

Table S1. Statistical comparison of new voltammetric method against a reference method for Hg (II) analysis in chlor-alkali industrial effluent.

Statistical parameters		Reference method	New method	Reference verses new method
Pearson coefficient				1.00
Is relationship significant?				Yes
Regression method				Weighted Deming linear regression
Slope(a)				a = 1.0006
Intercept(b)				b = -0.02
Skewness	Statistic	0.36	0.37	
	Standard error	0.51	0.51	
Kurtosis	Statistic	-0.83	0.99	
	Standard error	-0.82	0.99	
Shapiro-Wilk	P-value	0.46	0.43	
Paired Differences	Mean			-0.013
	Standard deviation			0.12
Calculated t value				-0.49
Tabulated t value				2.09
Degree of freedom (df)				19
P-value for paired t test				0.62
Relative standard deviation (RSD)%		0.17	0.19	
Median relative error (MRE)%				-1.75 to 0.02
Root mean square error (RMSE)				0.12
Predicted residual sum of square (PRESS)				0.99

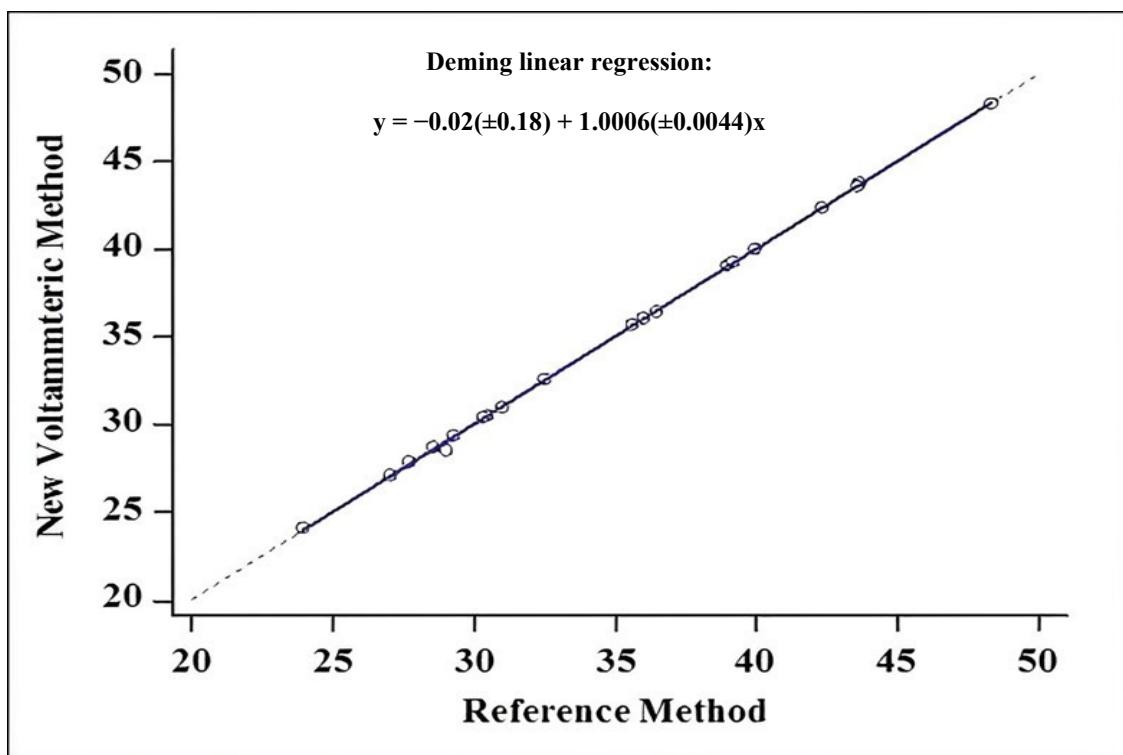


Figure S1. Weighted Deming regression plot between the new voltammetric and reference method.

Deming linear regression:

$$y = -0.02(\pm 0.18) + 1.0006(\pm 0.0044)x$$