

Storage stability and in vitro bioaccessibility of microencapsulated tomato (*Solanum lycopersicum* L.) pomace extract

Luiz C. Corrêa-Filho, Diana I. Santos, Luísa Brito, Margarida Moldão-Martins and Vítor D. Alves*

LEAF—Linking Landscape, Environment, Agriculture and Food, Associated Laboratory TERRA, Instituto Superior de Agronomia, Universidade de Lisboa, Tapada da Ajuda, 1349-017 Lisboa, Portugal; lucaal-bernaz@gmail.com (L.C.C.-F.); dianaisasantos@isa.ulisboa.pt (D.I.S.); lbrito@isa.ulisboa.pt (L.B.); mmoldao@isa.ulisboa.pt (M.M.-M.)

* Correspondence: vitoralves@isa.ulisboa.pt; Tel.: +351-21-365-3195

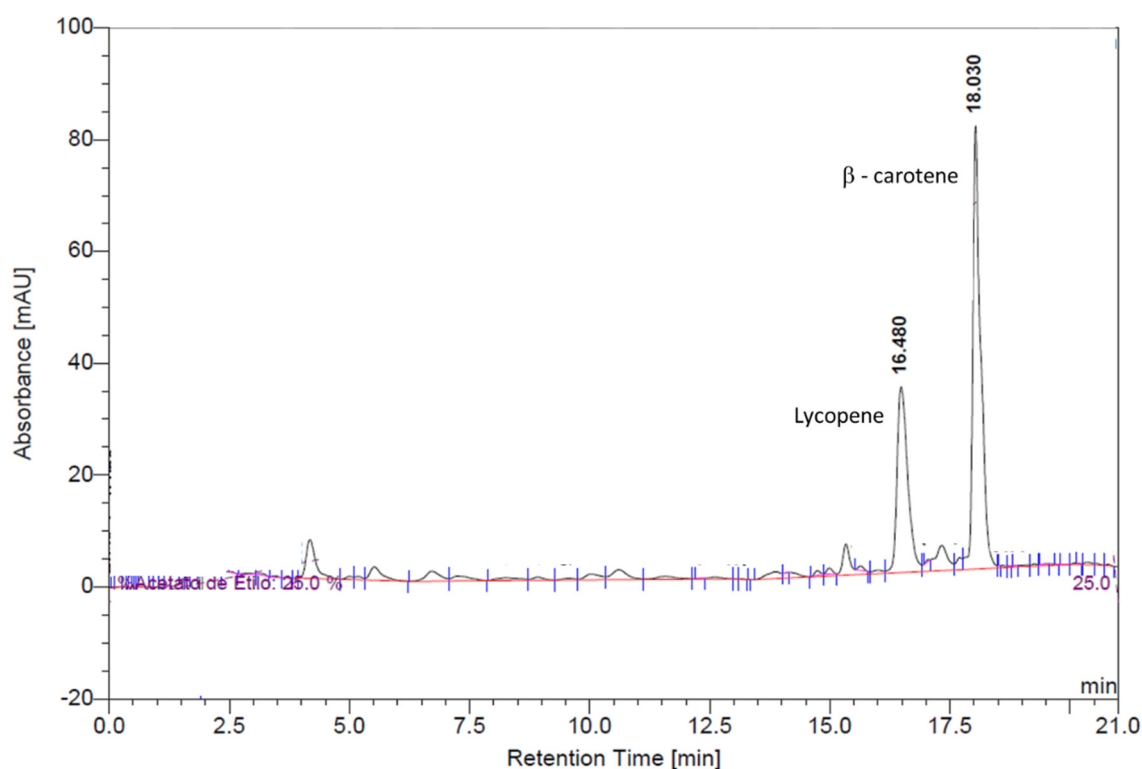


Figure S1. HPLC chromatogram obtained with a DAD-3000 diode-array detector, with a wavelength of 475 and 472 nm for lycopene and 440 nm for β -carotene, upon tomato pomace extract analysis.