## Supplementary material

Table S1: Number of participants/missing data

|  |  | Total TRD |  | Controls |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Total number of ADD participants with baseline inflammatory and clinical data | $\mathbf{1 4 3}$ | 31 |  |  |
|  | Metyrapone | Placebo | Total TRD | Controls |
| Total numbers after exclusions for inflammatory <br> conditions |  |  |  |  |
| a | 63 | 66 | $\mathbf{1 2 9}$ | 28 |
| Number after exclusion of non-adherent metyrapone <br> patients ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ | 40 | 66 | $\mathbf{1 0 6}$ | - |
| Number of participants (excluding metyrapone non- <br> adherent) with clinical and inflammatory outcome data ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 40 | 57 | $\mathbf{9 7}$ | - |

${ }^{a}$ included in baseline patient/control comparisons, and the mITT moderation and mediation analyses
${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ included in per-protocol moderation and mediation analyses
${ }^{\text {c }}$ included in analyses with missing data addressed using full information maximum likelihood

Figure S1


Figure a-d: Patients' and controls' baseline levels of
a) IL-6
b) $\mathrm{TNF} \alpha$
c) CRP
d) $\mathrm{IL}-10$

Log transformed mean values of the cytokines assessed are presented. Error bars represent standard deviation (SD). $C R P=C$-reactive Protein; IL-6 = Interleukin 6; IL-10 = Interleukin 10; TNF- $\alpha=$ Tumour Necrosis Factor $\alpha$.

Figure S2


Figure A / B: IL-6 associations with treatment group and clinical outcome, as examined in linear regression and mediation analysis
a) Pre-treatment IL-6 as a predictor of subsequent clinical outcome
b) Change in IL-6 during treatment and association with clinical outcome

