i>Runx3</i>	12399	ENSMUSG00000070691	runt related transcription factor 3
<i>Scin</i>	20259	ENSMUSG00000002565	scinderin

Table S3 cont.

<i>Serpinh1</i>	12406	ENSMUSG00000070436	serine (or cysteine) peptidase inhibitor, clade H, member 1
<i>Slc38a2</i>	67760	ENSMUSG00000022462	solute carrier family 38, member 2
<i>Sox5</i>	20678	ENSMUSG00000041540	SRY (sex determining region Y)-box 5
<i>Sox6</i>	20679	ENSMUSG00000051910	SRY (sex determining region Y)-box 6
<i>Sox9</i>	20682	ENSMUSG000000000567	SRY (sex determining region Y)-box 9
<i>Spp1</i>	20750	ENSMUSG00000029304	secreted phosphoprotein 1
<i>Stat1</i>	20846	ENSMUSG00000026104	signal transducer and activator of transcription 1
<i>Stat5b</i>	20851	ENSMUSG00000020919	signal transducer and activator of transcription 5B
<i>Tgfb1</i>	21803	ENSMUSG0000002603	transforming growth factor, beta 1
<i>Tgfb2</i>	21808	ENSMUSG00000039239	transforming growth factor, beta 2
<i>Thra</i>	21833	ENSMUSG00000058756	thyroid hormone receptor alpha
<i>Timp3</i>	21859	ENSMUSG00000020044	tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 3
<i>Vegfa</i>	22339	ENSMUSG00000023951	vascular endothelial growth factor A

**Table S4:** Markers in ‘Cell cycle’ network (KEGG). Gene-IDs (ID) correspond to NCBI and Ensembl gene identifiers (Ensemble Biomart (Mouse genes (GRCm38.p5) database).(www.genome.jp/kegg-bin/show\_pathway?mmu04110).

Gene	ID (NCBI)	ID (Ensemble)	Description
<i>Abl1</i>	11350	ENSMUSG00000026842	c-abl oncogene 1, non-receptor tyrosine kinase
<i>Anapc1</i>	17222	ENSMUSG00000014355	anaphase promoting complex subunit 1
<i>Anapc10</i>	68999	ENSMUSG00000036977	anaphase promoting complex subunit 10
<i>Anapc11</i>	66156	ENSMUSG00000025135	anaphase promoting complex subunit 11
<i>Anapc13</i>	69010	ENSMUSG00000035048	anaphase promoting complex subunit 13
<i>Anapc2</i>	99152	ENSMUSG00000026965	anaphase promoting complex subunit 2
<i>Anapc4</i>	52206	ENSMUSG00000029176	anaphase promoting complex subunit 4
<i>Anapc5</i>	59008	ENSMUSG00000029472	anaphase-promoting complex subunit 5
<i>Anapc7</i>	56317	ENSMUSG00000029466	anaphase promoting complex subunit 7
<i>Atm</i>	11920	ENSMUSG00000034218	ataxia telangiectasia mutated
<i>Atr</i>	245000	ENSMUSG00000032409	ataxia telangiectasia and Rad3 related
<i>Bub1</i>	12235	ENSMUSG00000027379	BUB1, mitotic checkpoint serine/threonine kinase
<i>Bub1b</i>	12236	ENSMUSG00000040084	BUB1B, mitotic checkpoint serine/threonine kinase
<i>Bub3</i>	12237	ENSMUSG00000066979	BUB3 mitotic checkpoint protein
<i>Ccna1</i>	12427	ENSMUSG00000027793	cyclin A1
<i>Ccna2</i>	12428	ENSMUSG00000027715	cyclin A2
<i>Ccnb1</i>	268697	ENSMUSG00000041431	cyclin B1
<i>Ccnb2</i>	12442	ENSMUSG00000032218	cyclin B2
<i>Ccnb3</i>	209091	ENSMUSG00000051592	cyclin B3
<i>Ccnd1</i>	12443	ENSMUSG00000070348	cyclin D1
<i>Ccnd2</i>	12444	ENSMUSG00000000184	cyclin D2
<i>Ccnd3</i>	12445	ENSMUSG00000034165	cyclin D3
<i>Ccne1</i>	12447	ENSMUSG0000002068	cyclin E1
<i>Ccne2</i>	12448	ENSMUSG00000028212	cyclin E2
<i>Ccnh</i>	66671	ENSMUSG00000021548	cyclin H
<i>Cdc14a</i>	229776	ENSMUSG00000033502	CDC14 cell division cycle 14A
<i>Cdc14b</i>	218294	ENSMUSG00000033102	CDC14 cell division cycle 14B
<i>Cdc16</i>	69957	ENSMUSG00000038416	CDC16 cell division cycle 16
<i>Cdc20</i>	107995	ENSMUSG0000006398	cell division cycle 20
<i>Cdc23</i>	52563	ENSMUSG00000024370	CDC23 cell division cycle 23
<i>Cdc25a</i>	12530	ENSMUSG00000032477	cell division cycle 25A
<i>Cdc25b</i>	12531	ENSMUSG00000027330	cell division cycle 25B
<i>Cdc25c</i>	12532	ENSMUSG00000044201	cell division cycle 25C
<i>Cdc26</i>	66440	ENSMUSG00000066149	cell division cycle 26
<i>Cdc27</i>	217232	ENSMUSG00000020687	cell division cycle 27
<i>Cdc45</i>	12544	ENSMUSG00000000028	cell division cycle 45
<i>Cdc6</i>	23834	ENSMUSG00000017499	cell division cycle 6

Table S4cont.

<i>Cdc7</i>	12545	ENSMUSG00000029283	cell division cycle 7 (S. cerevisiae)
<i>Cdk1</i>	12534	ENSMUSG00000019942	cyclin-dependent kinase 1
<i>Cdk2</i>	12566	ENSMUSG00000025358	cyclin-dependent kinase 2
<i>Cdk4</i>	12567	ENSMUSG0000006728	cyclin-dependent kinase 4
<i>Cdk6</i>	12571	ENSMUSG00000040274	cyclin-dependent kinase 6
<i>Cdk7</i>	12572	ENSMUSG00000069089	cyclin-dependent kinase 7
<i>Cdkn1a</i>	12575	ENSMUSG00000023067	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1A (P21)
<i>Cdkn1b</i>	12576	ENSMUSG00000003031	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B
<i>Cdkn1c</i>	12577	ENSMUSG00000037664	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1C (P57)
<i>Cdkn2a</i>	12578	ENSMUSG00000044303	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2A
<i>Cdkn2b</i>	12579	ENSMUSG00000073802	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2B (p15, inhibits CDK4)
<i>Cdkn2c</i>	12580	ENSMUSG00000028551	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2C (p18, inhibits CDK4)
<i>Cdkn2d</i>	12581	ENSMUSG00000096472	cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 2D (p19, inhibits CDK4)
<i>Chek1</i>	12649	ENSMUSG00000032113	checkpoint kinase 1
<i>Chek2</i>	50883	ENSMUSG00000029521	checkpoint kinase 2
<i>Crebbp</i>	12914	ENSMUSG00000022521	CREB binding protein
<i>Cul1</i>	26965	ENSMUSG00000029686	cullin 1
<i>Dbf4</i>	27214	ENSMUSG00000002297	DBF4 zinc finger
<i>E2f1</i>	13555	ENSMUSG00000027490	E2F transcription factor 1
<i>E2f2</i>	242705	ENSMUSG00000018983	E2F transcription factor 2
<i>E2f3</i>	13557	ENSMUSG00000016477	E2F transcription factor 3
<i>E2f4</i>	104394	ENSMUSG00000014859	E2F transcription factor 4
<i>E2f5</i>	13559	ENSMUSG00000027552	E2F transcription factor 5
<i>Ep300</i>	328572	ENSMUSG00000055024	E1A binding protein p300
<i>Esp1</i>	105988	ENSMUSG00000058290	extra spindle pole bodies 1, separase
<i>Fzr1</i>	56371	ENSMUSG00000020235	fizzy/cell division cycle 20 related 1 (Drosophila)
<i>Gadd45a</i>	13197	ENSMUSG00000036390	growth arrest and DNA-damage-inducible 45 alpha
<i>Gadd45b</i>	17873	ENSMUSG00000015312	growth arrest and DNA-damage-inducible 45 beta
<i>Gadd45g</i>	23882	ENSMUSG00000021453	growth arrest and DNA-damage-inducible 45 gamma
<i>Gsk3b</i>	56637	ENSMUSG00000022812	glycogen synthase kinase 3 beta
<i>Hdac1</i>	433759	ENSMUSG00000028800	histone deacetylase 1
<i>Hdac2</i>	15182	ENSMUSG00000019777	histone deacetylase 2
<i>Mad1l1</i>	17120	ENSMUSG00000029554	MAD1 mitotic arrest deficient 1-like 1
<i>Mad2l1</i>	56150	ENSMUSG00000029910	MAD2 mitotic arrest deficient-like 1
<i>Mad2l2</i>	71890	ENSMUSG00000029003	MAD2 mitotic arrest deficient-like 2
<i>Mcm2</i>	17216	ENSMUSG0000002870	minichromosome maintenance complex component 2
<i>Mcm3</i>	17215	ENSMUSG00000041859	minichromosome maintenance complex component 3
<i>Mcm4</i>	17217	ENSMUSG00000022673	minichromosome maintenance complex component 4
<i>Mcm5</i>	17218	ENSMUSG00000005410	minichromosome maintenance complex component 5
<i>Mcm6</i>	17219	ENSMUSG00000026355	minichromosome maintenance complex component 6
<i>Mcm7</i>	17220	ENSMUSG00000029730	minichromosome maintenance complex component 7
<i>Mdm2</i>	17246	ENSMUSG00000020184	transformed mouse 3T3 cell double minute 2
<i>Myc</i>	17869	ENSMUSG00000022346	myelocytomatosis oncogene
<i>Orc1</i>	18392	ENSMUSG00000028587	origin recognition complex, subunit 1
<i>Orc2</i>	18393	ENSMUSG00000026037	origin recognition complex, subunit 2
<i>Orc3</i>	50793	ENSMUSG00000040044	origin recognition complex, subunit 3
<i>Orc4</i>	26428	ENSMUSG00000026761	origin recognition complex, subunit 4
<i>Orc5</i>	26429	ENSMUSG00000029012	origin recognition complex, subunit 5
<i>Orc6</i>	56452	ENSMUSG00000031697	origin recognition complex, subunit 6
<i>Pcna</i>	18538	ENSMUSG00000027342	proliferating cell nuclear antigen
<i>Pkmyt1</i>	268930	ENSMUSG00000023908	protein kinase, membrane associated tyrosine/threonine 1
<i>Plk1</i>	18817	ENSMUSG00000030867	polo like kinase 1

Table S4cont.

<i>Prkdc</i>	19090	ENSMUSG00000022672	protein kinase, DNA activated, catalytic polypeptide
<i>Pttg1</i>	30939	ENSMUSG00000020415	pituitary tumor-transforming gene 1
<i>Rad21</i>	19357	ENSMUSG00000022314	RAD21 cohesin complex component
<i>Rb1</i>	19645	ENSMUSG00000022105	RB transcriptional corepressor 1
<i>Rbl1</i>	19650	ENSMUSG00000027641	retinoblastoma-like 1 (p107)
<i>Rbl2</i>	19651	ENSMUSG00000031666	RB transcriptional corepressor like 2
<i>Rbx1</i>	56438	ENSMUSG00000022400	ring-box 1
<i>Rbx1-ps</i>	1E+08	ENSMUSG00000049832	ring-box 1, pseudogene
<i>Sfn</i>	55948	ENSMUSG00000047281	stratifin
<i>Skp1a</i>	21402	ENSMUSG00000036309	S-phase kinase-associated protein 1A
<i>Skp2</i>	27401	ENSMUSG00000054115	S-phase kinase-associated protein 2 (p45)
<i>Smad2</i>	17126	ENSMUSG00000024563	SMAD family member 2
<i>Smad3</i>	17127	ENSMUSG00000032402	SMAD family member 3
<i>Smad4</i>	17128	ENSMUSG00000024515	SMAD family member 4
<i>Smc1a</i>	24061	ENSMUSG00000041133	structural maintenance of chromosomes 1A
<i>Smc1b</i>	140557	ENSMUSG00000022432	structural maintenance of chromosomes 1B
<i>Smc3</i>	13006	ENSMUSG00000024974	structural maintenance of chromosomes 3
<i>Stag1</i>	20842	ENSMUSG00000037286	stromal antigen 1
<i>Stag2</i>	20843	ENSMUSG00000025862	stromal antigen 2
<i>Tfdp1</i>	21781	ENSMUSG00000038482	transcription factor Dp 1
<i>Tfdp2</i>	211586	ENSMUSG00000032411	transcription factor Dp 2
<i>Tgfb1</i>	21803	ENSMUSG0000002603	transforming growth factor, beta 1
<i>Tgfb2</i>	21808	ENSMUSG00000039239	transforming growth factor, beta 2
<i>Tgfb3</i>	21809	ENSMUSG00000021253	transforming growth factor, beta 3
<i>Trp53</i>	22059	ENSMUSG00000059552	transformation related protein 53
<i>Ttk</i>	22137	ENSMUSG00000038379	Ttk protein kinase
<i>Wee1</i>	22390	ENSMUSG00000031016	WEE 1 homolog 1 ( <i>S. pombe</i> )
<i>Wee2</i>	381759	ENSMUSG00000037159	WEE1 homolog 2 ( <i>S. pombe</i> )
<i>Ywhab</i>	54401	ENSMUSG00000018326	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, beta
<i>Ywhae</i>	22627	ENSMUSG00000020849	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, epsilon
<i>Ywhag</i>	22628	ENSMUSG00000051391	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, gamma
<i>Ywhah</i>	22629	ENSMUSG00000018965	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, eta
<i>Ywhaq</i>	22630	ENSMUSG00000076432	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein theta
<i>Ywhaz</i>	22631	ENSMUSG00000022285	tyrosine 3-monooxygenase/tryptophan 5-monooxygenase activation protein, zeta
<i>Zbtb17</i>	22642	ENSMUSG00000006215	zinc finger and BTB domain containing 17

