

Figure S1. Bright field (left) and laser confocal (right) micrographs of the same field of Alcian blue-stained MCF-7 cells cultured on top of 1 mg/mL Type 1 collagen gels. Images show that the levels of green autofluorescence signals correspond to the intensity of Alcian blue staining in the brightfield. Scale bar = 50 μ m.

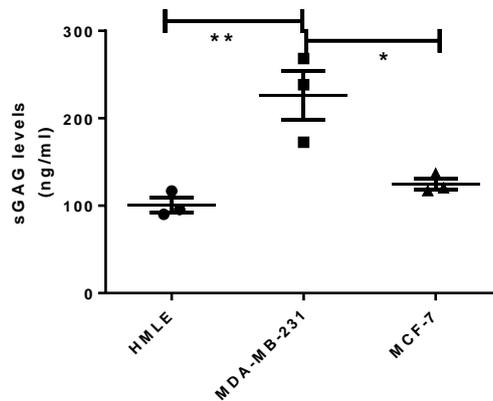


Figure S2. Scatter plot of DMMB assay depicting levels of sulfated glycosaminoglycans (GAGs) in HMLE, MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cells grown in 3D Type-I collagen scaffolds. (Data is mean \pm SE of three independent experiments). Significance was measured using one-way ANOVA (* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$).

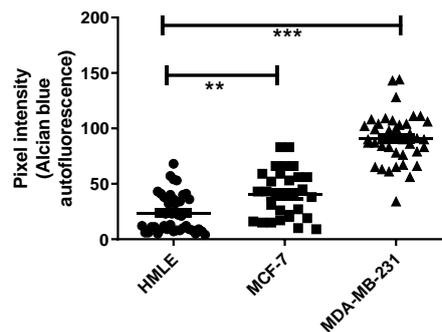


Figure S3. Scatter plot showing pixel intensities of Alcian blue autofluorescence in stained HMLE, MCF-7 and MDA-MB-231 cells cultured on top of 1 mg/mL Type 1 collagen gels. Each spot represents autofluorescent signal from single cells from all three independent experiments. Significance was measured using student's t-test (** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$).

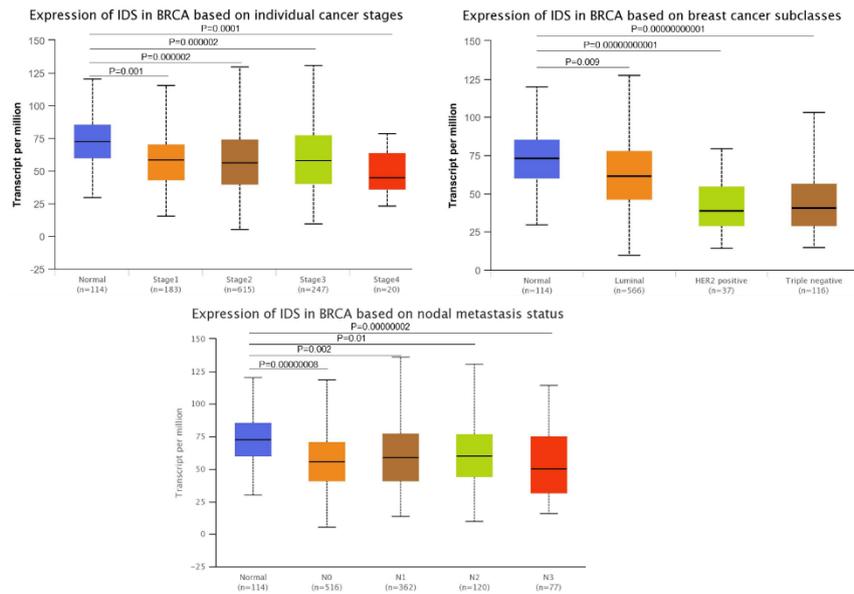


Figure S4. Graphs of stage-specific, histotype-specific, and lymph node-metastasis-specific mRNA levels of IDS in breast cancer patients from TCGA presented in its graphical user interface UALCAN.

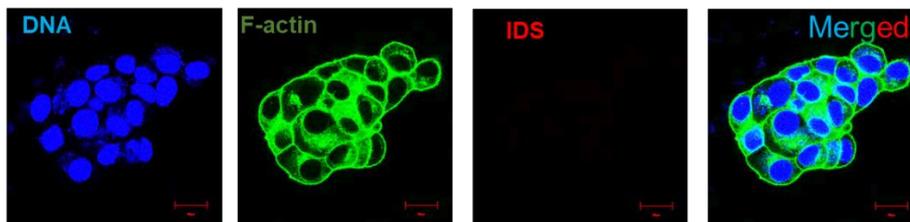


Figure S5. Confocal micrographs of MCF-7 cells with no primary antibody (negative control) grown on Type 1 collagen scaffolds and stained for F-actin and DNA, Scale = 20 μ m.

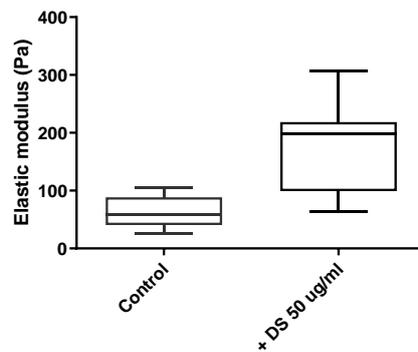


Figure S6. Graph showing median elastic modulus of Type 1 collagen measured by atomic force microscopy and its interquartile distribution, when polymerized without and in the presence of 50 μ g/mL dermatan sulfate (DS).