

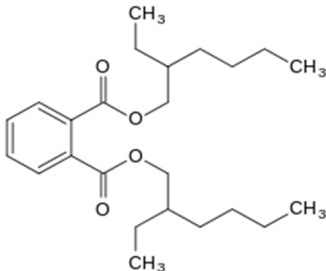
# The Use of an Ultrasonic Field in Support of Classical Methods of Oxidising Component Leached from Microplastics in Bottom Sediments

Małgorzata Kida<sup>1</sup>, Sabina Ziembowicz, Piotr Koszelnik

**Table S1. World production and consumption of DEHP**

Location	Year	Production/use thousand tons/year	Literature
EU	–	500	Magdouli et al., 2013
Western Europe	1997	595	Roslev et al., 2007
	1999	476	
	2004	221	
Canada	1991	10	Minister of Supply and Services Canada, 1994
Japan	–	204	Magnusalnervik et al., 1997
Germany	–	144	Magnusalnervik et al., 1997
USA	2006	45-230	Tecnon Orbichem, 2007
China	2006–2007	305-340	Tecnon Orbichem, 2007

**Table S2. Physicochemical properties of DEHP [Peijnenburg and Struijs, 2006; Net et al., 2015]**

Physicochemical properties	Unit	DEHP	Structural formula
<i>Chemical formula</i>		C <sub>24</sub> H <sub>38</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	
<i>Molecular weight</i>	g/mol	390.54	
<i>Vapor pressure at 200°C</i>	hPa	1.6	
<i>Vapor pressure at temperature 20°C</i>	Pa	3.4·10 <sup>-5</sup>	
<i>Water solubility</i>	mg/dm <sup>3</sup>	2.49·10 <sup>-3</sup>	
<i>Color</i>		colorless	
<i>Physical state at temperature 20°C</i>		oily liquid	
<i>Log K<sub>OW</sub></i>		7.73	
<i>Log K<sub>OA</sub></i>		10.53	
<i>Log K<sub>AW</sub></i>		-2.8	
<i>K<sub>OC</sub></i>	dm <sup>3</sup> /kg	87 420–51·10 <sup>4</sup>	
<i>pK<sub>a</sub> (strongly alkaline environment)</i>		-6.7	
<i>H</i>	Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol	4.43	
<i>Density</i>	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	0.98	
<i>Boiling point</i>	°C	385	
<i>Melting temperature</i>	°C	-55	
<i>Flash-point</i>	°C	193	
<i>Temperature of self-ignition</i>	°C	400	

K<sub>OA</sub>–octanol-air partition, K<sub>OW</sub>–octanol–water partitioning, K<sub>AW</sub>–air–water partitioning, K<sub>OC</sub>–organic carbon partitioning, pK<sub>a</sub>–dissociation constant, H–Henry’s constant.

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Table S3. Occurrence of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in various environmental components

Matrix	Type	Location	DEHP [ng/dm <sup>3</sup> ]				Literature
			<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>average</i>	<i>median</i>	
<i>Drinking water</i>	tap water	Spain	-	-	445	-	Blanchard et al., 2013
		China	-	-	12, 487	-	Tang et al., 2012
		France	-	-	350	-	Blanchard et al., 2013
	bottled water	Spain	ND	1520	-	-	Guart et al., 2014
		Hungary	16	1700	-	-	Keresztes et al., 2013
		Canada	360	460	-	-	Cao et al., 2008
<i>Underground water</i>		Egypt	ND	298	104	67	Zaki et al., 2004
		Spain	-	5661	-	-	López-Roldán et al., 2004
<i>Rain</i>		Netherlands	0.69	1.7	-	-	Vethaak et al., 2005
<i>Air</i>		Shanghai, China	0.150	0.368	-	-	Wang et al., 2006
		Zhejiang, China	0.097	0.301	-	-	Wang et al., 2006
		Guangdong, China	0.112	0.250	-	-	Wang et al., 2006

ND – no data

Table S4. Occurrence of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in surface water

Type	Location	DEHP [µg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]				Literature
		<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>average</i>	<i>median</i>	
<b>River</b>	Veldwachters, South Africa	80	431	-	-	Olujimi et al., 2012
	Klang, Malaysia	3.1	64.3	-	-	Tan, 1995
	Yangtze River, China	12.07	2127	-	-	Zhang et al., 2018
	Rhône, France	0.04	0.407	-	-	Paluselli et al., 2017
	Somme, France	5.16	20.76	10.23	8.88	Net et al., 2014
	Jiulong, China	0.62	12.43	-	-	Li et al., 2017
	Yangtze River, China	0.01	54.7	-	-	Wang et al., 2008a
	Dam, Japan	ND	3.60	-	-	Suzuki et al., 2001

	Dommel, the Netherlands	0.9	5	-	3.2	Vethaak et al., 2005
	Kaweri, India	ND	0.822	-	-	Selvaraj et al., 2015
	Ebro, Muga, Fluvia, Ter, Besos, Llobregat, Spain	0.12	4.98	1.19	-	Sanchez-Avila et al., 2012
	Ebro, Spain	0.136	32.86	2.28	-	Catalan Water Agency, 2011
	Wangyang, China	0.26	0.94	0.48	0.43	Zhang et al., 2015
	Rivers of the Eastern Cape, South Africa	0.06	2306	-	-	Fatoki and Noma, 2002
	Rhine, Germany	25	36	-	-	Fromme et al., 2002
	Supraśl, Polska	-	8.67	1.04	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Horodnianska, Poland	-	1.63	0.81	-	GIOŚ, 2016
		-	-	1.78	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Czarna, Poland	-	0.66	0.24	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Liza, Poland	-	0.98	0.23	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Mała Panew, Poland	-	0.40	-	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Łukawica, Poland	-	-	0.3	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Biała, Poland	-	-	3.22	-	GIOŚ, 2016
<b>Lake</b>	15 lakes in the city of Guangzhou, China	0.237	1.60	-	-	Zeng et al., 2008a
	Tuczno, Poland	-	-	0.29	-	GIOŚ, 2013
		-	-	0.65	-	GIOŚ, 2014
	Kłeckie, Poland	-	-	0.65	-	GIOŚ, 2014
	Skąpe, Poland	-	-	0.405	-	GIOŚ, 2014

ND – no data

**Table S5. Occurrence of di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in bottom sediments**

Type	Location	DEHP [mg/kg d.w.]				Literature
		<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>average</i>	<i>median</i>	
<b>River</b>	Meuse, Rhine, Scheldt, the Netherlands	0.123	7.6	0.6	-	Vethaak et al., 2005
	Wangyang, China	0.161	0.465	0.307	0.304	Zhang et al., 2015
	Yellow River, China	6.35	259	-	45.7	Sha et al., 2007
	Klang, Malaysia	0.49	15.0	-	1.63	Tan, 1995
	Houjing, Taiwan	0.10	20.22	7.0	-	Lin et al., 2009
	Yangtze River, China	13.9	322	-	144	Wang et al., 2008b
	Pearl River, China	0.415	29.5	-	1.46	Liu et al., 2014
	Ogun, Nigeria	0.02	0.82	0.172	0.05	Adeniyi et al., 2011
	Trent, UK	0.84	31.0	-	-	Long et al., 1998
	Aire, UK	7.89	115.2	26.63	-	Long et al., 1998

<b>Lake</b>	Love, Salt, Canon, Taiwan	0.40	34.8	5.02	-	Chen et al., 2013
	Jiulong, China	0.053	1.28	0.35	0.19	Li et al., 2017
	Odra, Poland	-	-	1.19	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Paręta, Poland	-	-	1.94	-	GIOŚ, 2016
	Wu, China	-	-	202.3	-	Wang et al., 2008b
	East, China	-	-	323.5	-	Wang et al., 2008b
	Wielkie Dąbie, Poland	-	-	4.17	-	GIOŚ, 2016
				<0.1		GIOŚ, 2013
	Lubinieckie, Poland	-	-	1.20	-	GIOŚ, 2015

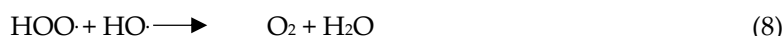
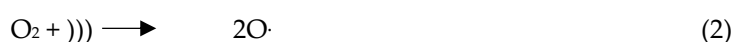
GIOŚ - Chief Inspectorate for Environmental Protection in Poland

**Table S6. Occurrence of di (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate in soil**

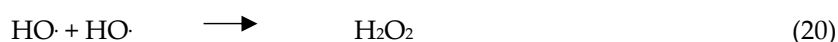
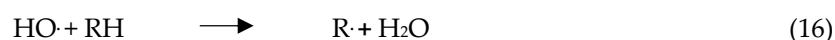
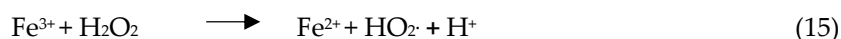
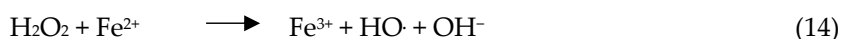
<b>Type</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>DEHP [mg/kg d.w.]</b>				<b>Literature</b>
		<i>min</i>	<i>max</i>	<i>average</i>	<i>median</i>	
<b>Area agricultural</b>	Guangzhou, China	0.180	29.37	4.09	0.308	Zeng et al., 2008b
	Spain	1	63	-	-	Plaza-Bolanos et al., 2012
	Shijiazhuang, China	0.066	0.263	0.143	0.132	Zhang et al., 2015
	Nanjing, China	0.240	4.18	0.184	0.194	Wang et al., 2015
	Yangtze River Delta, China	ND	9.19	0.546	0.349	Sun et al., 2013
	Amursko- Sungarian Plain, China	0.077	0.583	0.222	0.203	Wang et al., 2017
	Xinjiang, China	104	149	128.7	-	Guo and Wu, 2011
	France	-	-	0.242	-	Tran et al., 2015
	Czech Republic	0.16	1.02	-	-	Dankova et al., 2012
	Roskilde, Denmark	0.012	1.9	-	-	Vikelsøe et al., 2002
<b>Urban area</b>	UK	0.022	0.075	-	-	Gibson et al., 2005
	China	ND	6.22	0.821	0.562	Niu et al., 2014
	Guangzhou, China	1.41	264	63	31.9	Zeng et al., 2009
	Tianjin, China	0.028	4.17	0.618	0.099	Kong et al., 2012
	Scotland, Great Britain	0.025	1.596	0.162	0.110	Rhind et al., 2013
<b>Recreation area</b>	Novi Sad, Serbia	0.164	2.04	0.844	-	Škrbić et al., 2016
	Tianjin, China	0.043	0.801	0.179	0.125	Zhao et al., 2018
	Guangzhou, China	0.892	154	29.4	10.4	Zeng et al., 2009

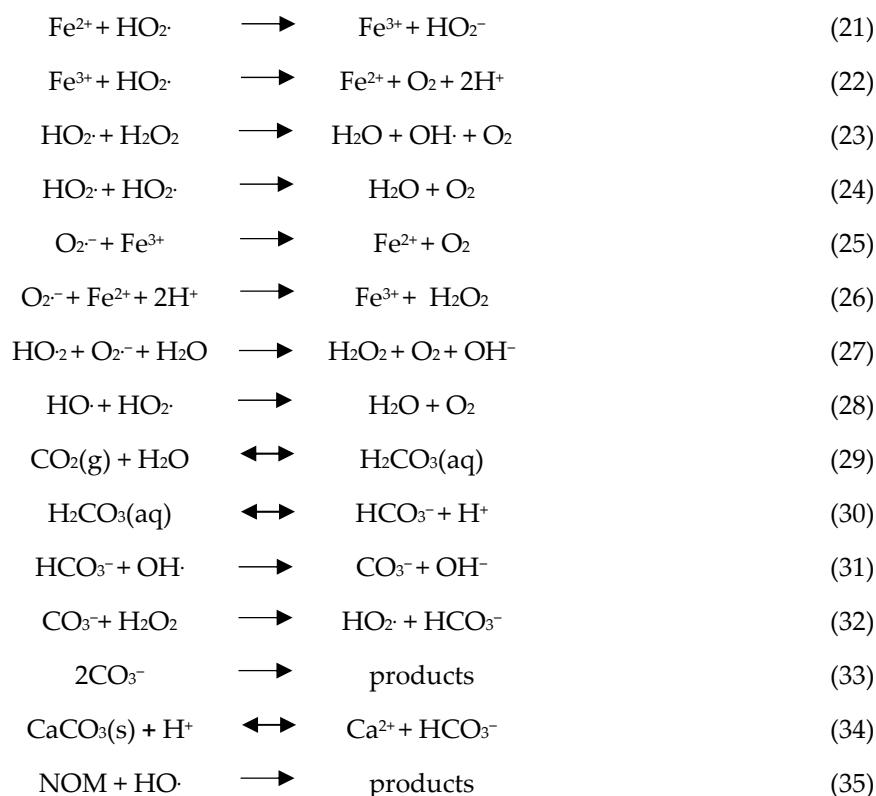
ND–no data

Cavitation bubbles appear as a result of local disruption of the medium under the influence of high tensile forces. During the operation of the ultrasonic field, cavitation bubbles increase their radius twice or more. Subsequently, they collapse rapidly, resulting in the release of a large amount of energy, resulting in a local increase in temperature and pressure. A sharp increase in pressure inside the bubble causes them to crack and the formation of a hydrodynamic shock wave. Extreme conditions are the reason for the thermal breakdown of water molecules, during which hydroxyl radicals are formed, which are the main source of so-called sonochemical reactions (reactions 1–13). This phenomenon significantly accelerates the course of chemical and physical reactions [Miłowska, 2007; Bogacki and Naumczyk, 2009].



Fenton's reaction is a complex process that involves many side reactions. In soil, bottom sediments, these reactions include basic radical initiation (reactions (14) and (15)), propagation (reactions (16) and (17)) and termination (reactions (18)–(20)), as well as reactions with intermediates (reactions (21)–(28)), with carbonate and bicarbonate ions (reactions (29)–(34)) and with natural organic matter (NOM) (reactions (35)) [Yap et al., 2011 ; Gan and Ng, 2012; Cheng et al., 2016].





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