



Bright Silicon Carbide Single-Photon Emitting Diodes at Low Temperatures: Toward Quantum Photonics Applications

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Table S1. Material parameters with temperature dependencies used in the numerical simulations.

Parameter	Model	Comments
Energy bandgap	$E_{\text{gap}}(T) = E_{\text{gap}}(0) - \frac{\alpha T^2}{\beta + T},$ <p>where $E_{\text{gap}}(0) = 3.26$ eV, $\alpha = 6.5 \times 10^{-4}$ eV/K, $\beta = 1300$ K</p>	[1]
Electron SRH lifetime	$\tau_{\text{SRH}}^n(T) = \frac{\tau_{\text{SRH}}^n(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{1.5}}{1 + \frac{N}{N_{\text{ref}}}},$ <p>where $\tau_{\text{SRH}}^n(300) = 340$ ns, $N_{\text{ref}} = 10^{17}$ cm⁻³</p>	[2–4]
Hole SRH lifetime	$\tau_{\text{SRH}}^p(T) = \frac{\tau_{\text{SRH}}^p(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-0.5}}{1 + \frac{N}{N_{\text{ref}}}},$ <p>where $\tau_{\text{SRH}}^p(300) = 100$ ns, $N_{\text{ref}} = 10^{17}$ cm⁻³</p>	[2–4]
Electron surface recombination velocity	$S_n(T) = \text{const} = 10^5$ cm/s	[5]
Hole surface recombination velocity	$S_p(T) = \text{const} = 10^5$ cm/s	[5]
Electron saturation velocity	<p>Si-like dependence $v_{\text{sat}}^n(T) = \frac{v_{\text{sat}}^n(0)}{1 + 0.8 \exp\left(\frac{T}{600}\right)},$</p> <p>where $v_{\text{sat}}^n(0) = 5.1 \times 10^7$ cm/s, which gives $v_{\text{sat}}^n(300) = 2.2 \times 10^7$ cm/s</p>	[6,7]
Hole saturation velocity	<p>Si-like dependence $v_{\text{sat}}^p(T) = \frac{v_{\text{sat}}^p(0)}{1 + 0.8 \exp\left(\frac{T}{600}\right)},$</p> <p>where $v_{\text{sat}}^p(0) = 3.5 \times 10^7$ cm/s, which gives $v_{\text{sat}}^p(300) = 1.5 \times 10^7$ cm/s</p>	[1,7]

Electron low-field mobility in the p ⁺ -type region	$\mu_n(T) = \mu_n(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-0.52},$ where $\mu_n(300) = 420 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Hole low-field mobility in the p ⁺ -type region	$\mu_p(T) = \mu_p(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-0.93},$ where $\mu_p(300) = 170 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Electron low-field mobility in the i-type region	$\mu_n(T) = \mu_n(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-1.59},$ where $\mu_n(300) = 700 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Hole low-field mobility in the i-type region	$\mu_p(T) = \mu_p(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-1.59},$ where $\mu_p(300) = 220 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Electron low-field mobility in the n ⁺ -type region	$\mu_n(T) = \mu_n(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-0.52},$ where $\mu_n(300) = 420 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Hole low-field mobility in the n ⁺ -type region	$\mu_p(T) = \mu_p(300) \times \left(\frac{T}{300}\right)^{-0.93},$ where $\mu_p(300) = 170 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$	[8–10]
Donor activation energy	$E_d(T) = \text{const} = 0.053 \text{ eV (hex site), } 0.1 \text{ eV (cubic site)}$	[11]
Acceptor activation energy	$E_a(T) = \text{const} = 0.2 \text{ eV}$	[12]
Electron DOS mass in the conduction band	$m_e(T) = \text{const} = 0.77m_0,$ where m_0 is the electron rest mass.	[13]
Hole DOS mass in the valence band	$m_h(T) = \text{const} = 0.91m_0,$ where m_0 is the electron rest mass.	[14]

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