## Supplementary Figures

Figure S1



Main environmental and anthropic variables in Northern Algeria

Figure S2



Main weather-related variables in Northern Algeria. Upper panels: bioclimates 1 to 4 are humid, subhumid, subarid, and arid, respectively. FWI is the fire weather index, and NDVI<sub>summer</sub> is the normalized difference vegetation index. Lower panels: Fire radiative power (FRP; left) and FWI (right) monthly distribution

Figure S3



Density distribution of fire and no-fire pixels as a function of latitude and longitude in Northern Algeria

Variable	Description	Comments	Source
name			
FIRE			
Number of	MODIS		MODIS earthdata pasa gov
fires	MCD64A1v006 fire	MODIS fire hotspots (point data)	earmaata.nasa.gov
	hotspots provided	Fire radiative power (FRP)	
	point-data		
Burned areas	MODIS MCD64A1v006 fire hotspots provided point-data	The burned areas were redrawn using ArcMap 10.7 we regrouped within a same fire perimeter the burnt pixels which where contiguous and which had the same date and time	MODIS earthdata.nasa.gov
FUELS			
Land Cover Types	ESA land cover types	Supervised classification on high- resolution Landsat TM satellite images (30 m) including forests, woodlands, croplands, pastures, urban, aso)	esa-landcover-cci.org
Normalized			MODIS earthdata pasa gov
Difference	MODIS TERRA	MODIS monthly NDVI data is generated using the 16-day vegetation index	earmaata.nasa.gov
Vegetation	sensor (MOD13)	aggregated using a weighted average to	
Index (NDVI)		produce a monthly composite	
WEATHER/		From these data we computed the fire	
CLIMATE		BUI) using the Canadian Forest Fire Danger Rating System and the R package 'cffdrs'	
Climate and weather data	- CHELSA Climate Data high resolution from January 2001 to December 2015 at 30-arc sec (~1km) spatial resolution - NASA Power Data for air humidity and	From these data we computed the fire danger indices (FWI, FFMC, DMC, DC, ISI, BUI) using the Canadian Forest Fire Danger Rating System and the R package 'cffdrs'	CHELSA Climate Data power.larc.nasa.gov <u>https://cwfis.cfs.nrcan.gc.</u> <u>ca/</u> <u>https://cran.r-</u> project.org/web/packages
	wind speed		<u>/cffdrs/cffdrs.pdf</u>
IGNITIONS	The HFI is a	This index is a global dataset of 1-kilometer	(Version 2, 2005 LWP-2
footprint index Built-Up	composite index that evaluates the human footprint index on the environment, which represents the relative influence of Humans worldwide.	grid cells, created from nine global data layers covering human population pressure (population density), human land use and infrastructure (built-up areas, nighttime lights, land use/land cover), and human access (coastlines, roads, railroads, navigable rivers)	Wildlife Conservation Society and Columbia University Center for International Earth Science Information Network)
Lightning	The World	The ractor man provides the density of	geology com
strikes	Lightning Strikes	lightning strikes across the world (number	5cology.com
density	Мар	ot tlashes per km <sup>2</sup> per year)	
TOPOGRAP			
HY			
Digital	digital elevation		earthdata nasa gov
Elevation Model	GDEM V2 imagery (30 m) from the NASA Earth data site	We extracted data for elevation, aspect, and slope	ear undata.masa.gov

Table S1. Collection of environmental and anthropic variables

All the data listed were recalculated on a 500 \* 500 meters grid, with the exception of the number of fires that was also recalculated on a 3 \* 3 km grid