

Supplementary Material

Analysis of Derivatized N-Acyl Amino Acid Surfactants using HPLC and HPLC/MS

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Table S1. Signals for protonated molecules $[M+H]^+$ of native and derivatized N-acyl-glutamate surfactants (CS-11, CS-22, CT-12S, ECS-22SB) with different fatty acid moieties; BPAE = 4'-bromophenacyl esters of surfactants, diBPAE = corresponding diesters.

Fatty acid	Native surfactant		BPAE		diBPAE	
	Formula	$[M+H]^+$	Formula	$[M+H]^+$	Formula	$[M+H]^+$
Caprylic, C8:0	C ₁₃ H ₂₄ O ₅ N ⁺	274.2	C ₂₁ H ₂₉ O ₆ NBr ⁺	470.1	C ₂₉ H ₃₄ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	666.1
Capric, C10:0	C ₁₅ H ₂₈ O ₅ N ⁺	302.2	C ₂₃ H ₃₃ O ₆ NBr ⁺	498.1	C ₃₁ H ₃₈ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	694.1
Lauric, C12:0	C ₁₇ H ₃₂ O ₅ N ⁺	330.2	C ₂₅ H ₃₇ O ₆ NBr ⁺	526.2	C ₃₃ H ₄₂ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	722.1
Myristic, C14:0	C ₁₉ H ₃₆ O ₅ N ⁺	358.3	C ₂₇ H ₄₁ O ₆ NBr ⁺	554.2	C ₃₅ H ₄₆ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	750.2
Palmitic, C16:0	C ₂₁ H ₄₀ O ₅ N ⁺	386.3	C ₂₉ H ₄₅ O ₆ NBr ⁺	582.2	C ₃₇ H ₅₀ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	778.2
Oleic, C18:1	C ₂₃ H ₄₂ O ₅ N ⁺	412.3	C ₃₁ H ₄₇ O ₆ NBr ⁺	608.3	C ₃₉ H ₅₂ O ₇ NBr ₂ ⁺	804.2

Table S2. Signals for protonated molecules $[M+H]^+$ of native and derivatized N-acyl-threoninate surfactant (ET-CS-12) with different fatty acid moieties; BPAE = 4'-bromophenacyl esters of surfactant.

Fatty acid	Native surfactant		BPAE	
	Formula	$[M+H]^+$	Formula	$[M+H]^+$
Caprylic, C8:0	C ₁₂ H ₂₄ O ₄ N ⁺	246.2	C ₂₀ H ₂₉ O ₅ NBr ⁺	442.1
Capric, C10:0	C ₁₄ H ₂₈ O ₄ N ⁺	274.2	C ₂₂ H ₃₃ O ₅ NBr ⁺	470.2
Lauric, C12:0	C ₁₆ H ₃₂ O ₄ N ⁺	302.2	C ₂₄ H ₃₇ O ₅ NBr ⁺	498.2
Myristic, C14:0	C ₁₈ H ₃₆ O ₄ N ⁺	330.3	C ₂₆ H ₄₁ O ₅ NBr ⁺	526.2
Palmitic, C16:0	C ₂₀ H ₄₀ O ₄ N ⁺	358.3	C ₂₈ H ₄₅ O ₅ NBr ⁺	554.2
Oleic, C18:1	C ₂₂ H ₄₂ O ₄ N ⁺	384.3	C ₃₀ H ₄₇ O ₅ NBr ⁺	580.3

Table S3. Signals for protonated molecules $[M+H]^+$ of native and derivatized N-acyl-glycine surfactants (GCK-12H, GCS-12K) with different fatty acid moieties; BPAE = 4'-bromophenacyl esters of surfactants.

Fatty acid	Native surfactant		BPAE	
	Formula	$[M+H]^+$	Formula	$[M+H]^+$
Caprylic, C8:0	$C_{10}H_{20}O_3N^+$	202.1	$C_{18}H_{25}O_4NBr^+$	398.2
Capric, C10:0	$C_{12}H_{24}O_3N^+$	230.2	$C_{20}H_{29}O_4NBr^+$	426.1
Lauric, C12:0	$C_{14}H_{28}O_3N^+$	258.2	$C_{22}H_{33}O_4NBr^+$	454.2
Myristic, C14:0	$C_{16}H_{32}O_3N^+$	287.2	$C_{24}H_{37}O_4NBr^+$	482.2
Palmitic, C16:0	$C_{18}H_{36}O_3N^+$	314.3	$C_{26}H_{41}O_4NBr^+$	510.2
Oleic, C18:1	$C_{20}H_{38}O_3N^+$	340.3	$C_{28}H_{43}O_4NBr^+$	536.2

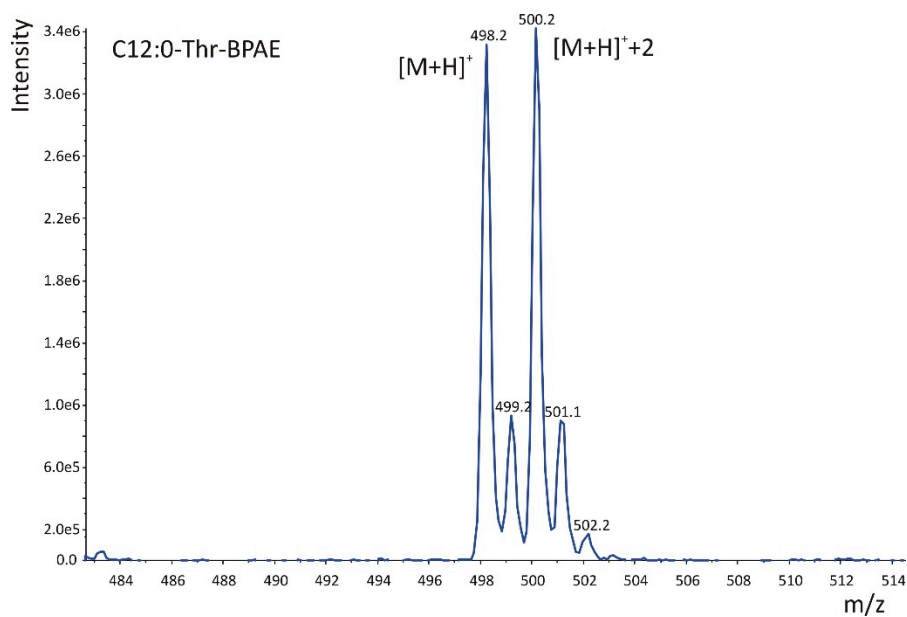


Figure S1. Isotopic pattern of protonated molecule of the 4'-bromophenacyl ester derivative of N-lauryl-threoninate surfactant determined using LC/MS.

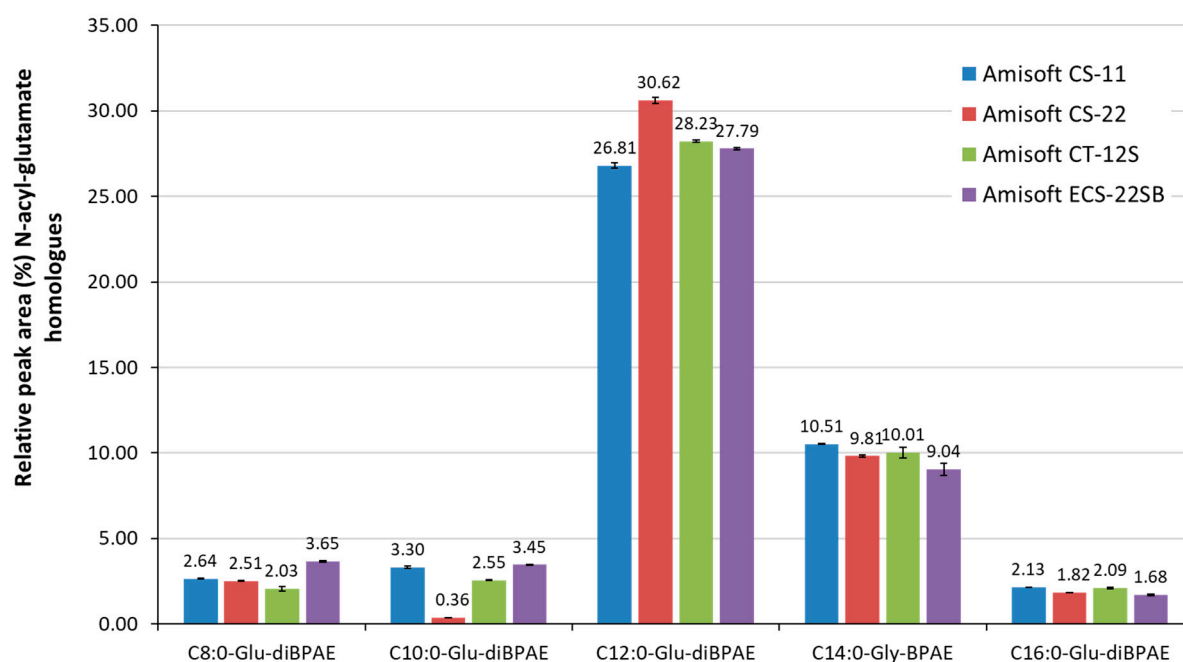


Figure S2. Relative content of *N*-acyl-glutamate homologues (expressed as relative peak area of a homologue with respect to surfactants in the chromatogram) determined using LC after derivatization with 2,4'-dibromoacetophenone, yielding corresponding di-4'-bromophenacyl esters (diBPAAE). The data are shown as average value of three repetitive analyses with error bars as the standard deviations.

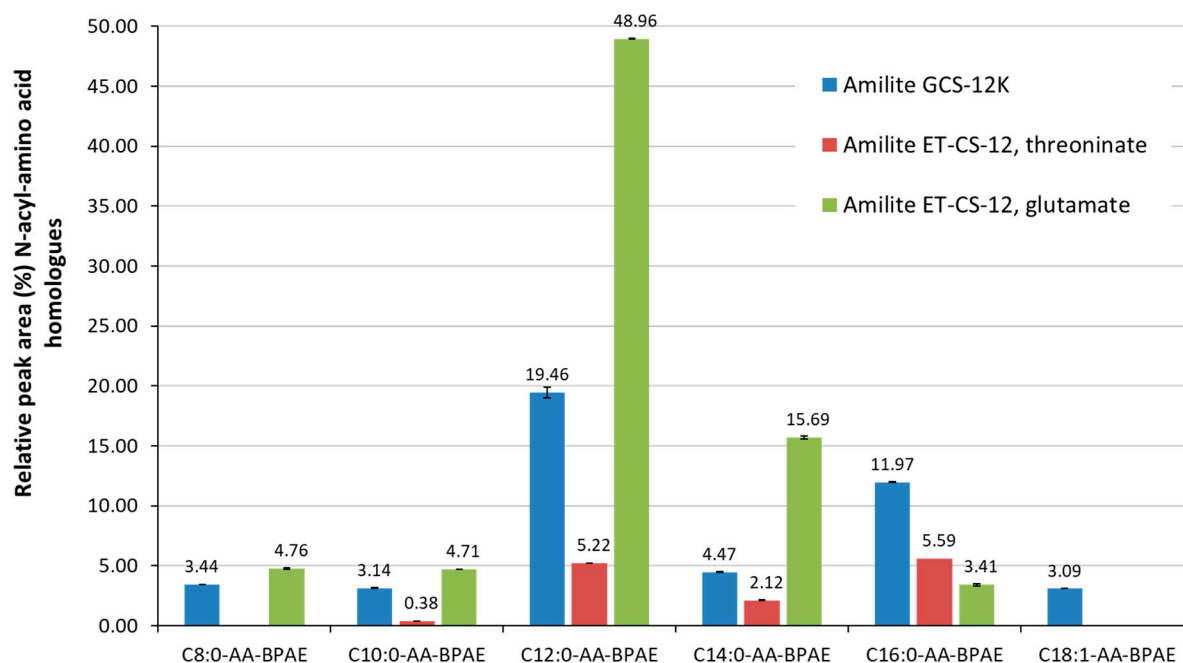


Figure S3. Relative content of *N*-acyl-amino acid (AA) homologues (expressed as relative peak area of a homologue with respect to surfactants in the chromatogram) determined using LC after derivatization with 2,4'-dibromoacetophenone, yielding corresponding mono- (BPAAE) and di-4'-bromophenacyl esters (diBPAAE). The data are shown as average value of three repetitive analyses with error bars as the standard deviations.