

Supplementary Materials

Theranostic Small-Molecule Prodrug Conjugates for Targeted Delivery and Controlled Release of Toll-like Receptor 7 Agonists

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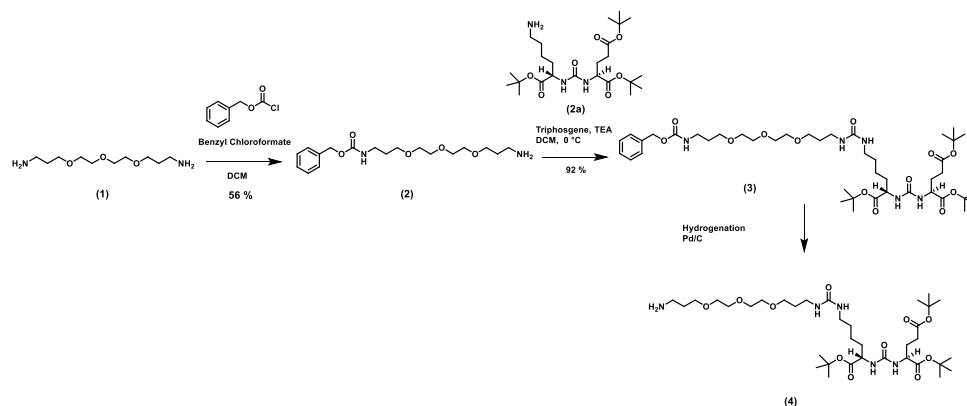
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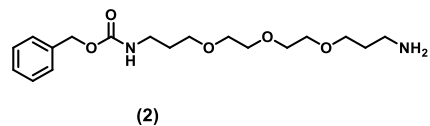
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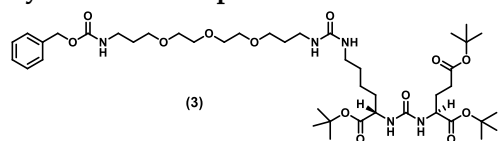
Scheme S1. Synthesis of compound NH₂-PEG₃-Lys-Urea-Glu (t-butyl protected) (4).

Synthesis of compound S2



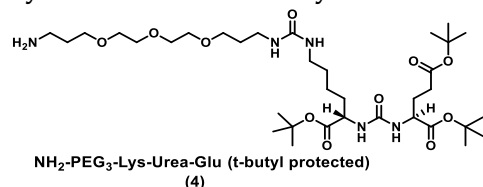
4,7,10-Trioxa-1,13-tridecanediamin (10.52 mL, 48 mmol) was diluted in 150 mL CH₂Cl₂ under nitrogen at 0 °C. Then the mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 20 minutes, followed by the addition of benzoyl chloroformate (853 μ L, 6 mmol) solution in 20 ml THF. Stirring was continued at room temperature for 16 h. CH₂Cl₂ layer was extracted from water and concentrated in a rotary evaporator. Pure compound was isolated as a colorless syrup from silica gel column chromatography, 20 % methanol in CH₂Cl₂ solvent mixture (1.2 g, 56%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.32 (m, 5H), 5.61 (s, 2H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 3.57-3.52 (m, 10H), 3.29 (s, 2H), 2.78 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 2H), 1.76-1.68 (m, 4H). Figure S1.

Synthesis of compound S3

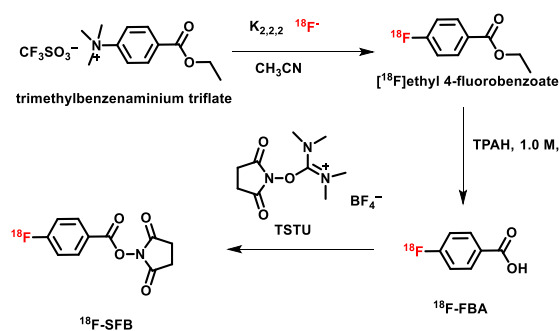


Compound **2** (198 mg, 0.56 mmol) and triphosgene (70 mg, 0.23 mmol) were diluted in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) at 0 °C under nitrogen and then Et₃N (150 mg, 1.5 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h to allow isocyanate formation, followed by the addition of compound **2a** (300 mg, 0.61 mmol) in Et₃N (80 mg, 0.8 mmol) and CH₂Cl₂ (3 mL). Stirring was continued at room temperature for 16 h, and then the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl (30 mL). The organic layer was concentrated into a yellow syrup, which was purified by flash column chromatography, eluting with a 5 % MeOH in CH₂Cl₂ solvent mixture to provide compound **3** as a clear colorless syrup (450 mg, 92%). MS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₄₃H₇₃N₅O₁₃: 867.52; found: 868.54 ([M + H]⁺, Figure S2).

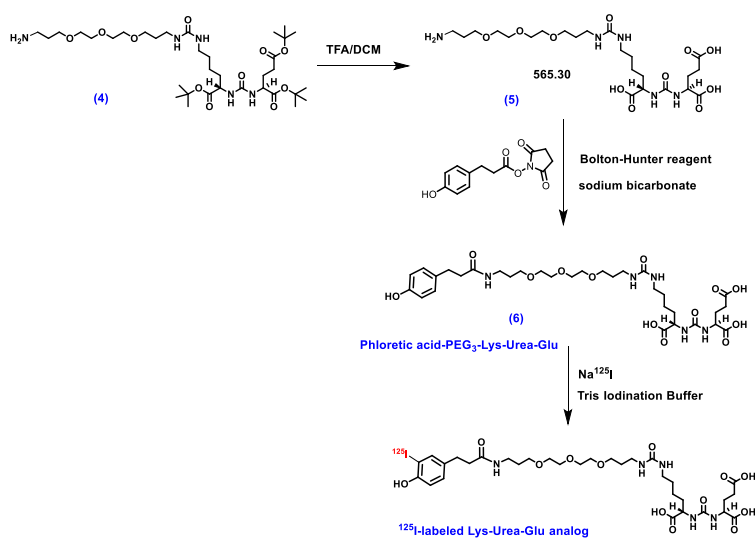
Synthesis of NH₂-PEG₃-Lys-Urea-Glu (t-butyl protected), **4**



Compound **3** (0.26 g, 0.3 mmol) was diluted in EtOAc (15 mL) and degassed for 5 min with nitrogen, followed by the addition of 10% Pd on activated charcoal (30 mg), and the mixture was degassed for another 5 min. The mixture was hydrogenated at room temperature with a hydrogen balloon for 36 h and was then filtered and washed with EtOAc through a Celite pad. The solution was concentrated to provide a syrup which was purified by flash column chromatography, eluting with a 10% gradient of MeOH in CH₂Cl₂, to give the compound **4** as a clear colorless syrup (0.19 g, 86%). MS (ESI) *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₆₇N₅O₁₁: 733.48; found: 734.51 ([M + H]⁺, Figure S3, SI). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.02-7.77 (m, 4H), 4.31-4.18 (m, 2H), 3.77-3.45 (m, 14H), 3.29-3.10 (m, 6H), 2.39-2.28 (m, 2H), 2.12-1.93 (m, 4H), 1.85-1.66 (m, 4H), 1.58-1.33 (m, 27H), 1.31-1.22 (m, 2H), Figure S4.

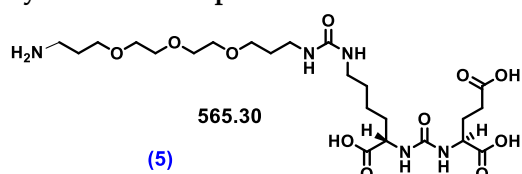


Scheme S2. Synthesis of [¹⁸F]N-Succinimidyl 4-fluorobenzoate, [¹⁸F]SFB.



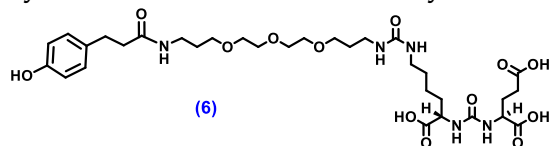
Scheme S3. Synthesis of ^{125}I -labeled Lys-Urea-Glu analog.

Synthesis of compound S5



Compound 4 (73 mg, 0.1 mmol) was dissolved in DCM (2 mL), and trifluoroacetic acid (2.0 mL) was added to this solution under nitrogen (N_2). The reaction mixture was then stirred for 6 h, and product formation was monitored via ESI-MS. The reaction solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure in a rotary evaporator to afford a crude product which was then purified by a reversed phase HPLC (10% Acetonitrile/90% H_2O to 40% Acetonitrile/60% H_2O over 14 min, all solvent contained 0.1% TFA). Pure fractions from HPLC were combined from multiple single injections and lyophilized to produce compound 5 as a sticky liquid (39 mg, 70%). MS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{43}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{11}$: 565.30; found: 566.37 ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$, Figure S5).

Synthesis of Phloretic acid-PEG₃-Lys-Urea-Glu, S6



Compound 5 (29 mg, 0.05 mmol) was diluted in a 1:1 mixture of acetone and water (2 mL) under nitrogen, and Bolton-Hunter reagent precursor (16 mg, 0.06 mmol) was added to this solution. Then the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 minutes, followed by the addition of NaHCO_3 (16.8 mg, 0.20 mmol). Stirring was continued for 12 h at room temperature. The crude reaction mixture was then purified by a reversed phase HPLC (10% Acetonitrile/90% H_2O to 60% Acetonitrile/40% H_2O over 15 min; all solvents contained 0.1% TFA). Pure fractions from HPLC were combined together from multiple single injections and lyophilized to produce compound 6 as a white solid (22 mg, 61%). MS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{51}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{13}$: 713.35; found: 714.42 ($[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$, Figure S6, SI). ^1H NMR (400 MHz, D_2O): δ 7.14 (d, $J=8.52$, 2H), 6.85 (d, $J=8.52$,

2H), 4.30-4.13 (m, 2H), 3.70-3.47 (m, 10H), 3.24-3.04 (m, 8H), 2.90-2.80 (m, 2H), 2.55-2.45 (m, 4H), 2.23-2.11 (m, 1H), 2.04-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.64 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.32 (m, 6H), Figure S7, SI. ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, D_2O): δ 177.22, 175.51, 160.53, 159.23, 155.00, 153.78, 151.10, 132.12, 129.75, 115.27, 69.49, 69.44, 69.24, 69.21, 68.44, 67.95, 53.22, 52.62, 39.48, 37.59, 36.91, 35.90, 30.61, 30.48, 30.01, 29.01, 28.62, 28.01, 26.25, 22.18, Figure S8.

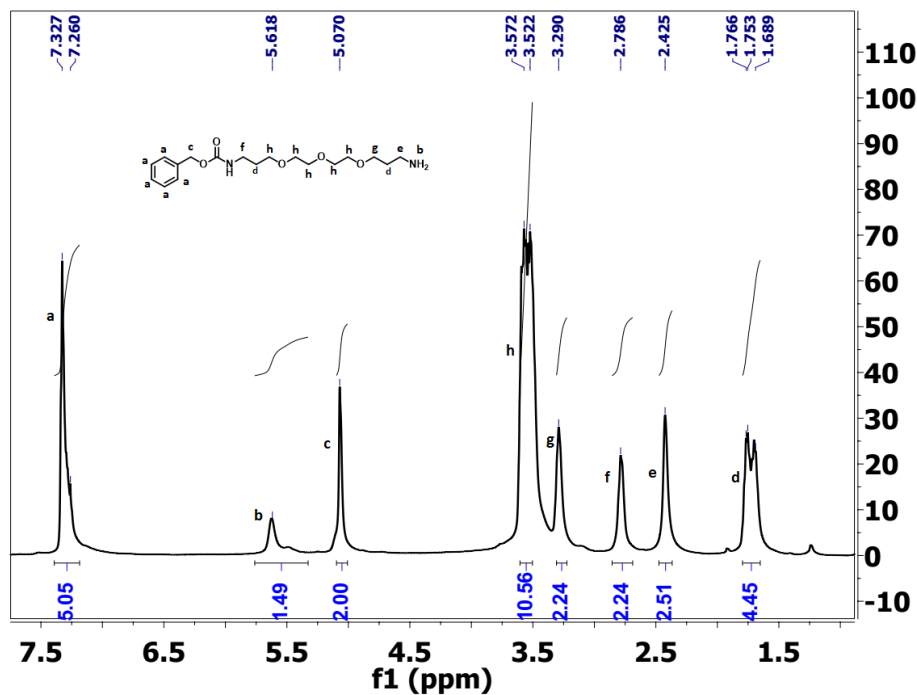


Figure S1 ^1H NMR of compound 2.

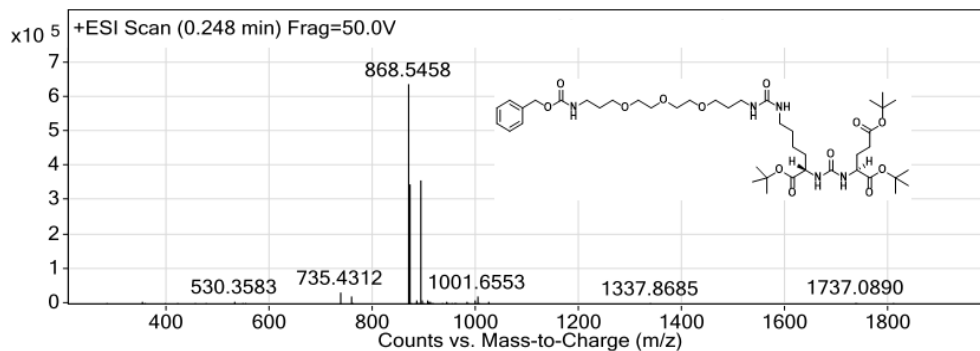


Figure S2 MS (ESI) of compound 3.

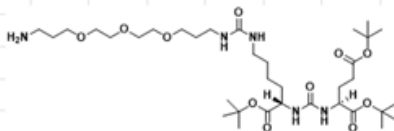


Figure S4 ^1H NMR of compound **4**.

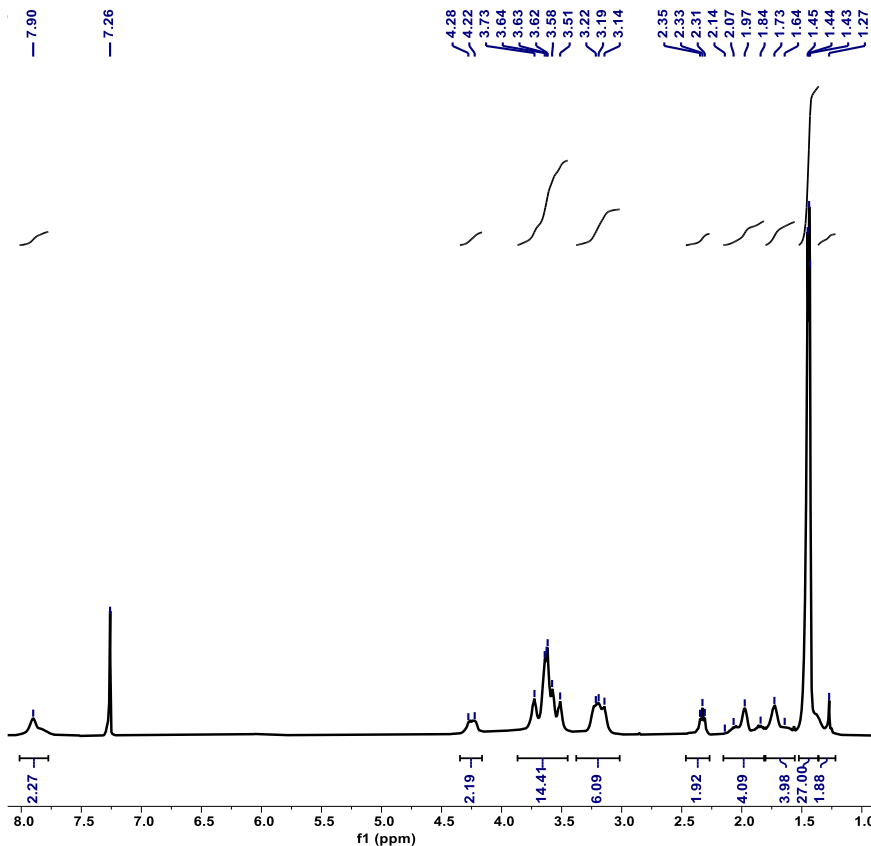


Figure S7 ^1H NMR of compound 6.

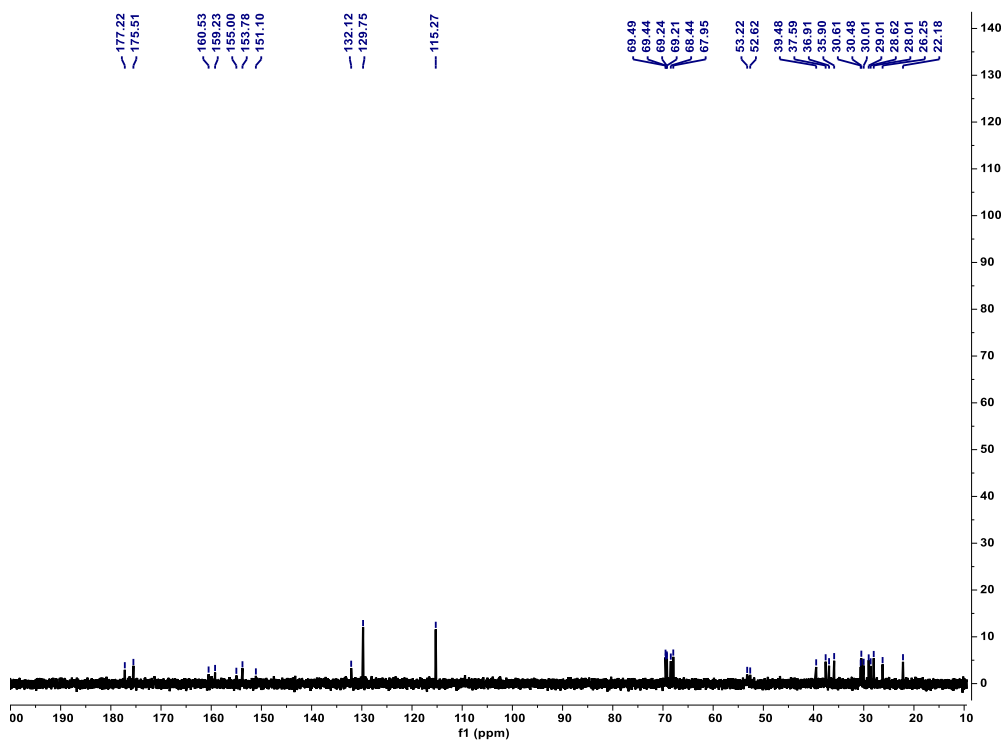


Figure S8 ^{13}C NMR of compound 6.

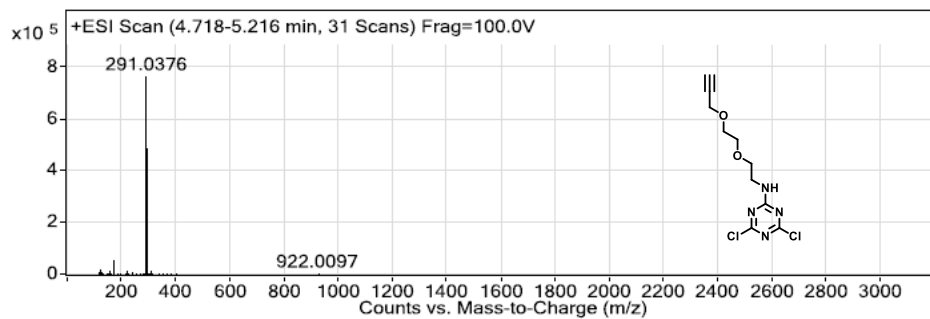


Figure S9 MS (ESI) of compound TZ-PEG₂-PROP.

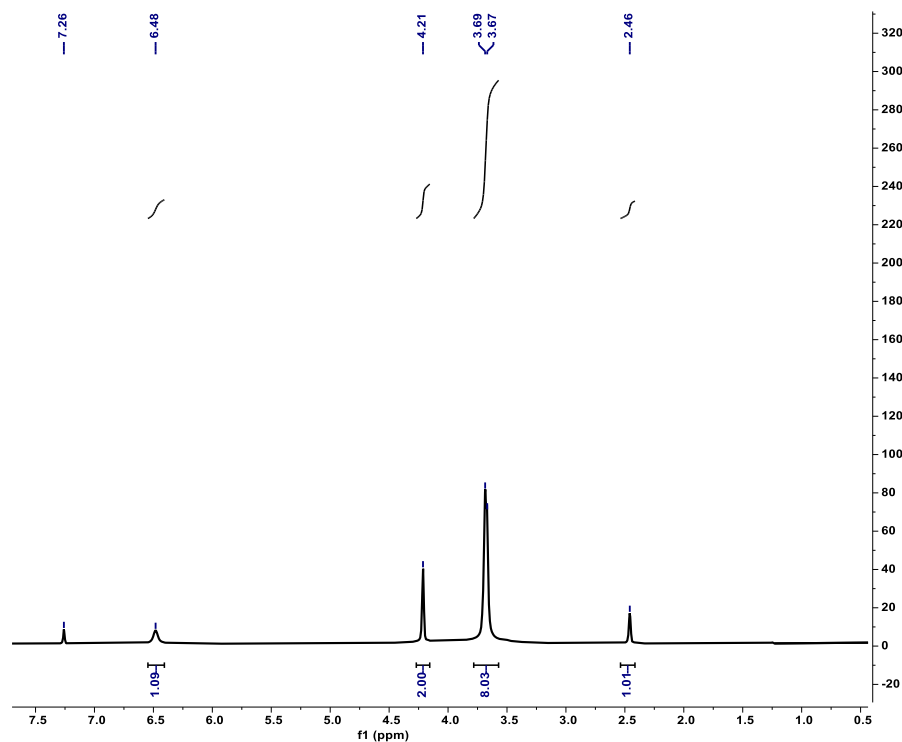


Figure S10 ¹H NMR of compound TZ-PEG₂-PROP.

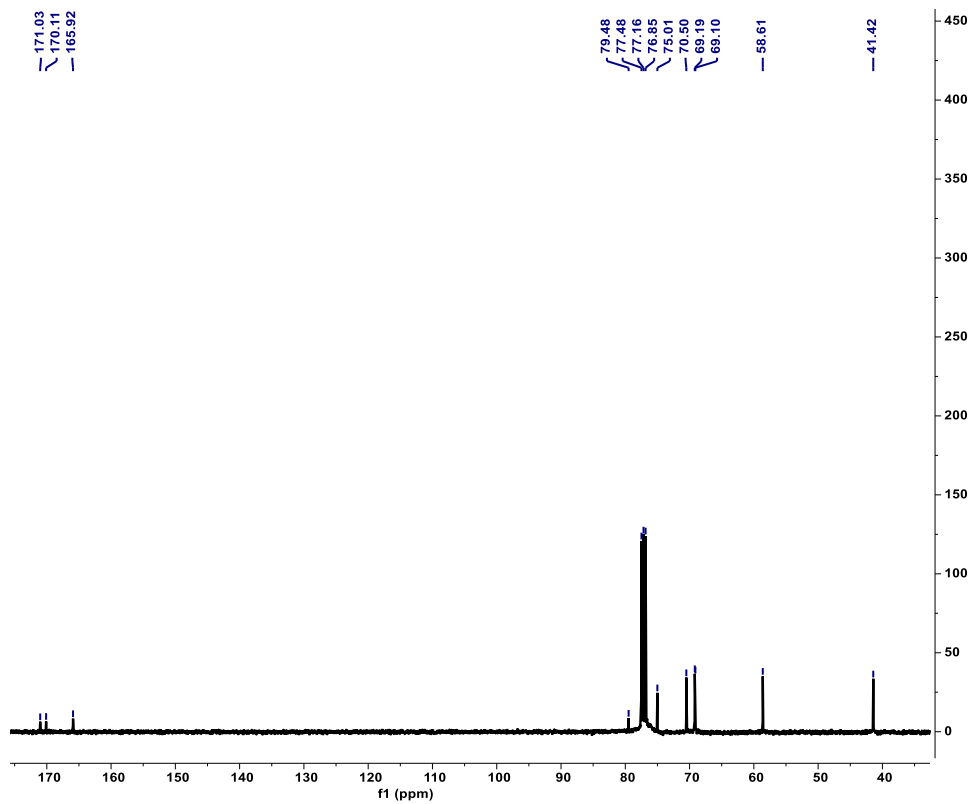


Figure S11 ¹³C NMR of compound TZ-PEG₂-PROP.

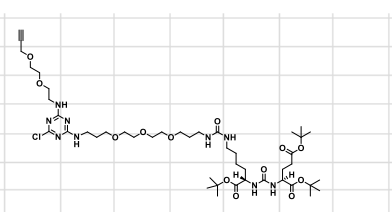


Figure S12 MS (ESI) of compound TZ(PEG₃-Lys-Urea-Glu)-PEG₂-PROP (t-butyl protected).

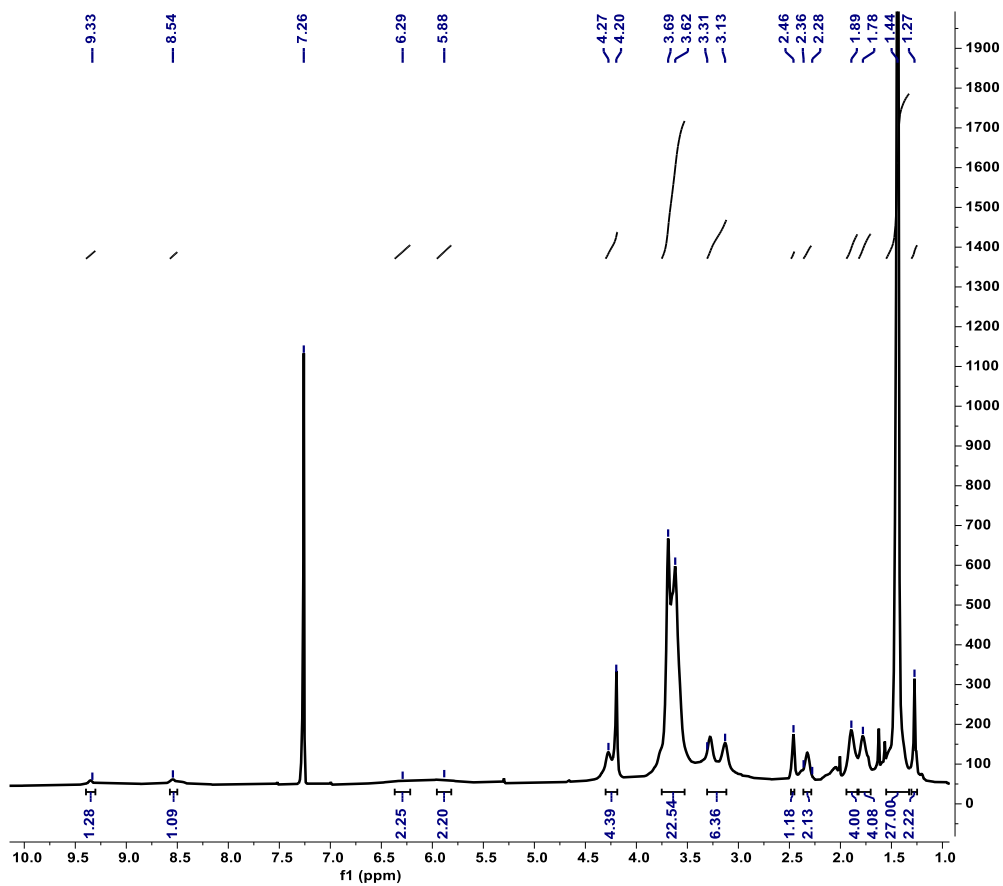
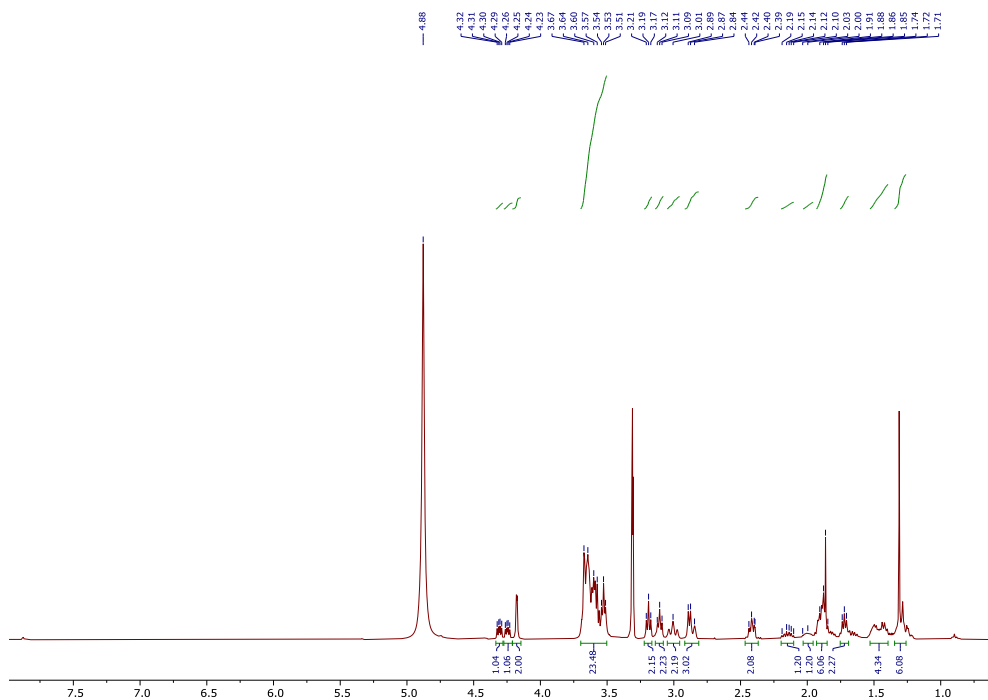
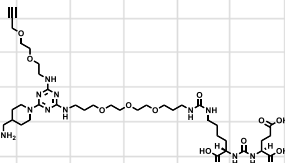
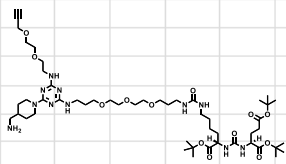


Figure S13 ^1H NMR of compound TZ(PEG₃-Lys-Urea-Glu)-PEG₂-PROP (t-butyl protected).



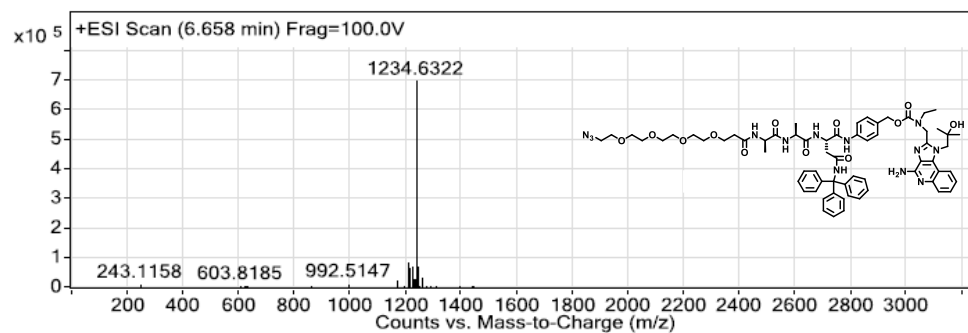


Figure S17 MS (ESI) of compound Azido-PEG₄-LEGU-GARD.

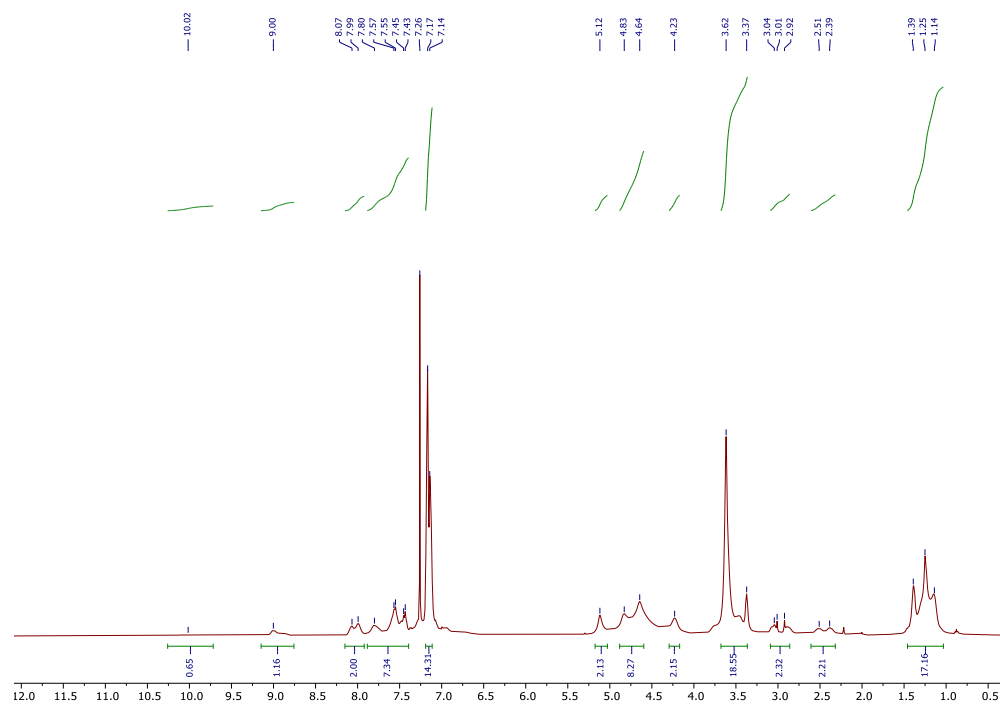


Figure S18 ¹H NMR of compound Azido-PEG₄-LEGU-GARD.

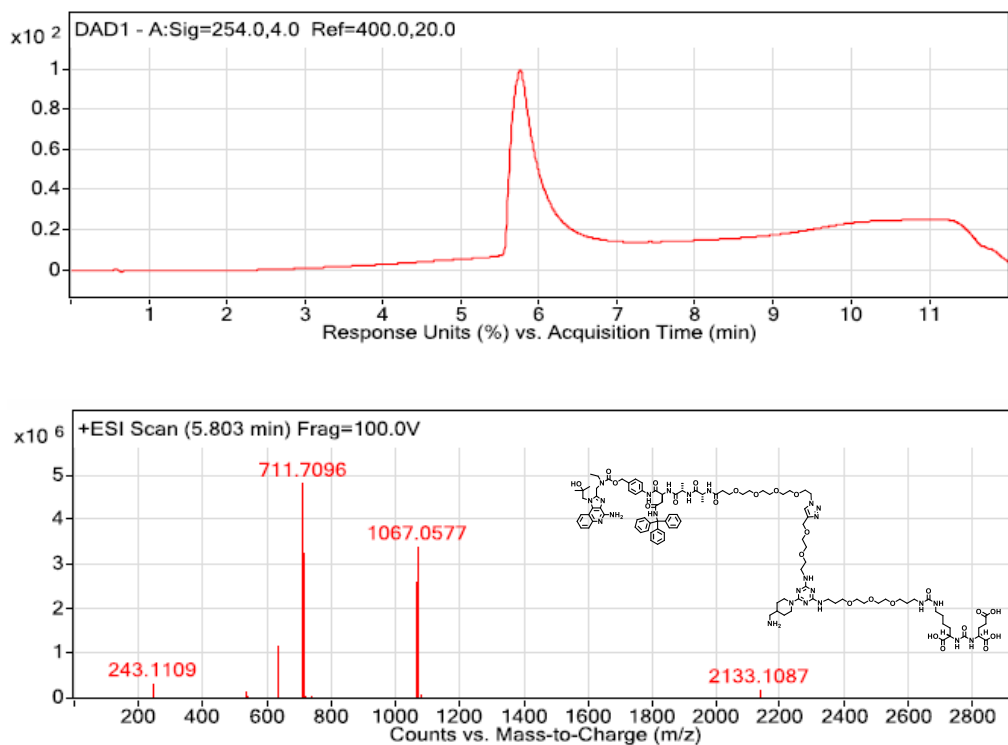


Figure S19 MS (ESI) of compound AMP-TZ(Lys-Urea-Glu)-PEG₆-LEGU-GARD.

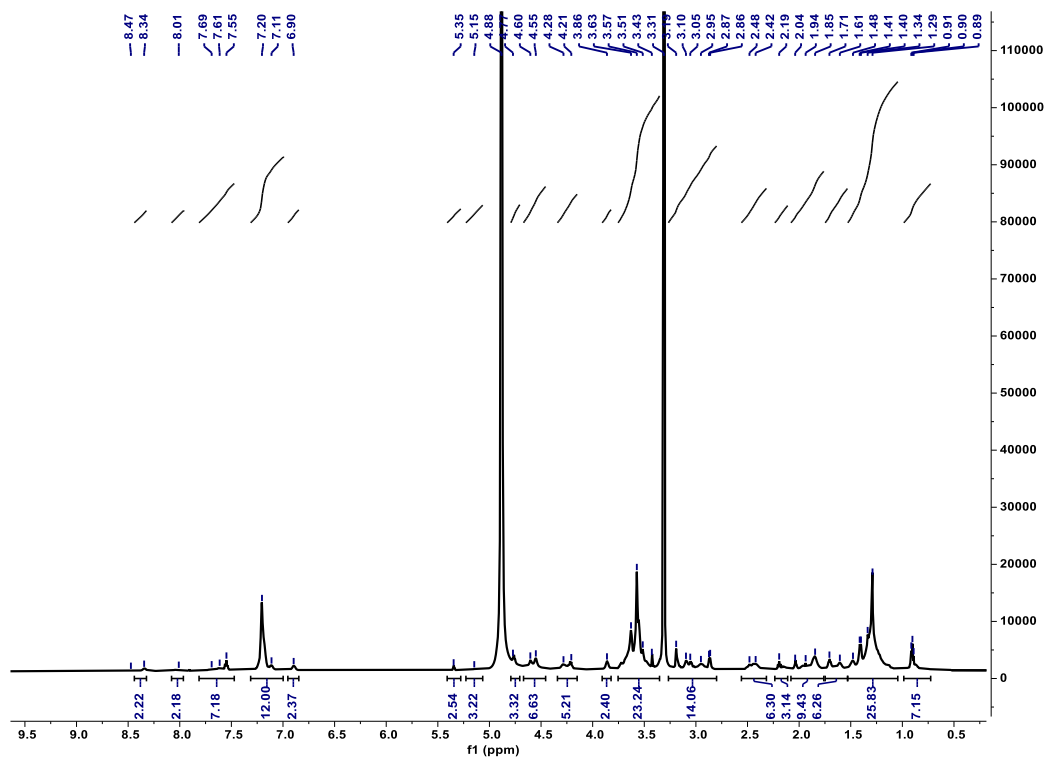


Figure S20 ¹H NMR of compound AMP-TZ(Lys-Urea-Glu)-PEG₆-LEGU-GARD

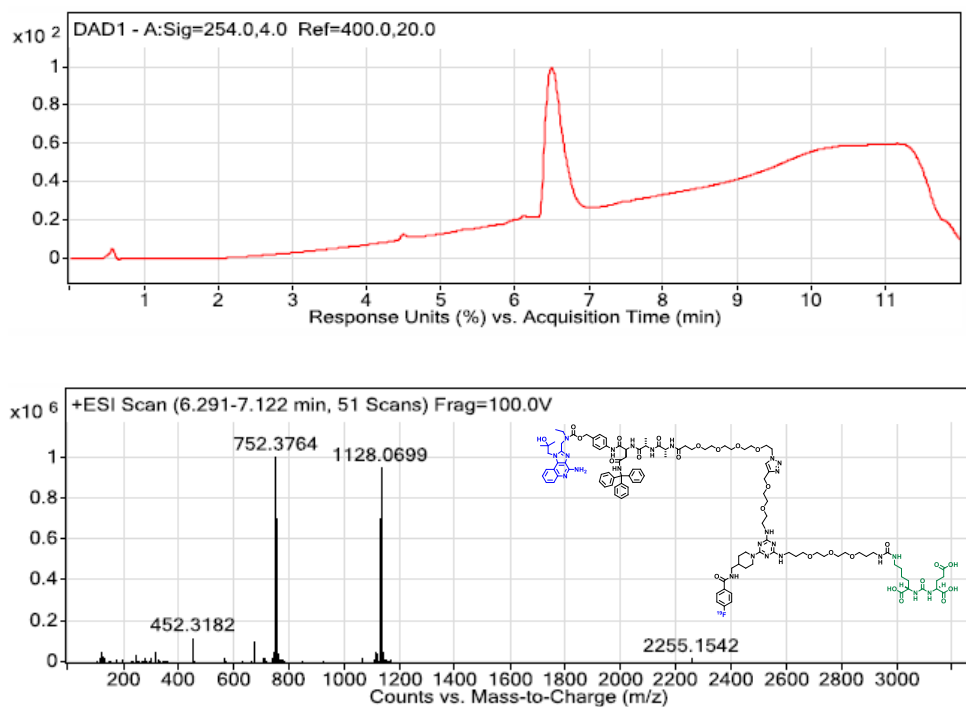


Figure S21 MS (ESI) of compound [19F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7.

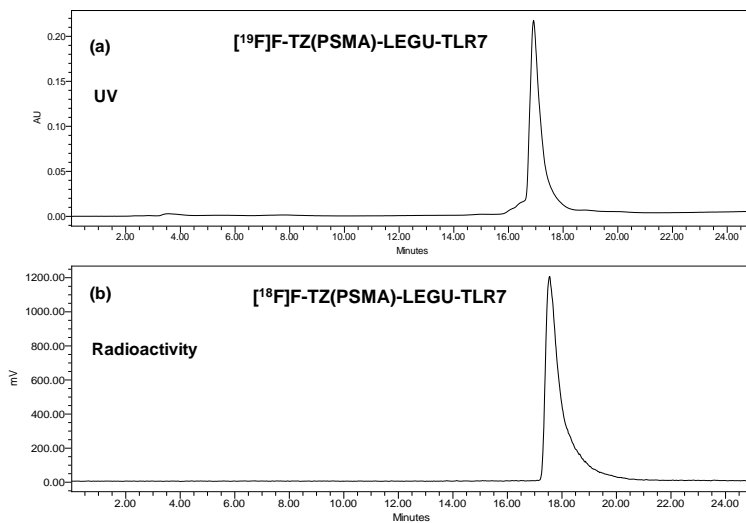


Figure S22. Chemical identity of radiolabeled product [18F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7 with standard [19F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7. HPLC chromatograms of [19F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7 (a) and [18F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7 (b).

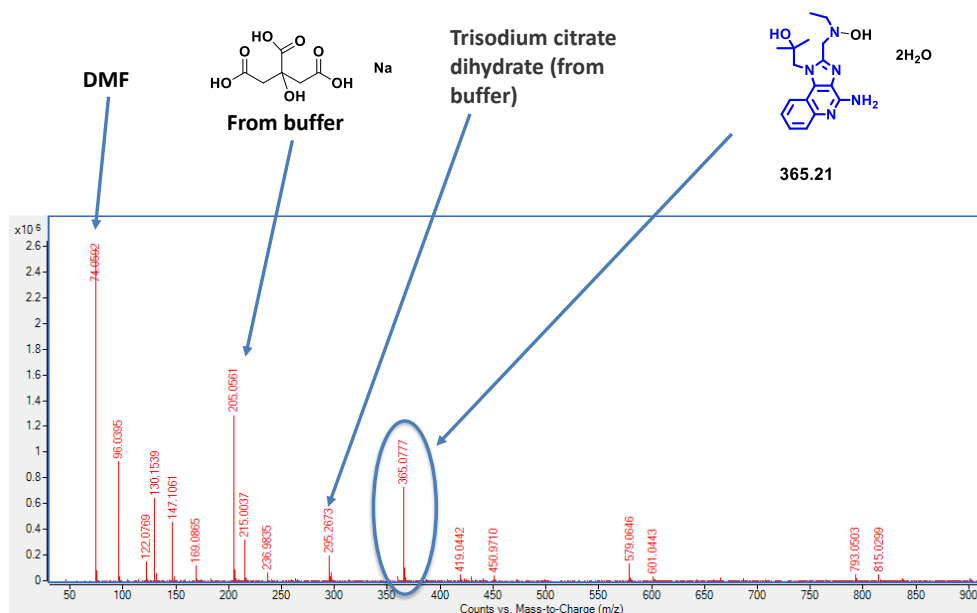


Figure S23. MS (ESI) of legumain treated conjugate [^{19}F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7.

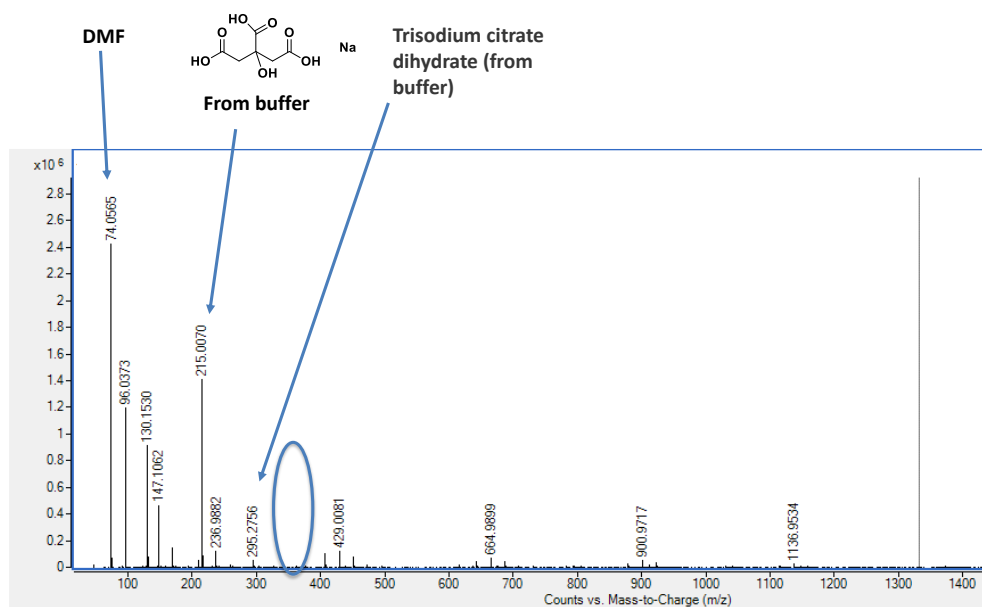


Figure S24. MS (ESI) of legumain untreated conjugate [^{19}F]F-TZ(PSMA)-LEGU-TLR7.