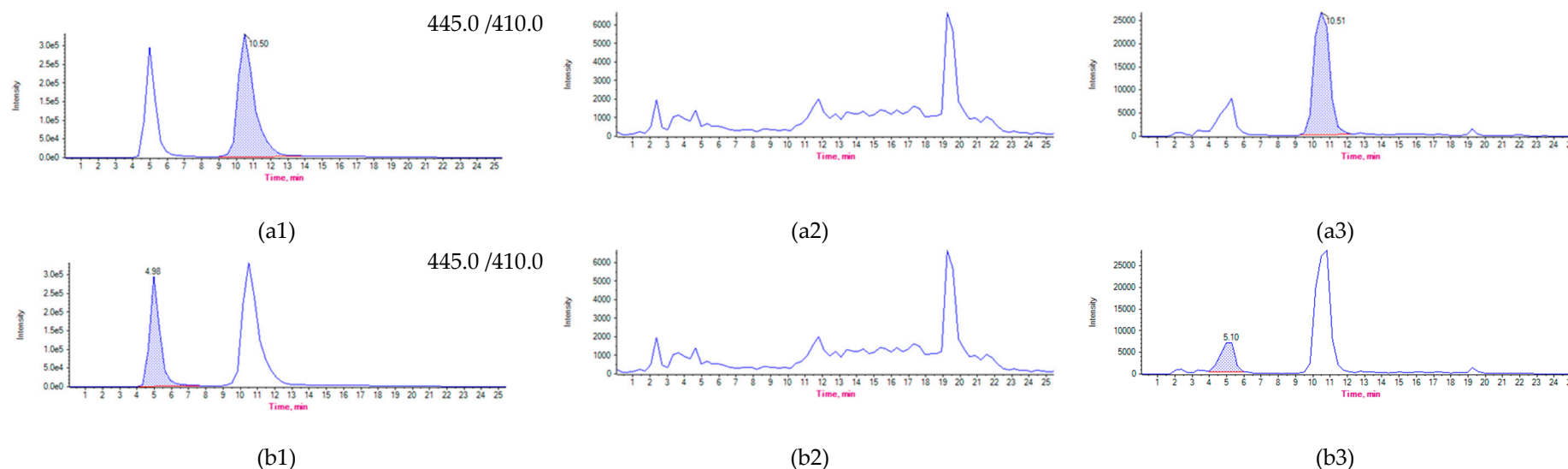
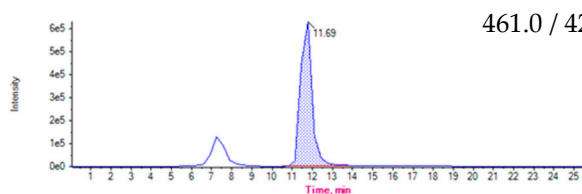


Supplementary Materials

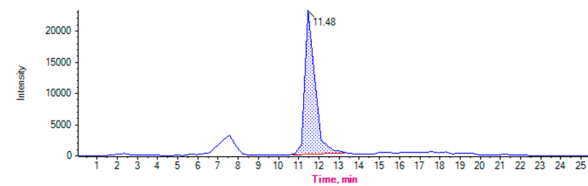
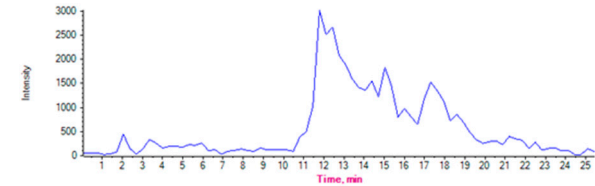
# Detection of antimicrobial residues in poultry litter: monitoring a risk through a selective and sensitive HPLC-MS/MS method

Karina Yévenes, Ekaterina Pokrant, Lina Trincado, Lisette Lapierre, Nicolás Galarce, Betty San Martín, Aldo Maddaleno, Héctor Hidalgo and Javiera Cornejo





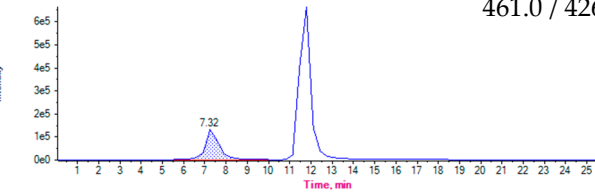
461.0 / 426.0



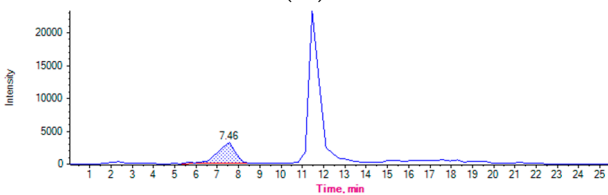
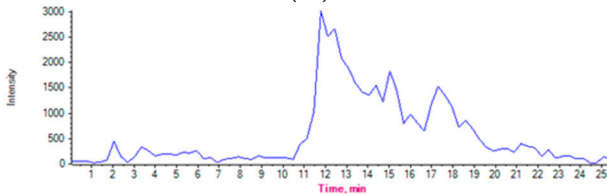
(c1)

(c2)

(c3)



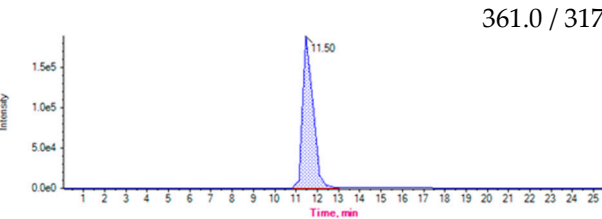
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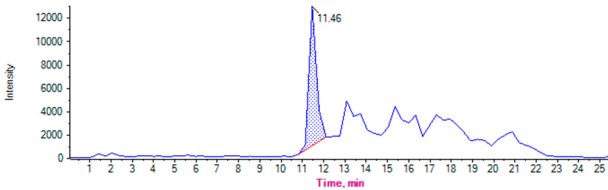
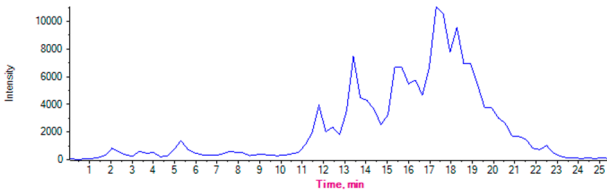
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(d3)



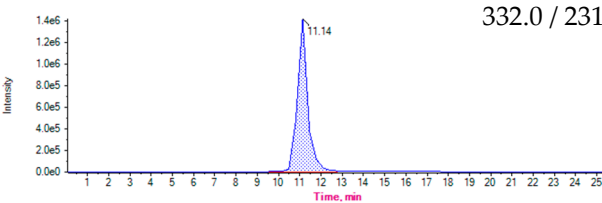
361.0 / 317.0



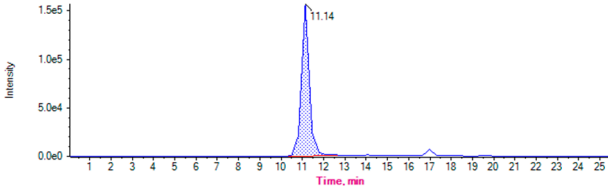
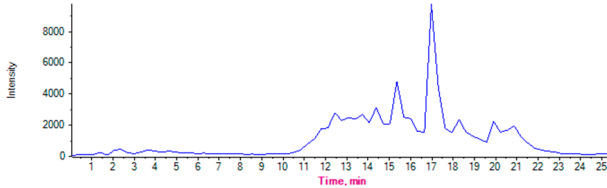
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(e3)



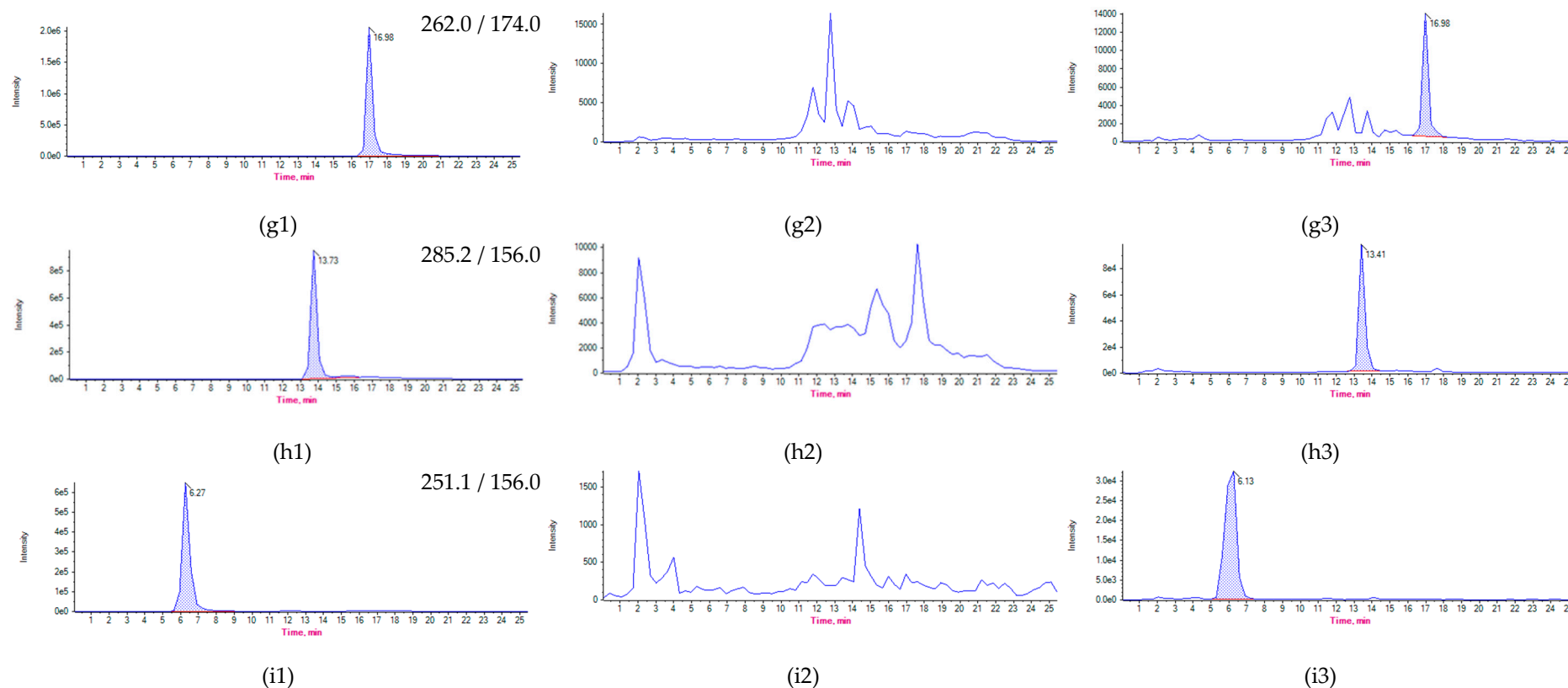
332.0 / 231.0



(f1)

(f2)

(f3)



**Figure S1.** Representative chromatograms from (1) a pure standard solution injection ( $50 \text{ ng mL}^{-1}$ ), (2) a blank poultry litter sample and (3) poultry litter sample spiked to  $25 \text{ ug k}^{-1}$  of (a) tetracycline, (b) 4-epimer-tetracycline, (c) Oxitetracycline, (d) 4-epimer-oxitetracycline, (e) Enrofloxacin, (f) Ciprofloxacin, (g) Flumequine, (h) Sulfachloropyridazine, (i) Sulfadiazine.

**Table S1.** Scans per peak.

<b>Analytes</b>	<b>Time (msec)</b>
Tetracycline / 4-epimer-Tetracycline	100.0
Oxytetracycline / 4-epimer-Oxytetracycline	100.0
Enrofloxacin	280.0
Ciprofloxacin	280.0
Flumequine	280.0
Sulfachloropyridazine	280.0
Sulfadiazine	200.0
Sulfamethazine-phenyl-13C6	280.0
Enrofloxacin-D5	280.0
Tetracycline-D6	250.0

**Table S2.** Mass of precursor and fragment ions, and specific mass spectrometry conditions.

Analytes	Precursor Ion (m/z)	Fragment Ions (m/z)	DP <sup>3</sup> (V)	EP <sup>4</sup> (V)	CE <sup>5</sup> (V)	CXP <sup>6</sup> (V)
Tetracycline / 4-epimer-Tetracycline	445.0	410.0 <sup>1</sup>	77.0	10.0	28.0	24.0
		392.0	69.0	10.0 0	38.0	23.0
Oxytetracycline / 4-epimer-Oxytetracycline	461.0	426.0 <sup>1</sup>	72.0	10.0	28.0	25.0
		381.0	73.0	10.0	36.0	22.0
Enrofloxacin	361.0	343.0	50.0	13.0	23.0	8.0
		317.0 <sup>1</sup>	50.0	13.0	28.0	20.0
Ciprofloxacin	332.0	231.0 <sup>1</sup>	56.0	4.5	47.0	4.0
		314.0	56.0	4.5	28.0	4.0
Flumequine	262.0	244.0	20.0	5.0	10.0	13.0
		174.0 <sup>1</sup>	20.0	5.0	50.0	7.0
Sulfachloropyridazine	285.2	156.0 <sup>1</sup>	61.0	10.0	21.0	12.0
		108.1	61.0	10.0	31.0	8.0
Sulfadiazine	251.1	156.0 <sup>1</sup>	46.0	4.0	19.0	4.0
		108.0				
		108.0	46.0	4.0	31.0	4.0
Sulfamethazine-phenyl- <sup>13</sup> C <sup>6</sup>	285.0	124.1	71.0	10.0	31.0	12.0
Enrofloxacin-D5 <sup>2</sup>	365.0	321.0	50.0	7.0	23.0	8.0
Tetracycline-D6 <sup>2</sup>	451.0	160.0	34.0	10.0	25.0	30.0

<sup>1</sup>Quantifier ion; <sup>2</sup>Internal Standard; <sup>3</sup>Declustering potential, <sup>4</sup>Entrance potential, <sup>5</sup>Collision energy, <sup>6</sup>Collision cell exit potential.

**Table S3.** Instrumental Limit of detection and Limit of quantification.

Analyte	ILOD <sup>1</sup> ( $\mu\text{g kg}^{-1}$ )	ILOQ <sup>2</sup> ( $\mu\text{g kg}^{-1}$ )
Enrofloxacin	2.0	6.7
Ciprofloxacin	3.1	10.4
Flumequine	2.9	9.7
Sulfachloropyridazine	3.0	10.1
Sulfadiazine	2.8	9.5
Tetracycline	3.4	11.4
4-epi-Tetracycline	2.9	9.7
Oxytetracycline	2.7	8.9
4-epi-Oxytetracycline	2.3	7.8
Chlortetracycline	3.3	11.1
4-epi-Chlortetracycline	2.9	9.6

<sup>1</sup>Instrumental Limit of detection; <sup>2</sup>Instrumental Limit of quantification.