

## Supplementary Materials

# Cyclic Tetrapeptides with Synergistic Antifungal Activity from the Fungus *Aspergillus westerdijkiae* Using LC-MS/MS-Based Molecular Networking

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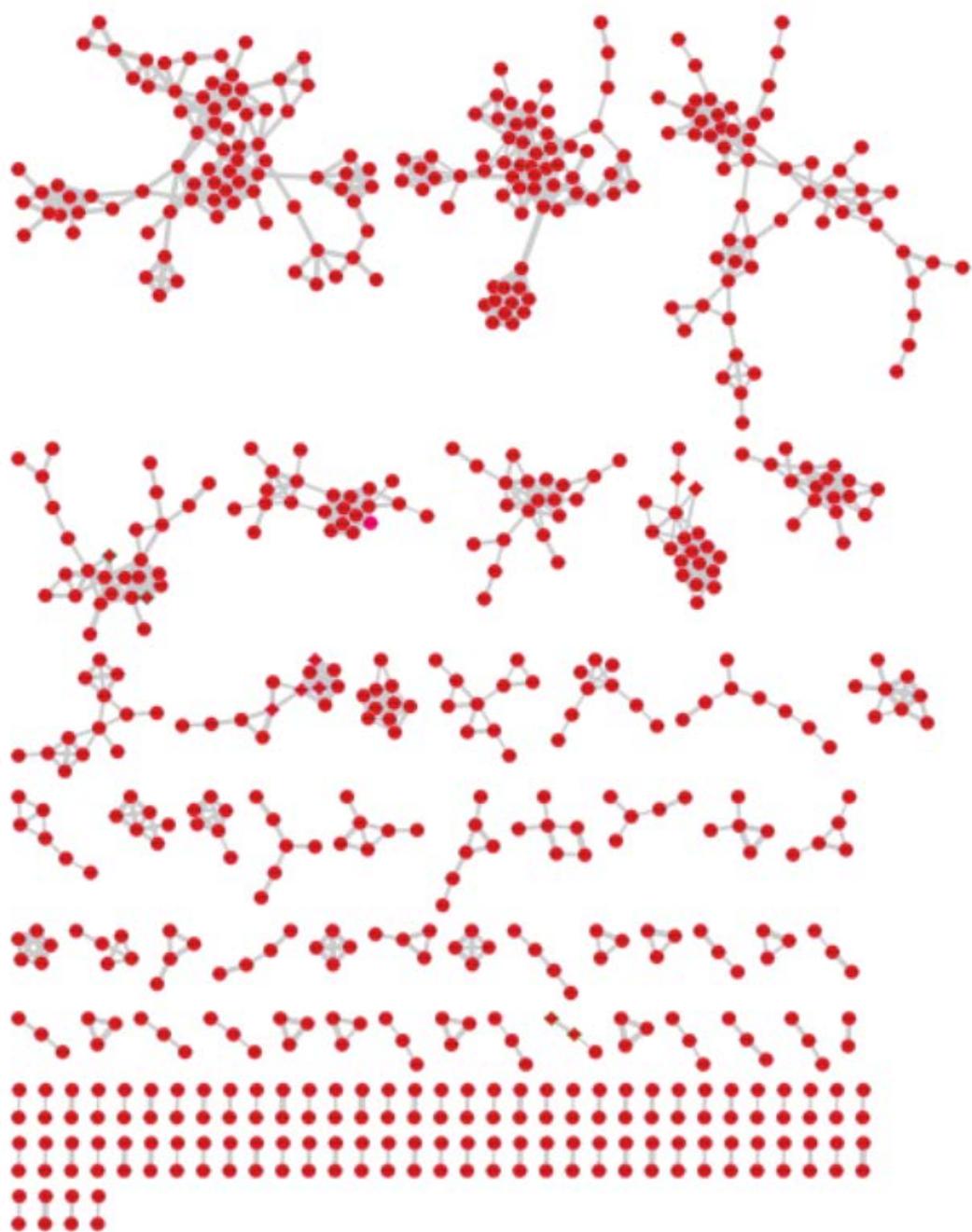
† These authors contributed equally to this work.

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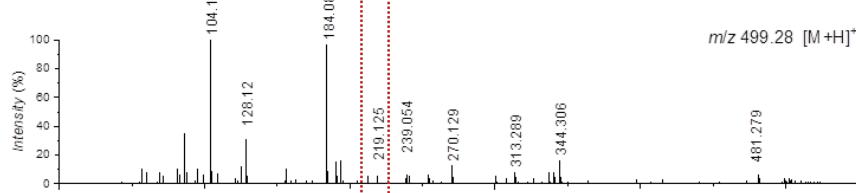
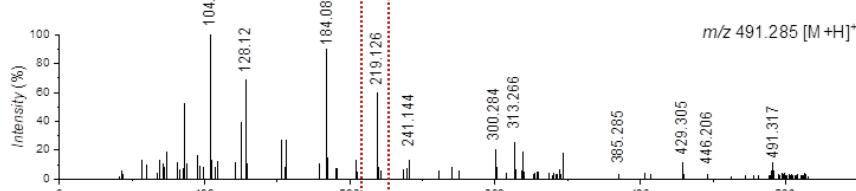
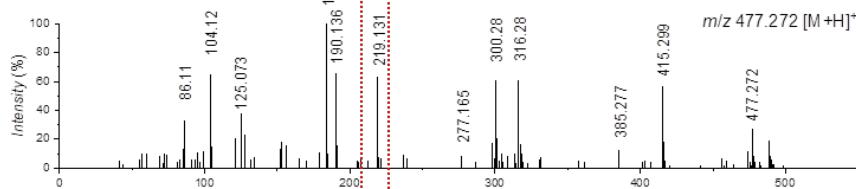
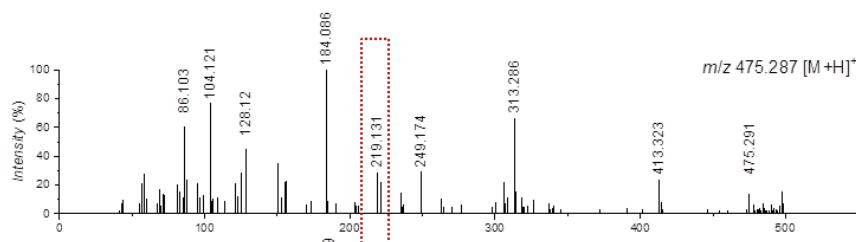
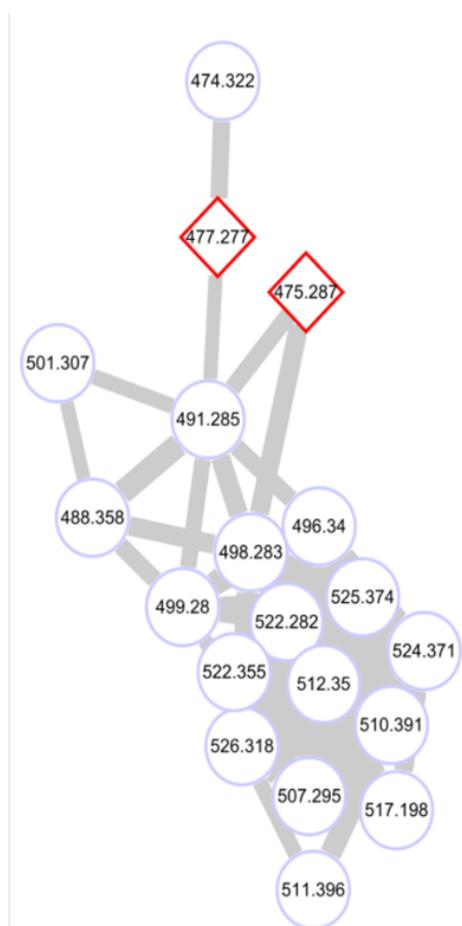
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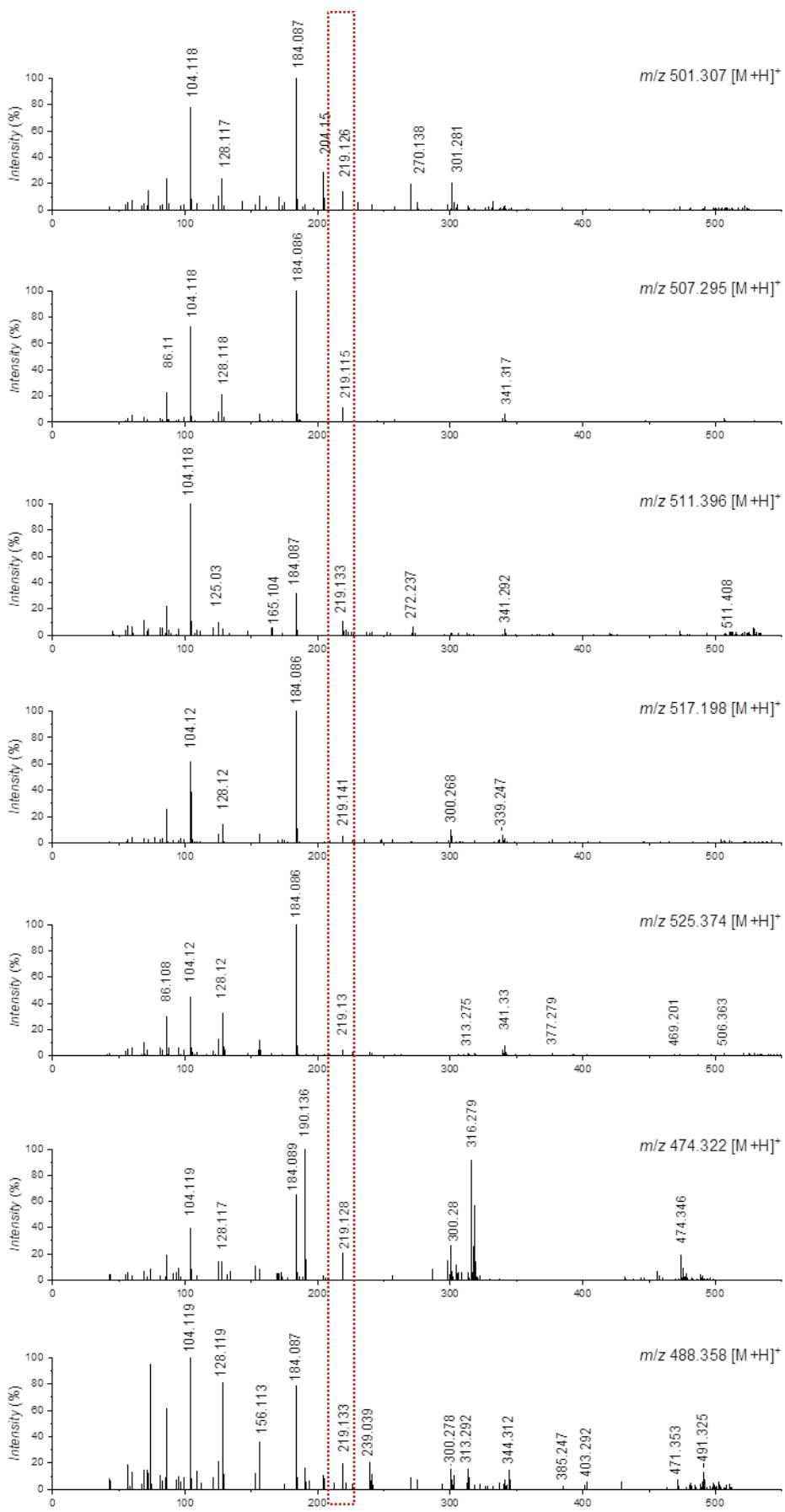
**Table S1.** Culture media with different compositions and conditions for *A. westerdijkiae*.

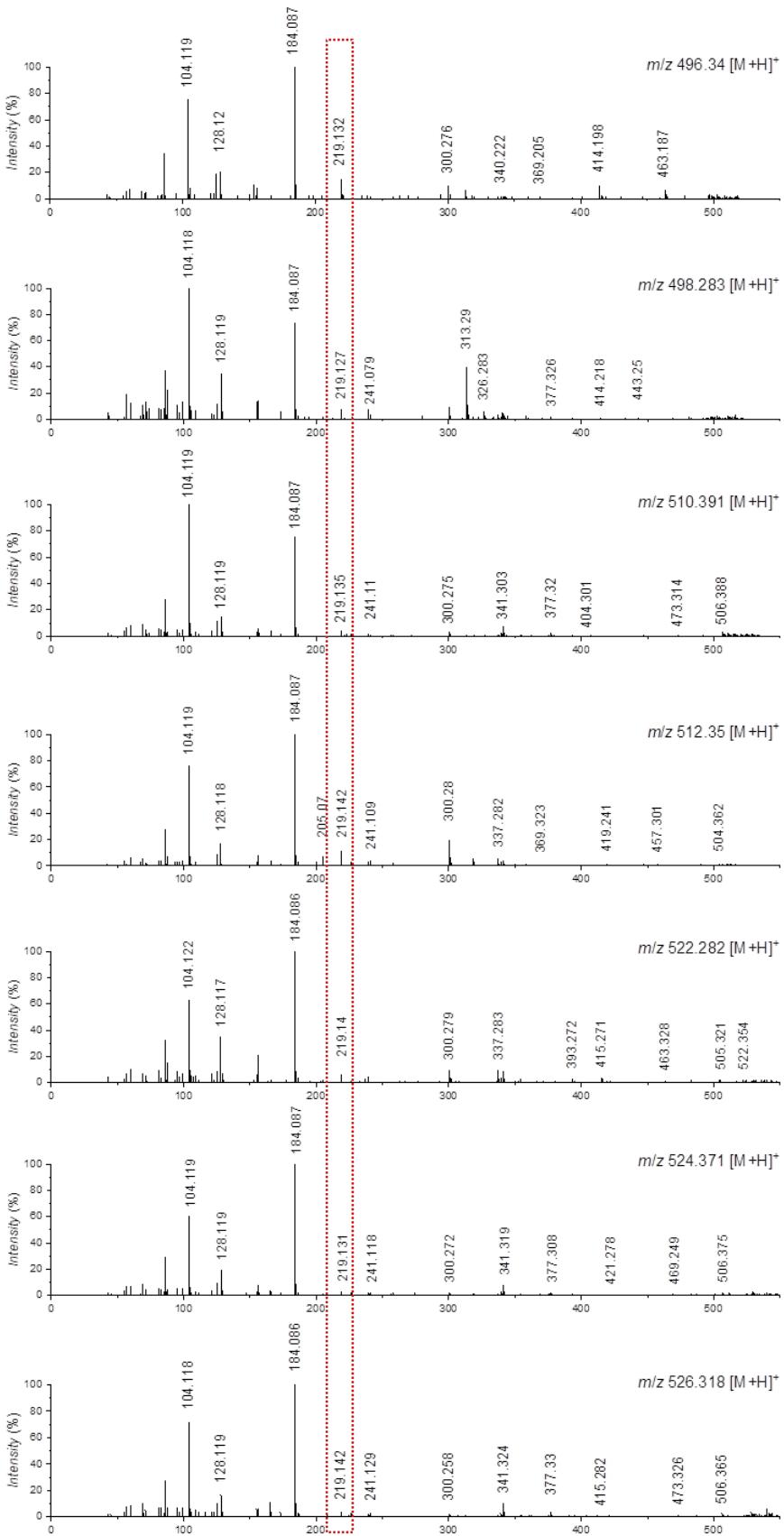
		Medium compositions	Conditions	
1	Rice medium	80 g rice/60 mL distilled water	25°C	3 weeks
2	wheat medium	80 g wheat/60 mL distilled water	25°C	3 weeks
3	Aspergillus Minimal Medium (AMM)	MgSO <sub>4</sub> 0.24g; NaNO <sub>3</sub> 6g; KCl 0.52g; KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> 0.815; K <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub> 1.05g; FeSO <sub>4</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O 5mg; EDTA 0.05g; ZnSO <sub>4</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O 22mg; H <sub>3</sub> BO <sub>3</sub> 11mg; MnCl <sub>2</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O 5mg; CuSO <sub>4</sub> ·5H <sub>2</sub> O 1.6mg; (NH <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> MO <sub>7</sub> O <sub>24</sub> ·7H <sub>2</sub> O 1.1mg; Dextrose 1g	25°C 180 rpm	2 weeks
4	PDB	Potato Dextrose Broth 24 g in 1L distilled water	25°C 180 rpm	2 weeks



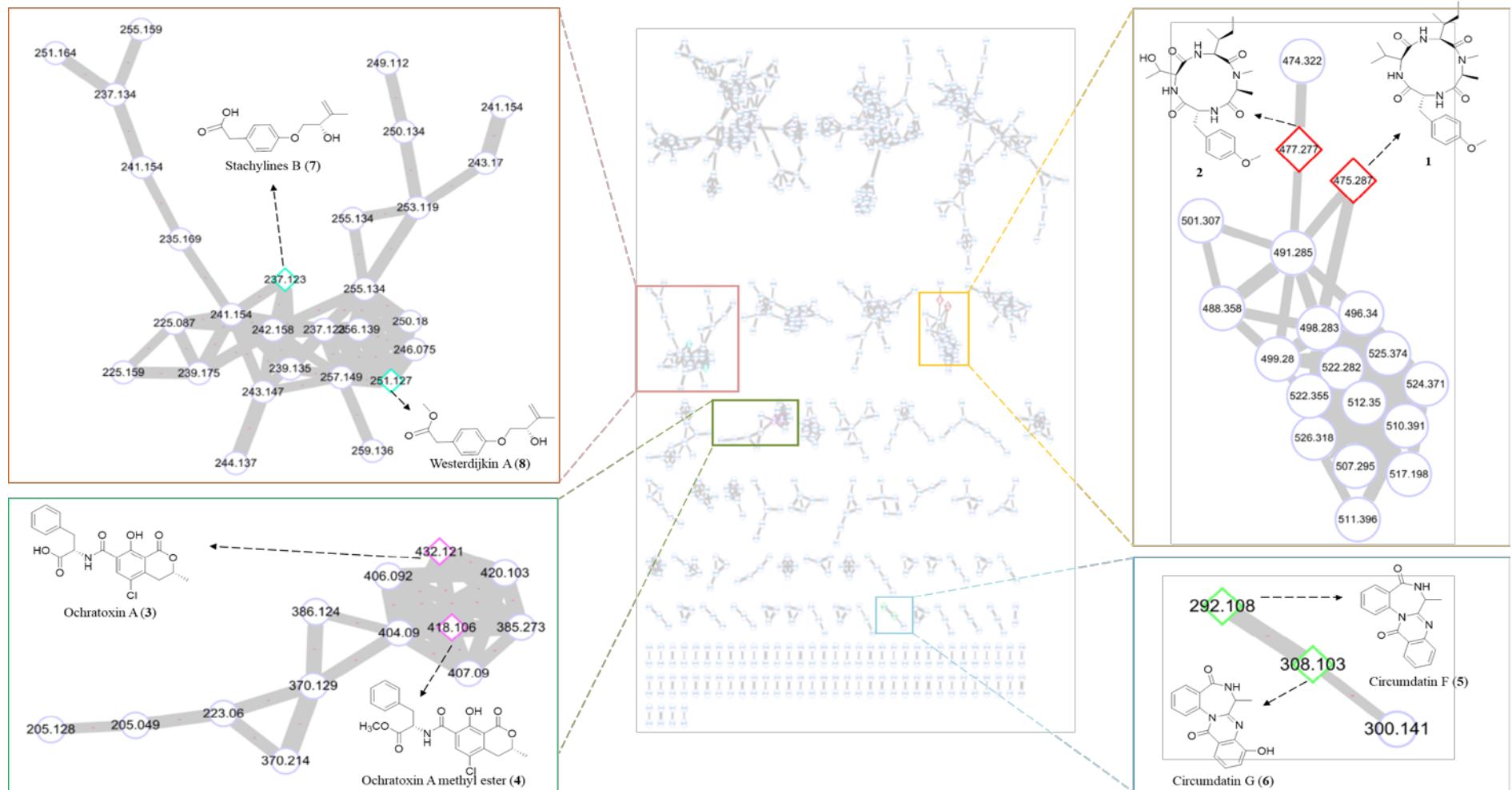
**Figure S1.** The molecular network obtained by combining the LC-MS/MS analyses of rice  
fermentation extract extracts from *A. Westerdijkiae* L1295



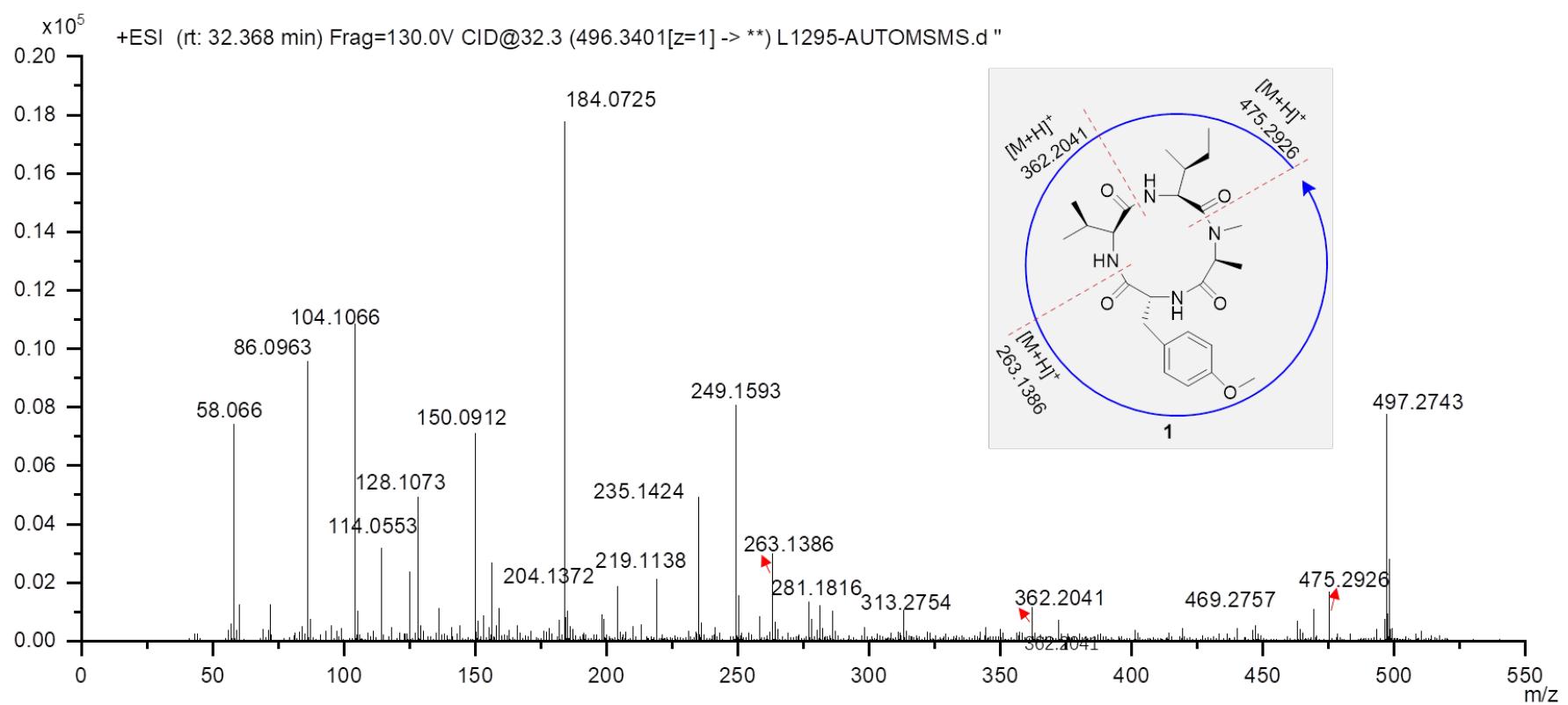




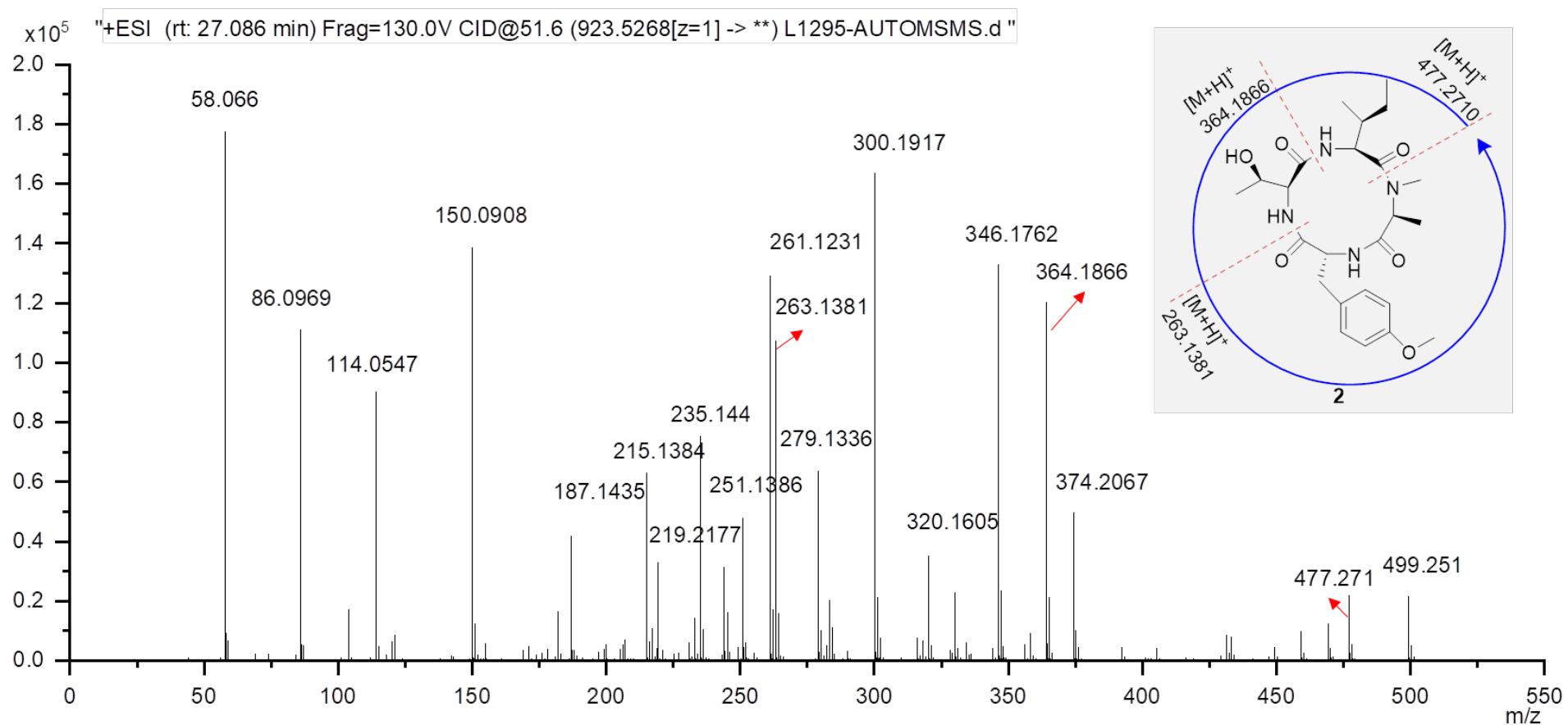
**Figure S2.** Cyclotetrapeptides -cluster and the MS/MS spectrum of each node



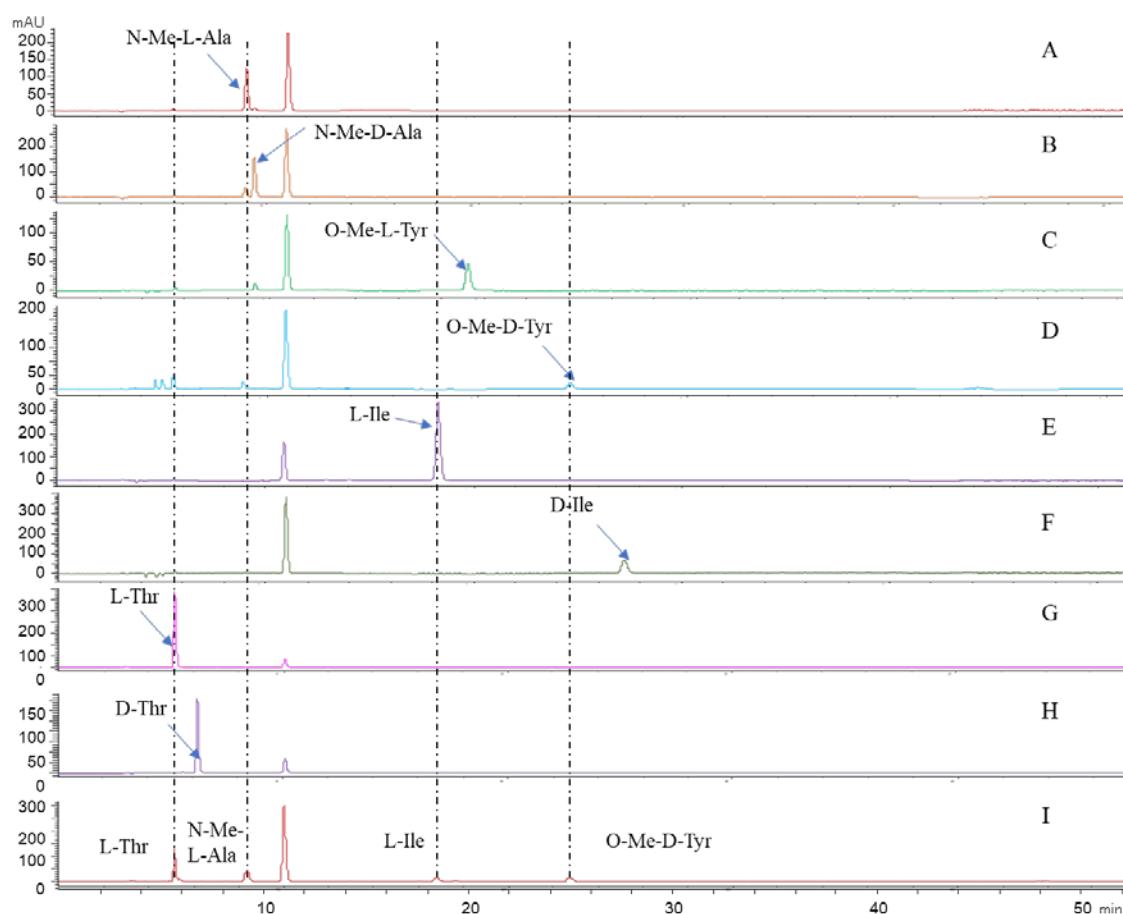
**Figure S3.** The cluster corresponding to compounds observed in the molecular networking



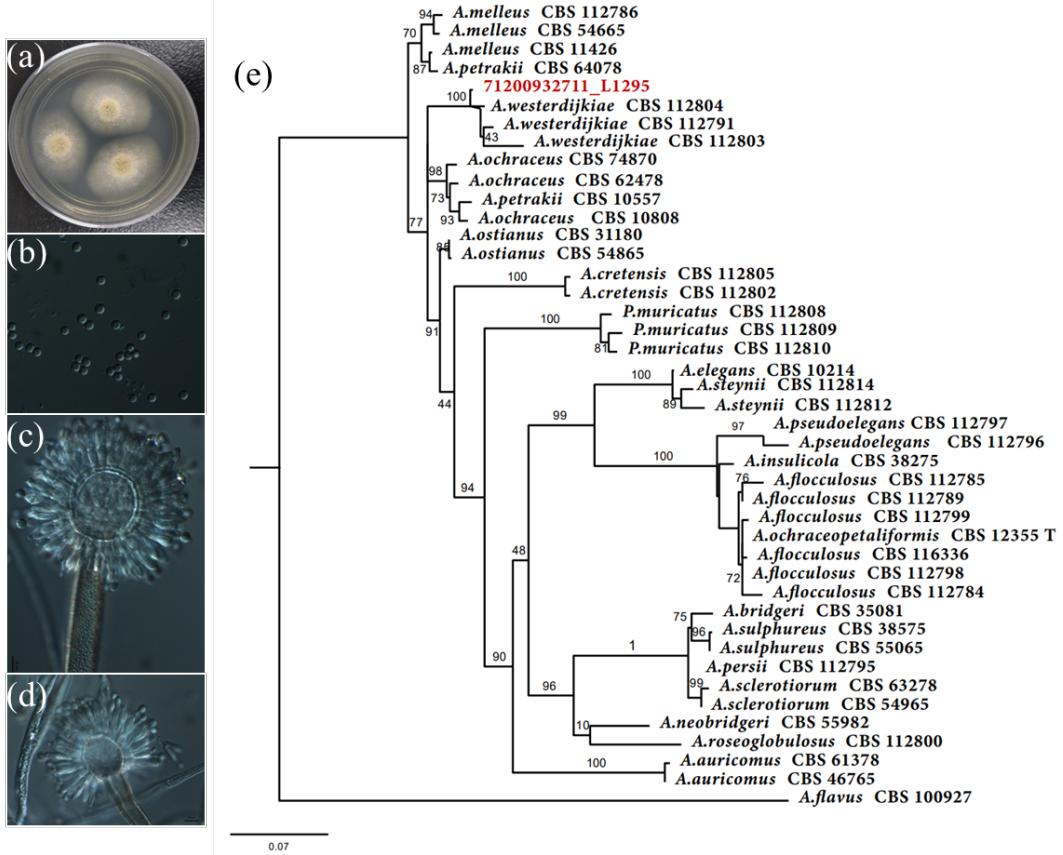
**Figure S4.** The ESI-MS/MS spectrum of **1**.



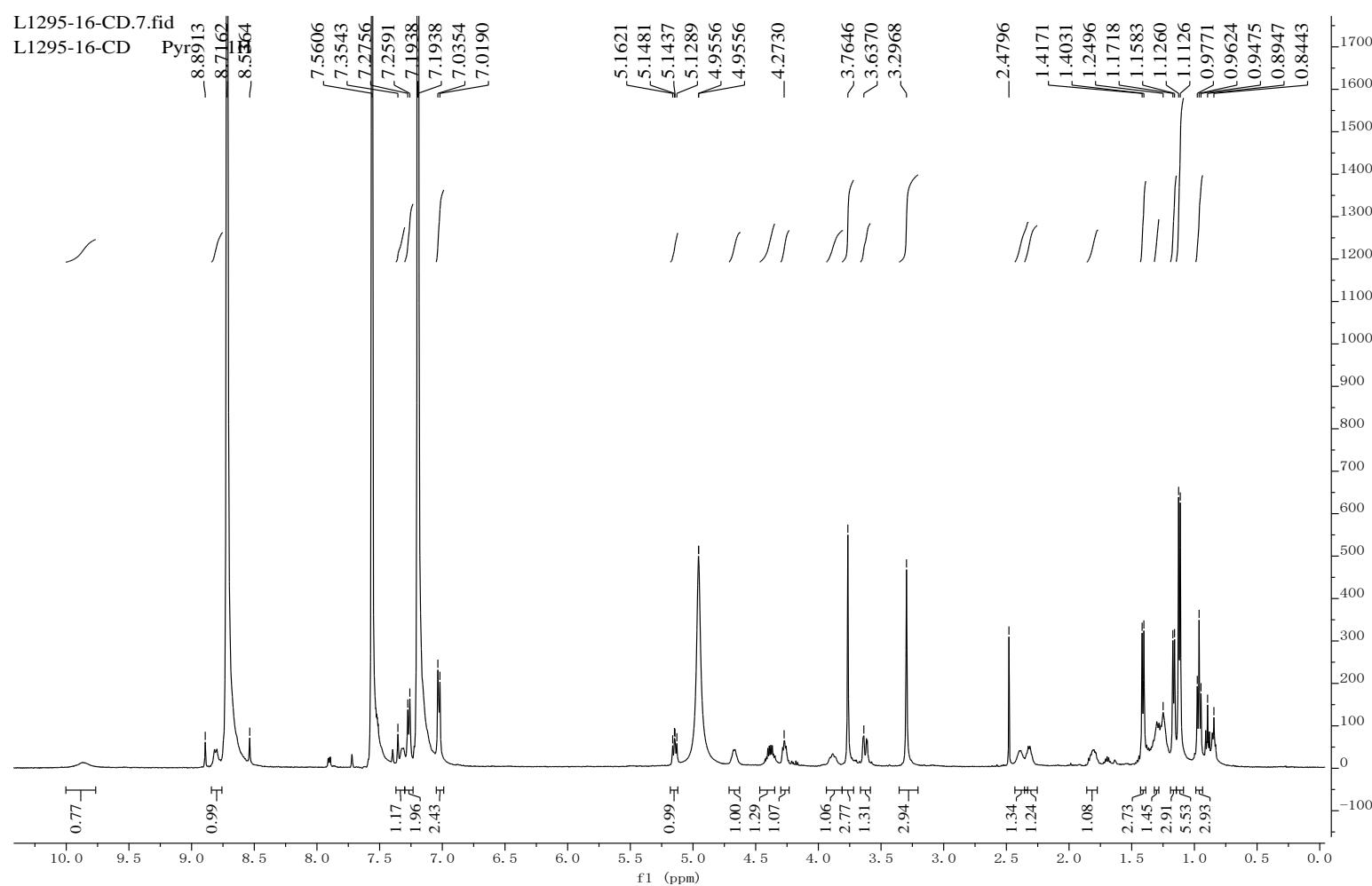
**Figure S5.** The ESI-MS/MS spectrum of **2**.



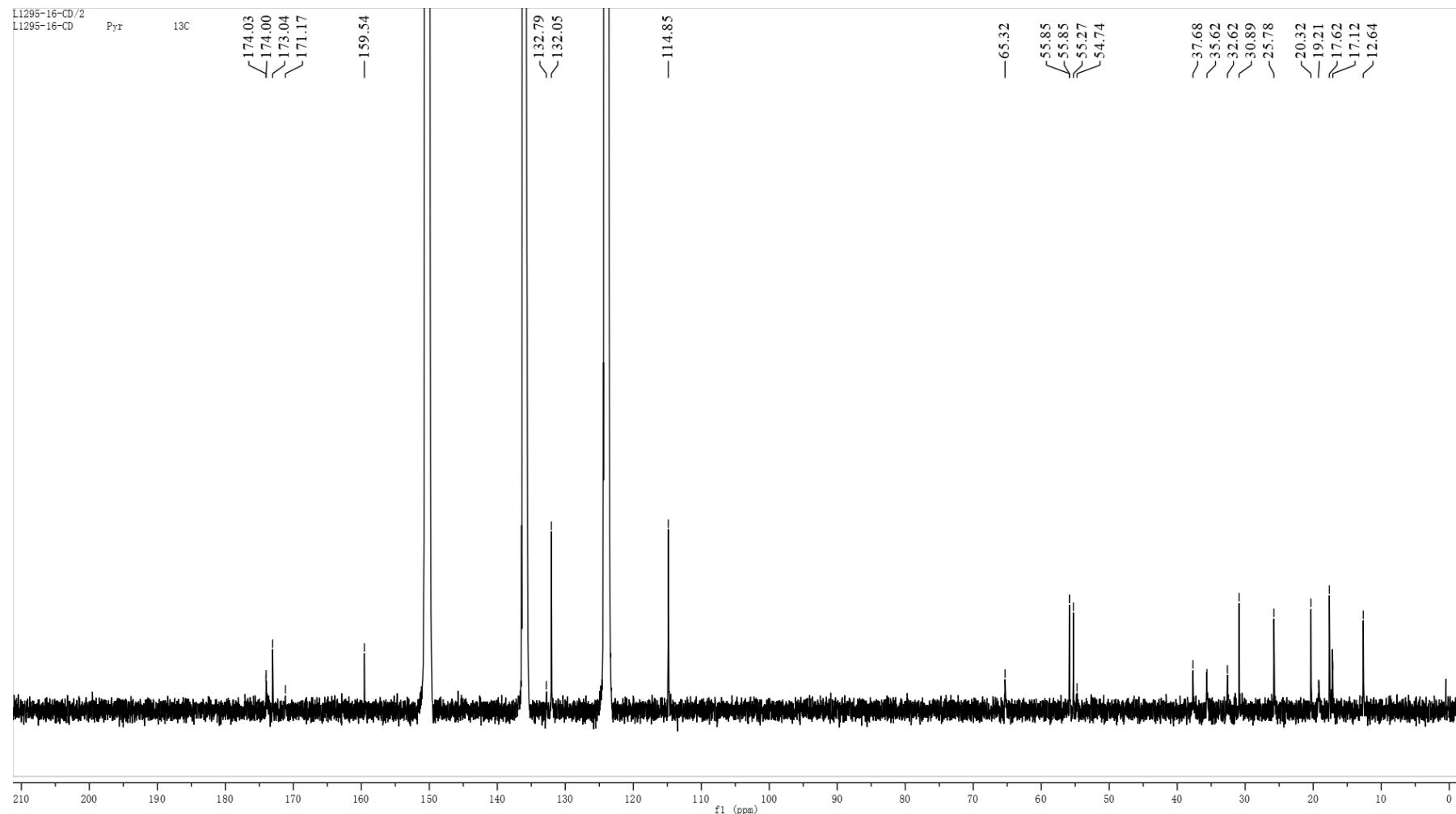
**Figure S6.** Advanced Marfey's analysis of compound **2**. (A-H): The retention times for the FDAA derivatives of N-Me-L-Ala, N-Me-D-Ala, O-Me-L-Tyr, O-Me-D-Tyr, L-Ile, D-Ile, L-Thr, and D-Thr, respectively. (I): The FDAA derivatives of the hydrolysate of **2**. The derivatives of the acid hydrolysate and the standard amino acids were subjected to RP HPLC analysis (Kromasil C18 column; 5  $\mu$ m, 4.6  $\times$  250mm; 1.0 mL/min; UV detection at 340 nm) with a linear gradient of acetonitrile (35%-45%) in water (TFA, 0.01%) over 40 min.



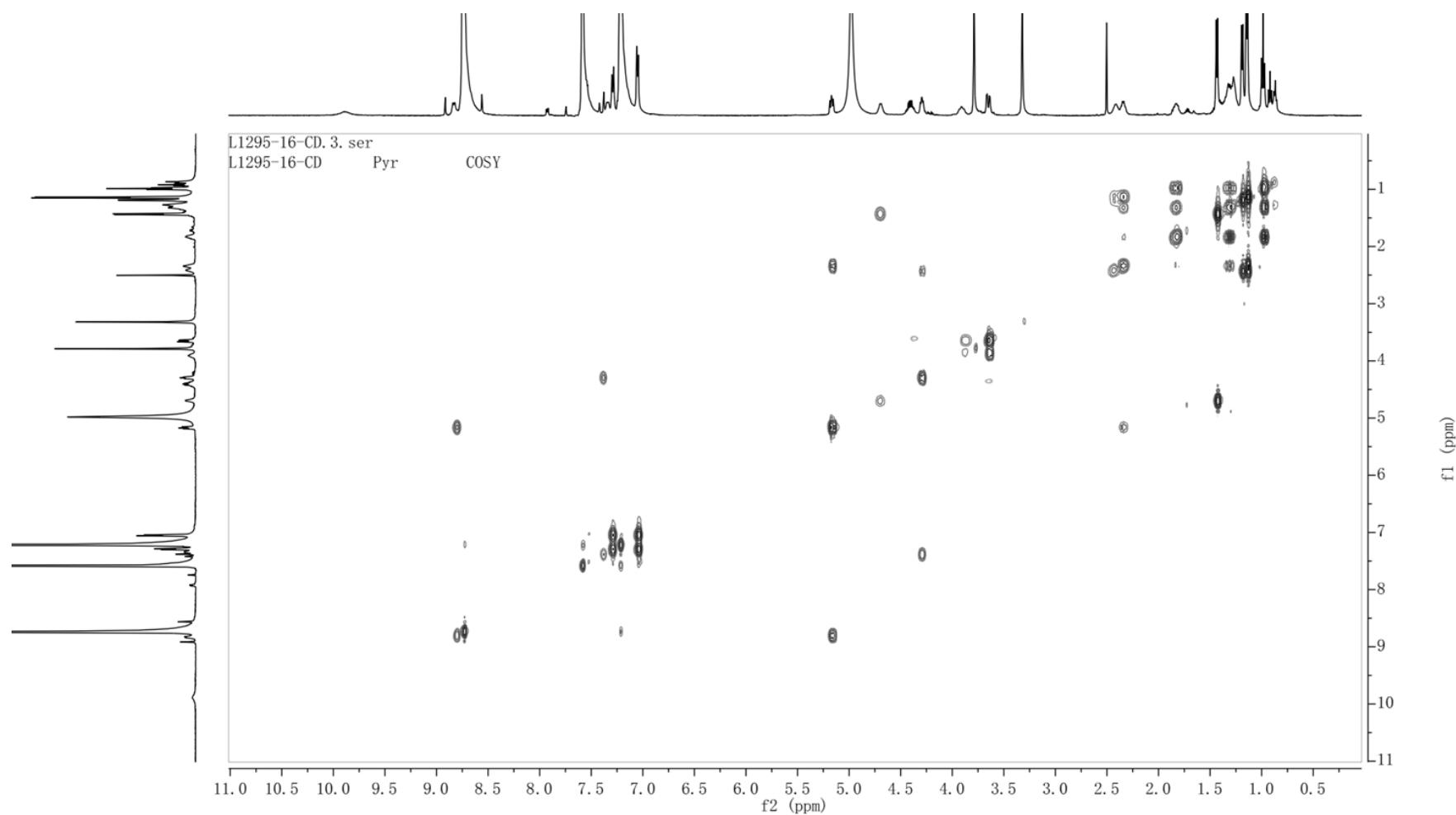
**Figure S7.** Phylogenetic analysis and morphological characters of *Aspergillus westerdijkiae*  
(a): Colonies on PDA after 7 d; (b): Conidiophores; (c-d): Conidia. Scale bars: b–d = 10  $\mu$ m;  
(e). Phylogenetic analysis of *A. westerdijkiae* based on  $\beta$ -tubulin dataset.



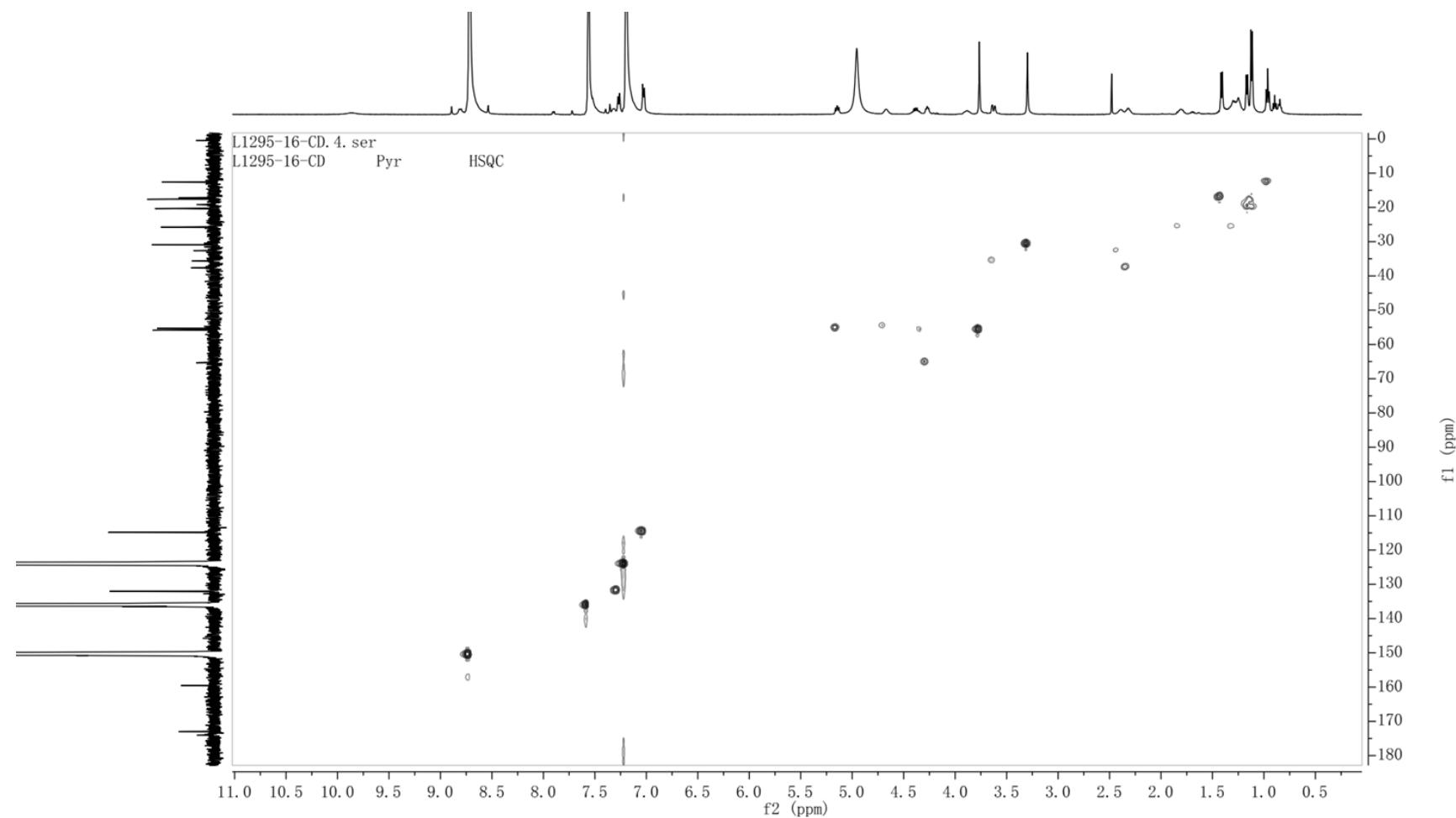
**Figure S8.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine- $d_5$  (500 MHz)



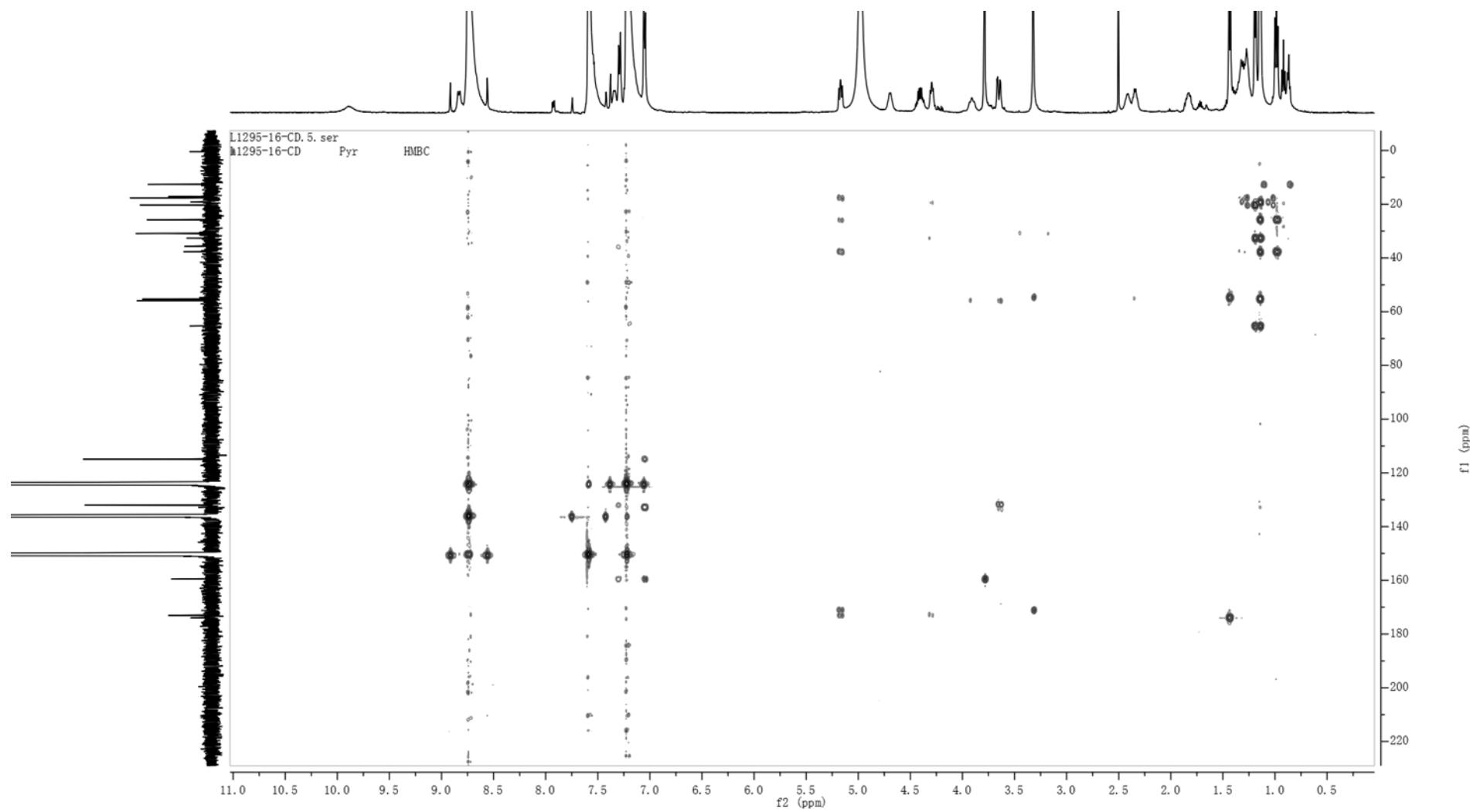
**Figure S9.** <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub> (125 MHz)



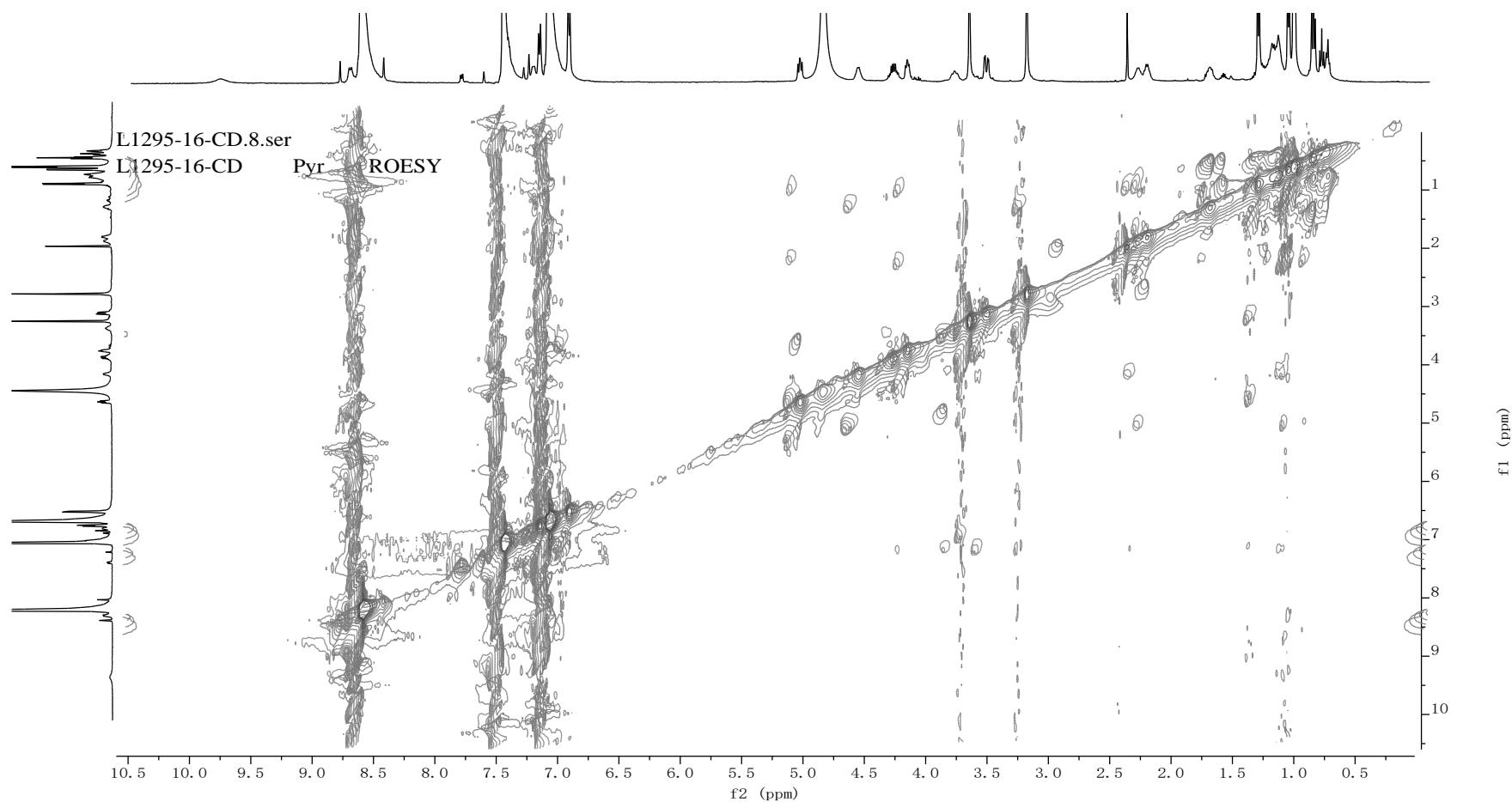
**Figure S10.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine- $d_5$



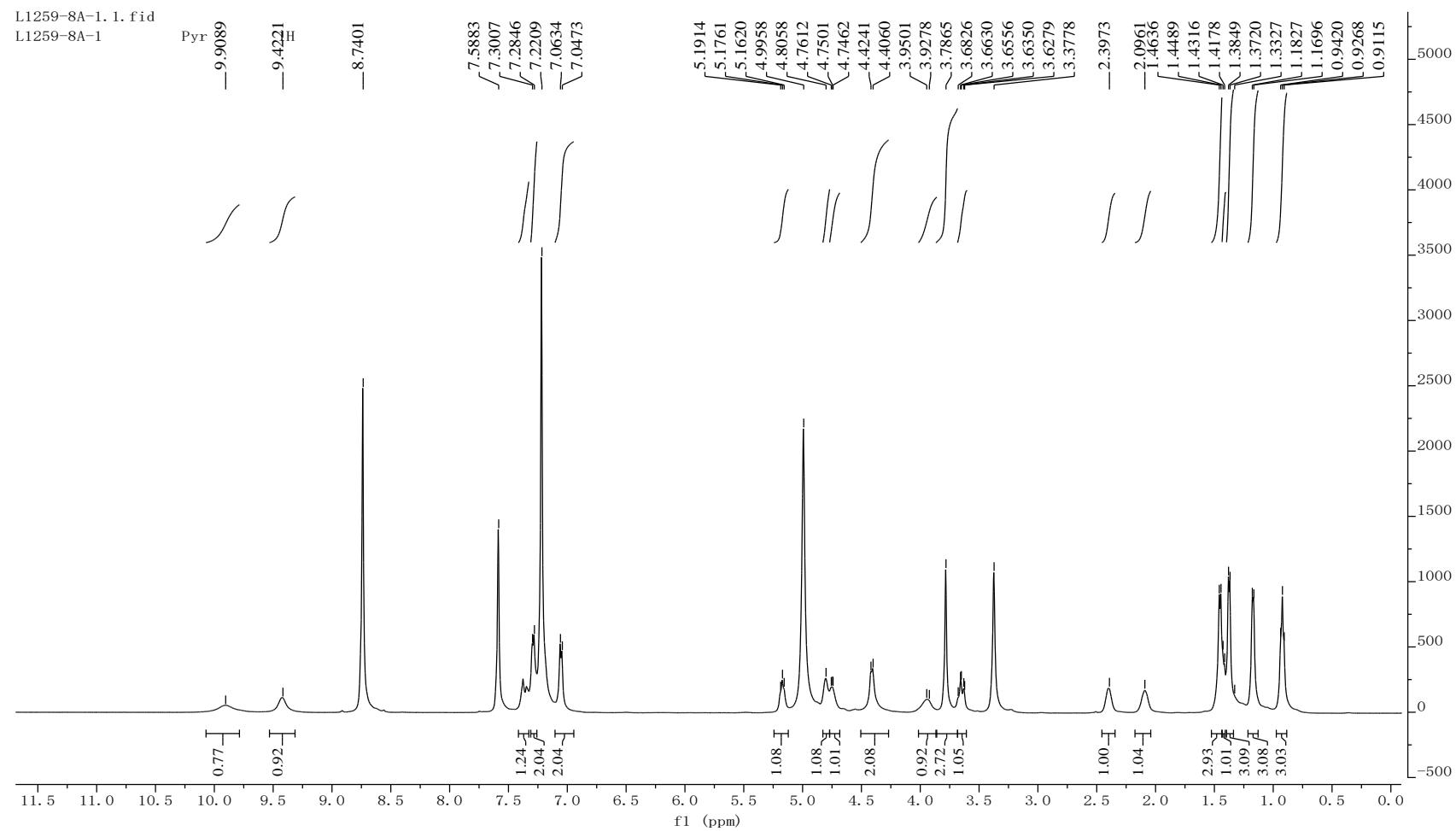
**Figure S11.** HSQC spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub>



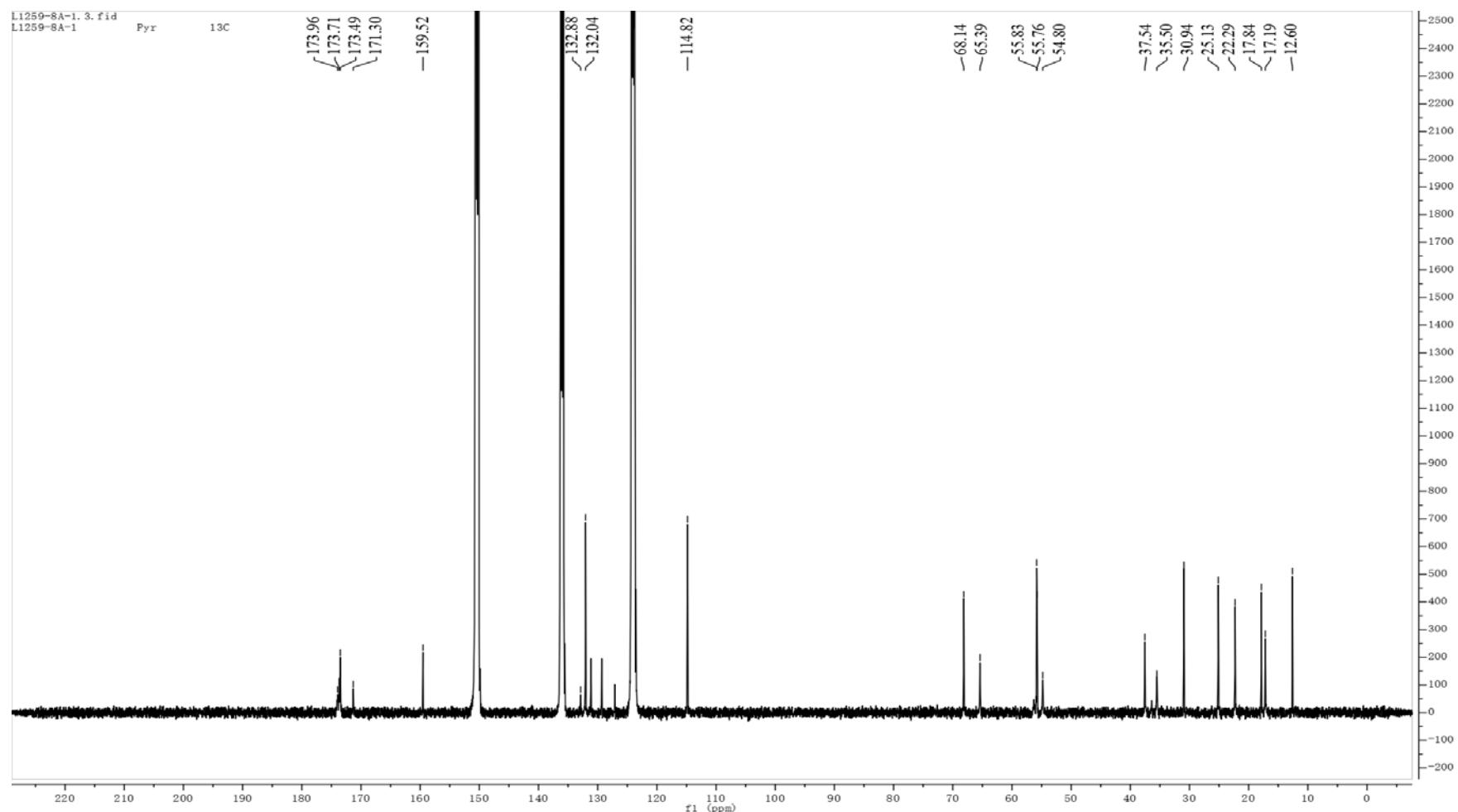
**Figure S12.** HMBC spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub>



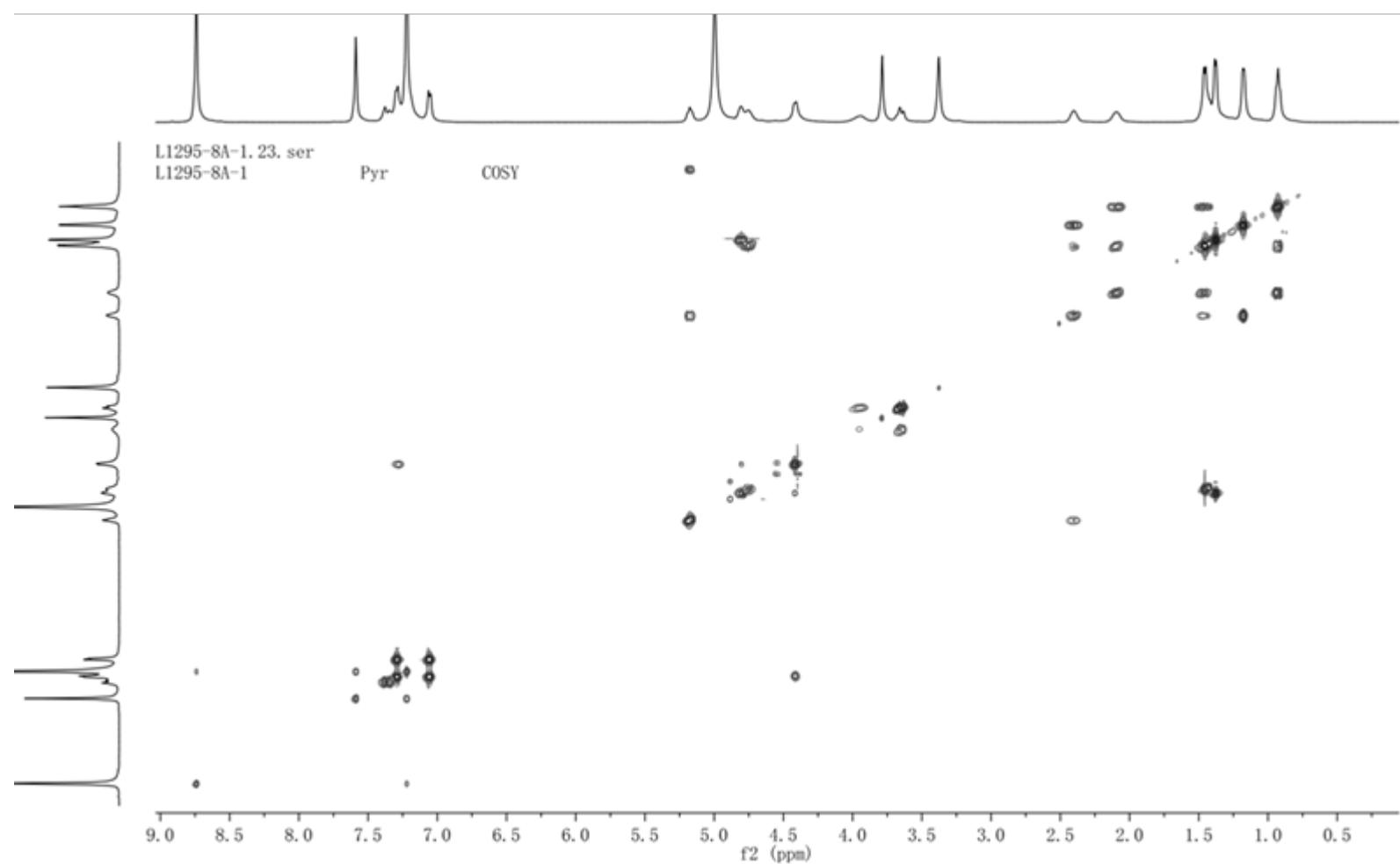
**Figure S13.** NOESY spectrum of westertide A (**1**) in Pyridine-*d*5



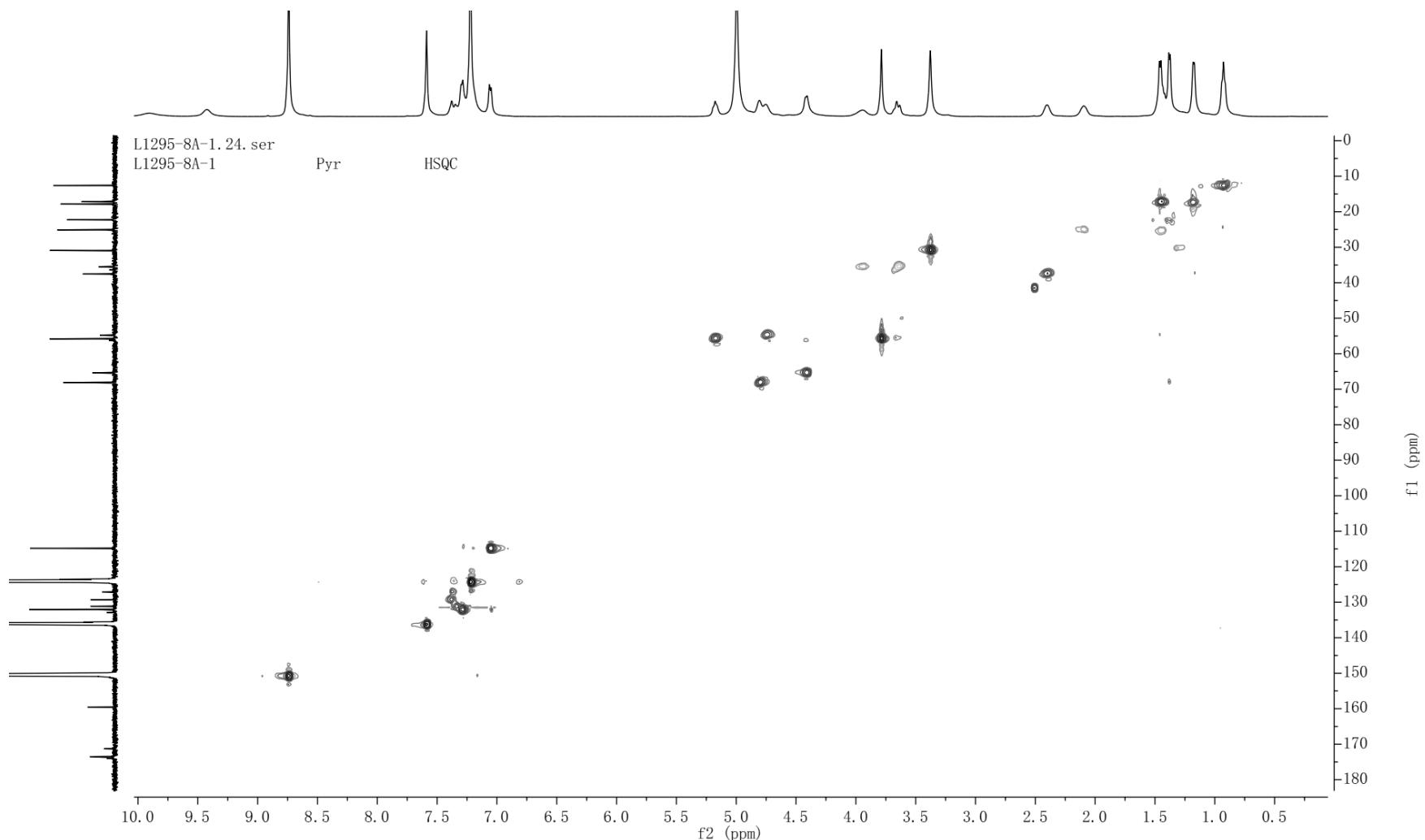
**Figure S14.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of westertide B (**2**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub> (500 MHz)



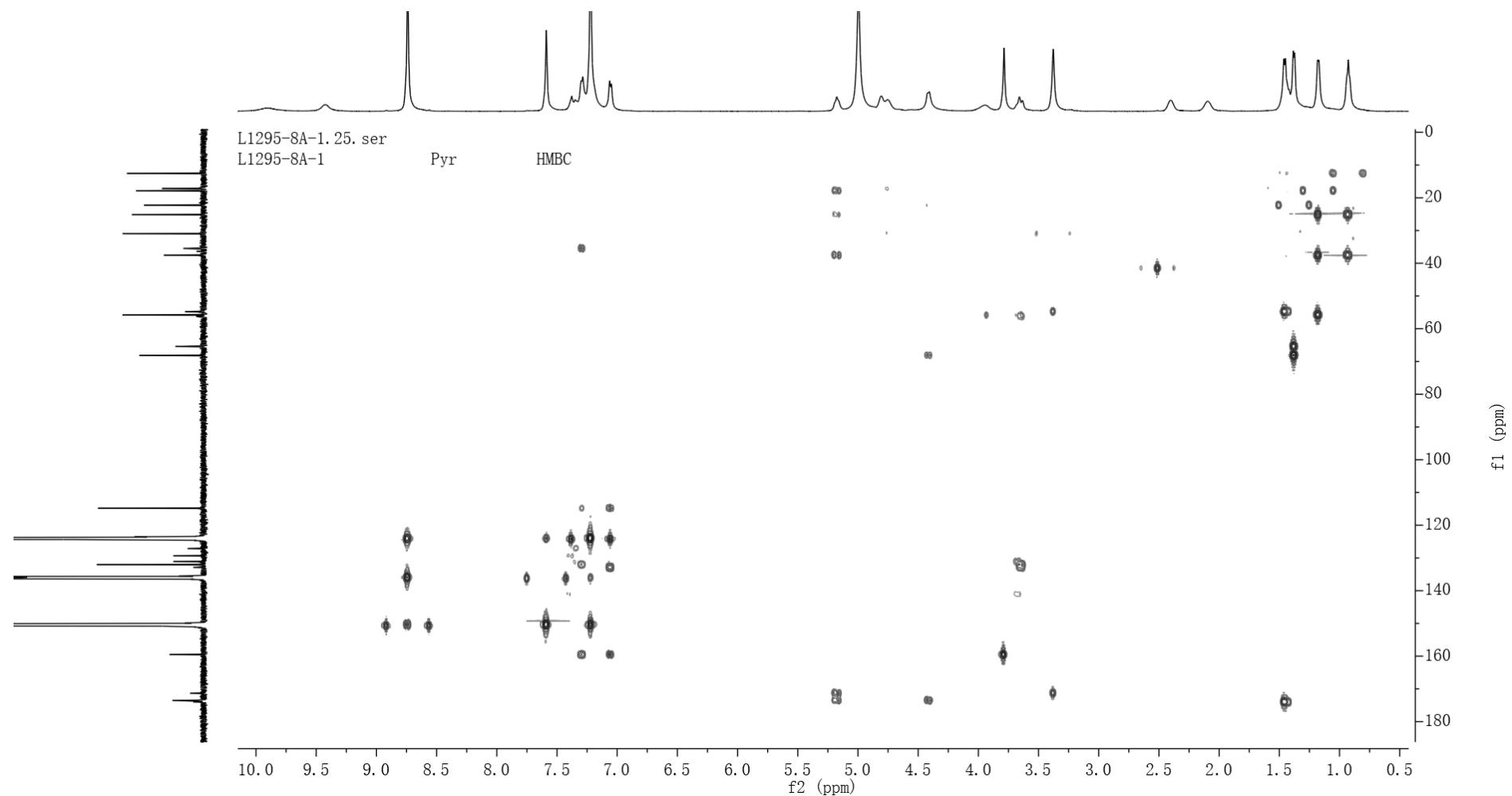
**Figure S15.**  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of westertide B (**2**) in Pyridine- $d_5$  (125 MHz)



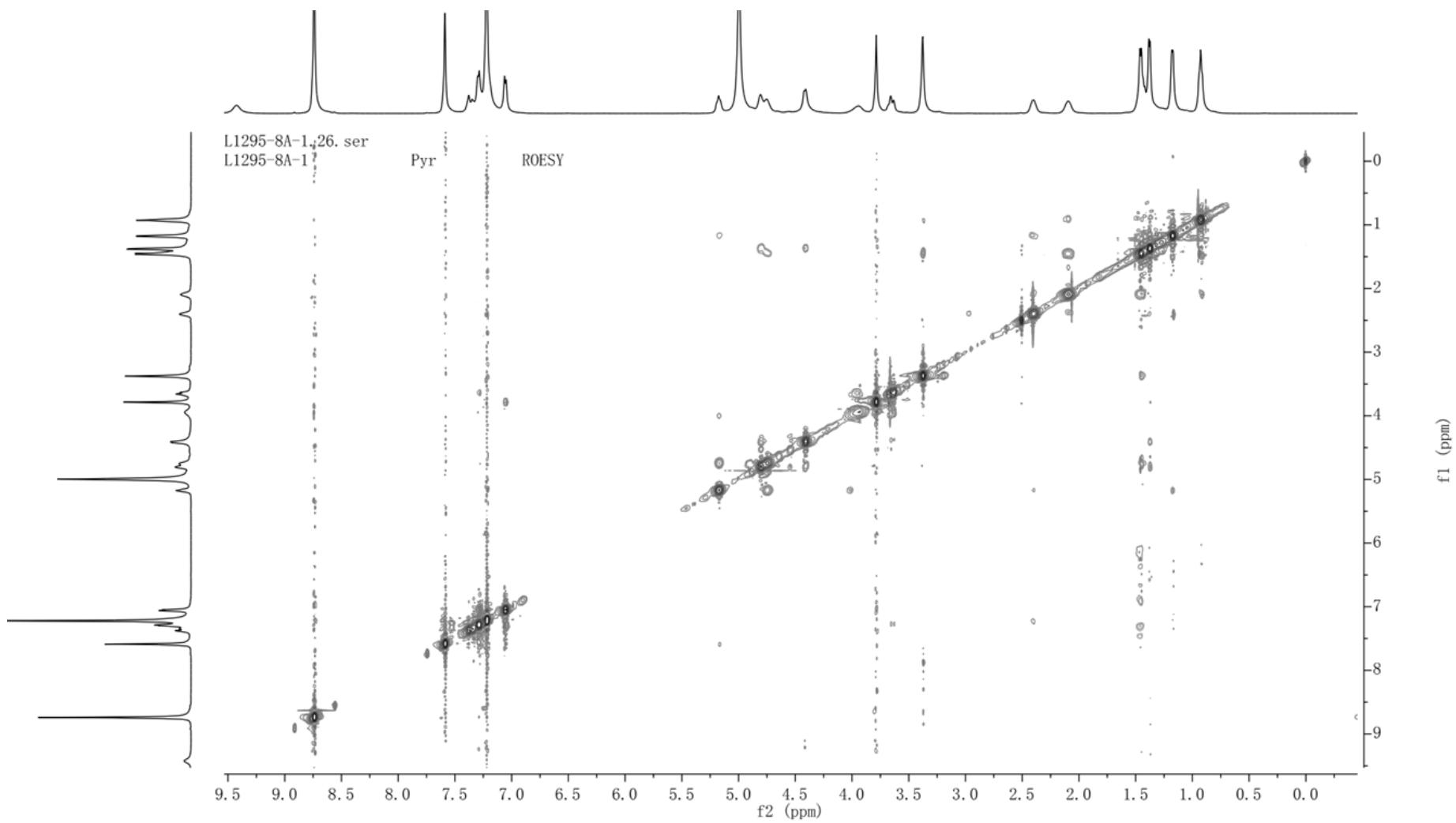
**Figure S16.**  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY spectrum of westertide B (2) in Pyridine- $d_5$



**Figure S17.** HSQC spectrum of westertide B (**2**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub>



**Figure S18.** HMBC spectrum of westertide B (**2**) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub>



**Figure S19.** NOESY spectrum of westertide B (2) in Pyridine-*d*<sub>5</sub>