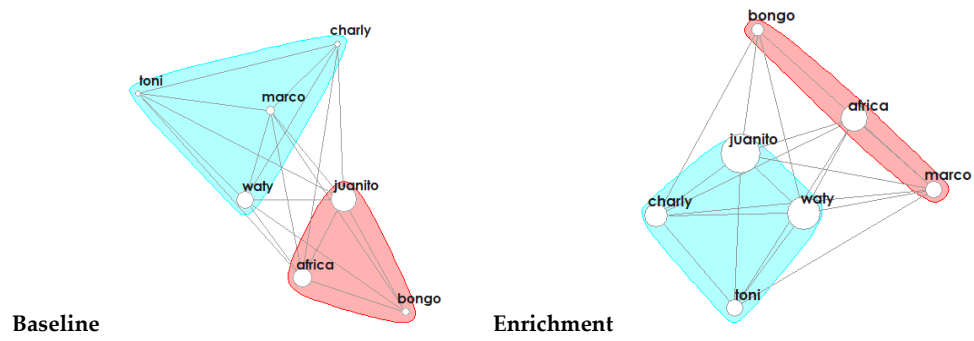


(a) Mutamba group



(b) Bilinga group

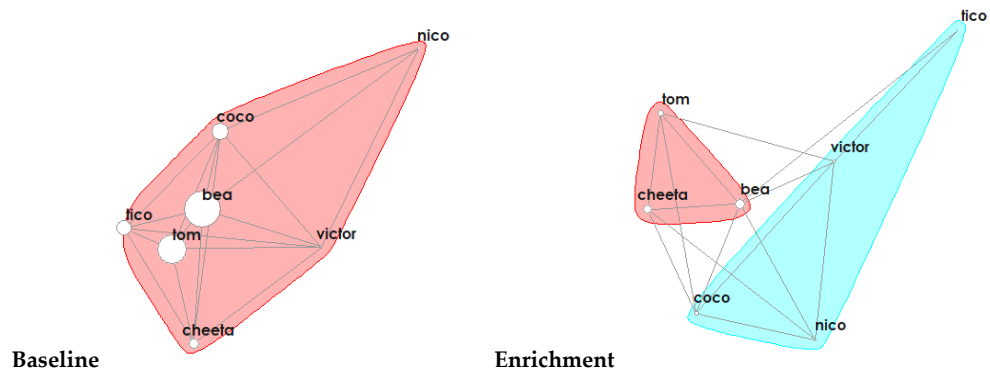


Figure S1. Sociograms comparing social proximity (one-arm length) across control and enriched conditions in each chimpanzee group. Nodes are sized according to subjects' centrality degree (strength) and edges represent dyadic associations. Colors indicate different communities in which subjects are more strongly associated (higher incidence of social proximity). N=7 in both groups.